



UGANDA POLICE FORCE

ANNUAL CRIME
REPORT
2023

A pair of silver handcuffs is positioned over the word 'REPORT'. The cuff on the right is closed and contains a small, colorful illustration of a rooster's head. The cuff on the left is open and hangs below the other.

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H.E. GEN. YOWERI KAGUTA MUSEVENI
PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA





THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA
MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS

Mission

To deliver internal security, law and order, peace and stability in Uganda where citizenship is protected and preserved.

Goal

Ensure adherence to the rule of law, peace and stability

Mandate

Guarantee Uganda's internal security, ensure law and order, peace and stability as well as citizen identification, protection and preservation



MAJ.GEN (RTD) KAHINDA OTAFIIRE
Minister of Internal Affairs



GEN.DAVID RUBAKUBA MUHOOZI
Minister of State for Internal Affairs



LT. GEN. JOSEPH MUSANYUFU
Permanent Secretary

TOP LEADERSHIP OF THE UGANDA POLICE FORCE



J.M. OKOTH-OKHOLA (ESQ)
Inspector General of Police (IGP)



MAJ. GEN. KATSIGAZI TUMUSIIME
Deputy Inspector General of Police (DIGP)



MAJ. GEN. ABEL KANDIHO
Chief of Joint Staff (CJS)



AGGREY WUNYI
Under Secretary Police



AIGP ABAS BYAKAGABA
Dir. Counter Terrorism



AIGP JESSE KAMUNAMWIRE
Dir. Human Resource Administration



AIGP JOSEPH MUGISA
Dir. Fire Prevention & Rescue Services



AIGP DR. MOSES BYARUHANGA
Dir. Police Health Services



AIGP GODFREY K. GOLOOBA
Dir. Human Resource Development



AIGP CHRISTOPHER DAMULIRA
Dir. Crime Intelligence



AIGP ERASMUS TWARUHUKWA
Dir. Human Rights & Legal Services



AIGP AKULLO GRACE
Dir. INTERPOL & Int'l Relations



AIGP TOM MAGAMBO
Dir. Criminal Investigations



AIGP RICHARD EDYEGU
Dir. Logistics & Engineering



AIGP JAMES OCAYA
Dir. Research, Planning & Development



AIGP CHARLES BIRUNGI
Dir. Welfare & Production



AIGP NUWAGIRA JOHN
Dir. Operations



AIGP FADHIL KAALI
Commander Field Force Police



SCP LAWRENCE NIWABIINE
Ag. Dir. Traffic & Road Safety



SCP NAMUTEBI HADIJAH
Ag. Dir. Chief Political Commissar



SCP YUSUF SSEWANYANA
Ag. Dir. ICT



ACP ANDREW MUBIRU
Ag. Dir. Forensic Services



SCP STEPHEN TANUI
Commander Kampala Metropolitan Police



SCP ENANGA FRED
PRO

Vision

A Professional and People-centered Police for a Safe and Secure Society.

Mission

To Secure Life and Property in Partnership with the Public in a Committed and Professional Manner in order to Promote Sustainable Development.


Mandate

The Uganda Police Force draws its mandate from the 1995 Constitution of the Republic of Uganda, Chapter Twelve, Article 212, which stipulates the functions of the force as follows:

- To protect life and property;
- To preserve law and order;
- To prevent and detect crime; and
- To cooperate with the civilian authority and other security organs established under this Constitution and with the population generally.

Head Office

P.O.Box 7055 Kampala
Tel: 0800199699 (Toll free)
0776999136 (Hotline)
999 or 112 (Emergency)

 Katalima Road, Naguru

 info@upf.go.ug

 www.upf.go.ug

 @PoliceUg

 @CID1_UG

Acronyms & Abbreviations

ADF	-	Allied Democratic Forces
IGP	-	Inspector General of Police
AFIS	-	Automated Fingerprint Information System
ASTU	-	Anti-Stock Theft Unit
AVIPOL	-	Aviation Police
CARBIS	-	Criminal Automated Biometric Information System
CCTV	-	Closed Circuit Television
CID	-	Criminal Investigations Directorate
CLO	-	Community Liaison Officer
CPS	-	Central Police Station
CT	-	Counter Terrorism
DPP	-	Director of Public Prosecutions
EDD	-	Explosive Detection Dog
eIB	-	Electronic Identification Bureau
ePIS	-	Electronic Policing Information System
EPS	-	Express Penalty Scheme
F/Y	-	Financial Year
GRSP	-	Global Road Safety Partnership
IBIS	-	Integrated Ballistic Information System
IGG	-	Inspector General of Government
KMP	-	Kampala Metropolitan
LPU	-	Land Protection Unit
ODPP	-	Office of Director of Public Prosecutions
RSA	-	Resident State Attorney
SAR	-	Semi-Automatic Rifle
UPF	-	Uganda Police Force
DIR	-	Director



MACRO ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE UGANDA POLICE FORCE

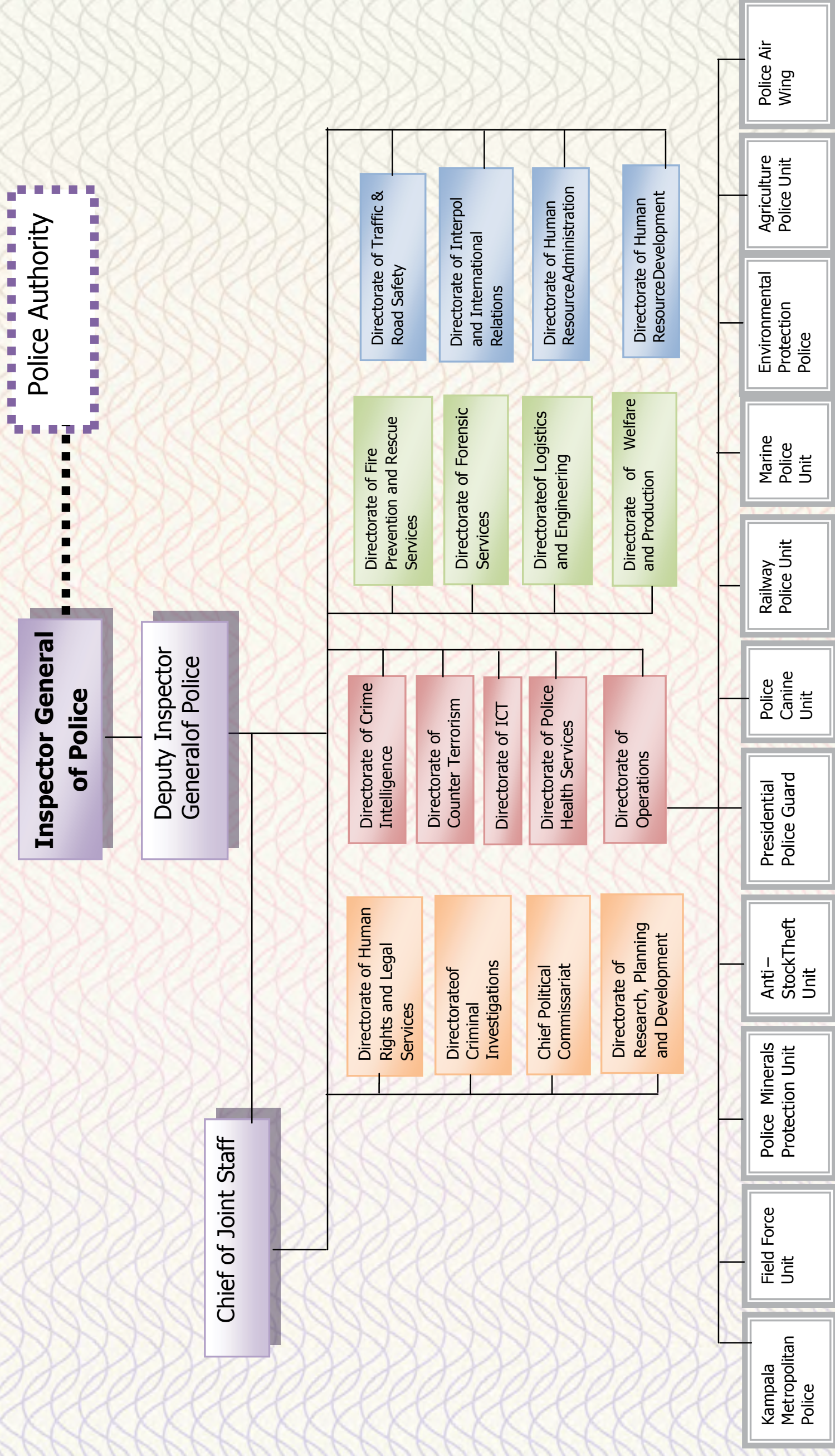




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POLICING REGIONS AND DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS

ALBERTINE

1. Buliisa
2. Hoima Rural
3. Hoima Central
4. Hoima East
5. Hoima West
6. Kagadi
7. Kakumiro
8. Kibaale
9. Kiryandongo
10. Masindi
11. Kikuube

ASWA WEST REGION

12. Omoro
13. Nwoya
14. Amuru
15. Gulu
16. Gulu City West
17. Gulu City East
18. Gulu Central

ASWA EAST REGION

19. Kitgum
20. Agago
21. Pader
22. Lamwo

BUKEDI NORTH

23. Budaka
24. Butebo
25. Kibuku
26. Pallisa

BUKEDI SOUTH

27. Busia
28. Butaleja
29. Tororo

BUSOGA EAST

30. Bugiri
31. Iganga
32. Mayuge
33. Namayingo
34. Namutumba
35. Bugweri

BUSOGA NORTH

36. Buyende
37. Kaliro
38. Kamuli
39. Luuka

EAST KYOGA

40. Amuria
41. Bukedea
42. Kaberamaido
43. Katakwi
44. Kapelebyong
45. Kumi
46. Ngora
47. Serere
48. Soroti Katine
49. Soroti Central
50. Soroti East
51. Soroti West
52. Kalaki

ELGON

53. Bududa
54. Bulambuli
55. Manafwa
56. Mbale Rural-Busoba
57. Mbale Northern Div
58. Mbale Industrial Div
59. Mbale Central
60. Namisindwa
61. Sironko

GREATER BUSHENYI

62. Buhweju
63. Bushenyi
64. Mitooma
65. Rubirizi
66. Sheema

KATONGA

67. Butambala
68. Gomba
69. Mpigi

GREATER MASAKA

70. Bukomansimbi
71. Kalangala
72. Kalungu
73. Lwengo
74. Lyantonde
75. Masaka City
76. Masaka Rural
77. Masaka CPS
78. Masaka Nyendo Div
79. Rakai
80. Sembabule
81. Kyotera

KIDEPO

82. Abim
83. Kaabong
84. Kotido
85. Karenga

KIGEZI

86. Kabale
87. Kanungu
88. Kisoro
89. Rubanda
90. Rukungiri
91. Rukiga

KIIRA

92. Jinja Central-Jinja
93. Jinja East-Kakira
94. Jinja North-Buwenge

KMP EAST

95. Jinja Road Division
96. Kira Division
97. Kira Road Division
98. Mukono Division
99. Naggalama Division

KMP NORTH

100. Kakiri Division
101. Kasangati Division
102. Kawempe Division
103. Nansana Division
104. Old Kampala Division
105. Wakiso Division
106. Wandegaya Division

KMP SOUTH

107. CPS Kampala Division
108. Entebbe Division
109. Kabalagala Division
110. Kajjansi Division
111. Katwe Division
112. Nsangi Division

NORTH KYOGA

113. Alebtong
114. Amolatar
115. Apac
116. Dokolo
117. Kole
118. Kwania
119. Lira Rural
120. Lira City East
121. Lira City West

122. Otuke
123. Oyam

NORTH WEST NILE

124. Adjumani
125. Moyo
126. Yumbe
127. Obongi

MT. MOROTO

128. Amudat
129. Moroto
130. Nakapiripirit
131. Napak
132. Nabilatuk

RWENZORI EAST

133. Bwera Division
134. Hima Division
135. Kasese Division
136. Katwe-Kabatooro Division

RWENZORI WEST

137. Bundibugyo
138. Kabarole
139. Kamwenge
140. Kyegegwa
141. Kyenjojo
142. Ntoroko
143. Bunyangabu
144. Kitagwenda
145. Fort Portal Central
146. Fort Portal North
147. Fort Portal East

RWIZI

148. Ibanda
149. Isingiro
150. Kiruhura
151. Mbarara Central
152. Mbarara City North
153. Mbarara Rural
154. Mbarara City South
155. Ntungamo
156. Kazo
157. Rwampara

SAVANNAH

158. Luwero
159. Nakasongola
160. Nakaseke

SIPI

- 161. Bukwo
- 162. Kapchorwa
- 163. Kween

SSEZIBWA

- 164. Buikwe
- 165. Buvuma

- 166. Kayunga
- 167. Njeru Division

WAMALA

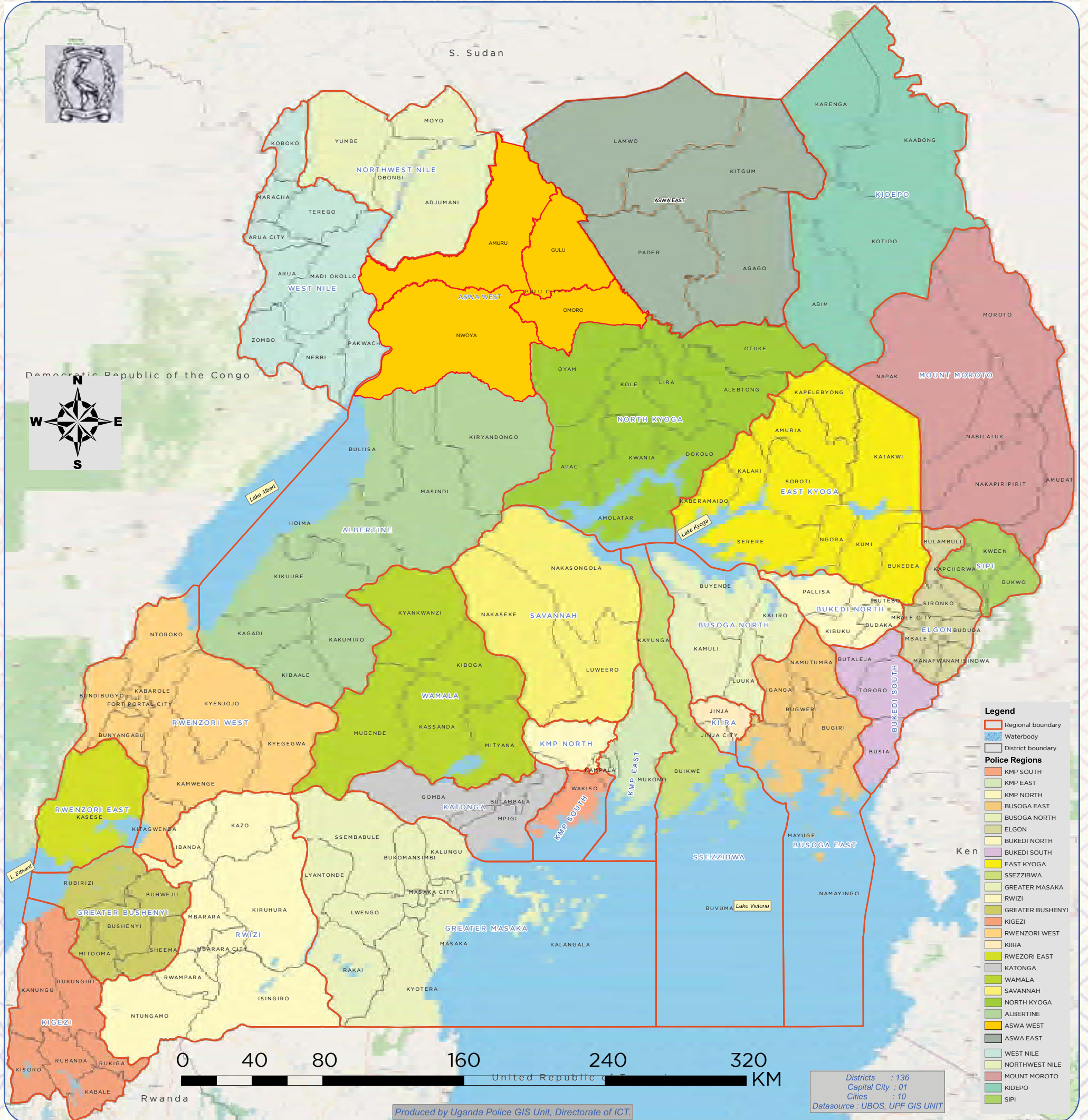
- 168. Kassanda
- 169. Kiboga
- 170. Kyankwanzi
- 171. Mityana

- 172. Mubende

WEST NILE

- 173. Arua Central
- 174. Arua Ayivu East
- 175. Arua Rural-Vurra
- 176. Arua Ayivu West
- 177. Koboko

- 178. Maracha
- 179. Nebbi
- 180. Zombo
- 181. Pakwach
- 182. Terego
- 183. Madi Okolo



Produced by Uganda Police GIS Unit, Directorate of ICT.

Districts : 136
 Capital City : 01
 Cities : 10
 Datasource : UBOS, UPF GIS UNIT



Foreword

It is my pleasure to present the Uganda Police Force Annual Crime Report for 2023 so as to account to the population on how the Uganda Police Force is fulfilling its mandate as stipulated under Article 212 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uganda.



In 2023, we note that there was a **1.5%** decrease in the number of crimes reported to Police from **231,653** cases reported in 2022 to **228,074** cases. I take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to those who were able to lodge their complaints at various stations of the Uganda Police Force in the year 2023. It is these reported complaints that enable us compile Annual Crime Reports.

Relatedly, the force has focused on strengthening discipline and adherence to human rights by introducing disciplinary courts in all districts across the country. The introduction of disciplinary courts marks a significant milestone for the Uganda Police Force. These courts aim at enforcing discipline within the force, ensuring that officers adhere to professional standards and human rights. For instance, out of **933** complaints of human rights violations by the police, **794** were thoroughly investigated.

Additionally, the force has been committed to improving the conditions in detention facilities. The remodeling of ten facilities in various districts, including Panyadoli, Kiryandongo, Paidha, Maracha, Yumbe, Atiak, and Kololo, has led to the elimination of the soil bucket system, providing **68%** coverage of waterborne toilets.

Also, the police, in coordination with sister security agencies such as the UPDF, Prisons, SFC, JIC (CMI, ISO, CI, and ESO), JATT, combated various forms of crime. These joint initiatives have resulted in the reduction of gun-related crimes, illegal firearms and ammunition proliferation, terrorism, gang activities, marine crimes, housebreaking, burglaries, acid attacks, motor vehicle thefts, and cattle raids in Karamoja and neighboring districts, among others.

Our success has been due to the hard work of the police in coordination with sister security agencies, the reorganisation of the CID (Criminal Investigations Directorate), improved detection and investigation methods, and the establishment of a proactive network of credible intelligence. Furthermore, our strategic partnerships with the community, including the involvement of other intelligence components have greatly contributed to disrupting and dismantling criminal elements targeting our country.

I therefore express my gratitude to H.E. The President of Uganda, **Retired Gen. Yoweri Kaguta Museveni** for his guidance and enduring support to the Force. I also thank the Minister of Internal Affairs Maj. Gen. (Rtd) Kahinda Otafire and his entire team at the Ministry Headquarters for their stewardship throughout the year.

Despite considerable challenges faced and violent acts by groups like ADF, the Uganda Police Force has remained dedicated to its mission. The force has also worked extensively on resolving cases related to domestic violence, land conflicts, armed robberies, and attacks on schools, thereby bringing justice to those affected. Besides, one of the key unresolved cases of the assassination of Joan Kagezi was resolved.

Furthermore, I commend the increased cooperation of Police with the Office of the DPP, the Judiciary, and other partners within the criminal justice system. This collaboration has resulted in notable convictions in cases involving child sacrifice, human trafficking and violent murders among others.

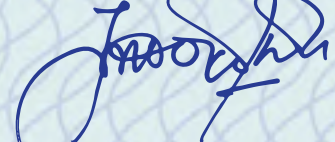
The Uganda Police Force is proud of the achievements made in 2023, including the implementation of the sub-county policing model in Greater Masaka, the establishment of call response centers, and the expansion of motorcycle squads. These initiatives have contributed to a more visible and effective police presence across the country.

As we focus on future policing, there are critical areas that the institution must address. These include among others;

1. Improving the general welfare of the personnel.
2. Conducting specialized trainings.
3. Carrying out more recruitments to address the Police Population ratio
4. Digitalizing the Human Resource Management system as well as improving scientific innovations in investigations to counter emerging crimes such as cyber, environmental, terrorism and trafficking in persons.

As I conclude, I thank the Director CID and all those involved in organizing this occasion.

With the above remarks, I take this singular honor to launch the Uganda Police Force Annual Crime Report for 2023



J.M OKOTH-OCHOLA (ESQ)

INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE

Quick Facts & Figures

General Crimes



228,074

Volume of cases reported to Police



94,535

Cases under inquiry



48,632

Cases not Detected/NPW



84,907

Cases Taken to Court



27,125

Cases with Convictions



843

Cases Acquitted



10,096

Cases Dismissed



46,843

Cases pending in Court



123,590

Submitted to DPP/RSA



65,901

Thefts



29,884

Assault



14,681

Domestic Violence



14,846

Sex-related Offences



14,543

Breakings



10,741

Child-related Offences



12,924

Economic & Corruption Crimes

19,004

Average number of cases reported to Police every month

Crime Rate

Out of every **100,000** people, **501** were victims of crime

Detective case load

1:39



Population Projection by mid-2023

45,562,000 People

Traffic & Road Safety

528,025

Total number of common offences



23,608

Total number of crashes

4,179

Fatal

12,487

Serious

6,942

Minor



Fire & Rescue Services

1,144

Total number of fires registered

940

Major fires

189

Minor fires

15

Fictitious fires



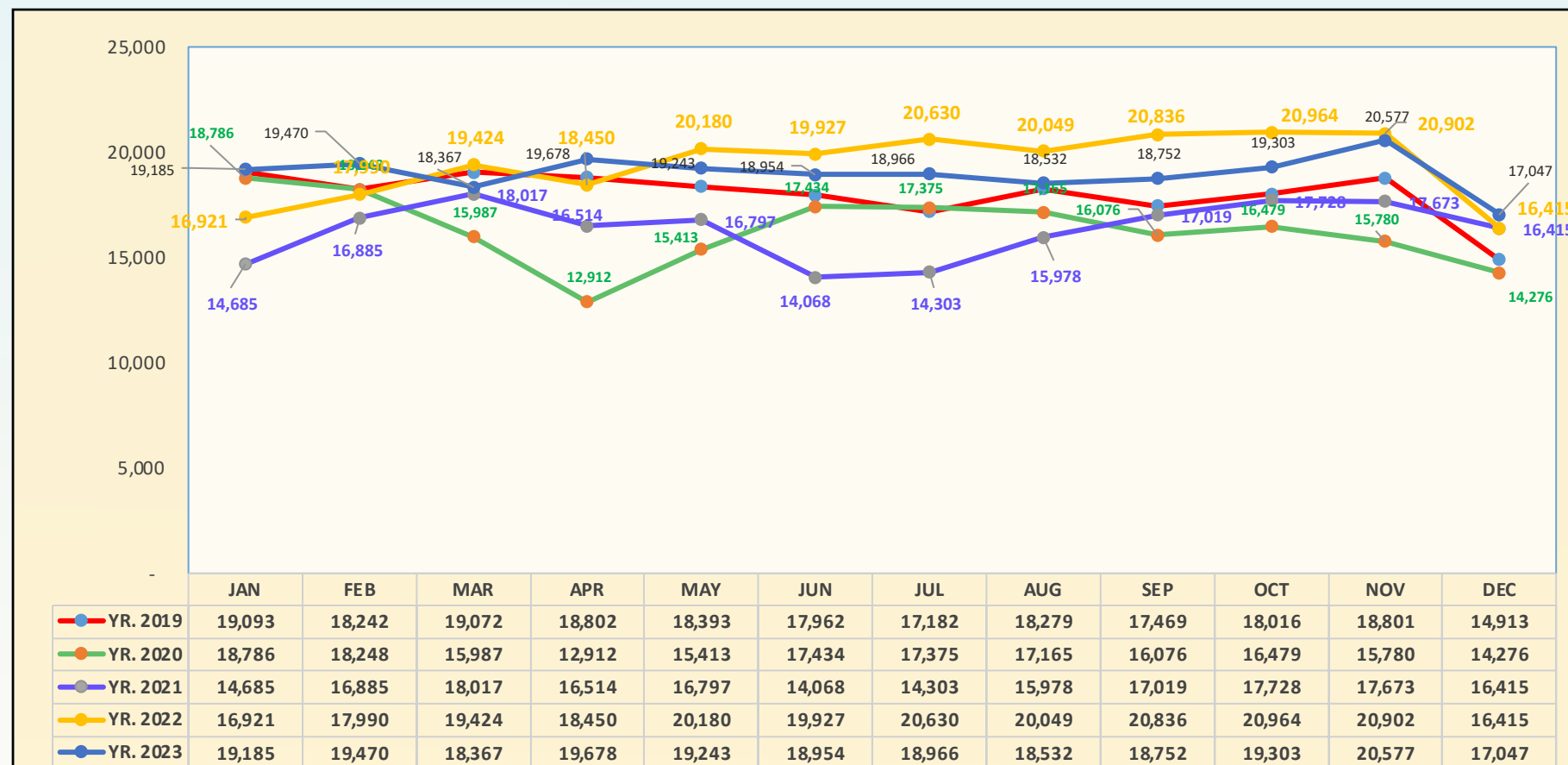


Executive Summary

In 2023, there was a **1.5%** decrease in the volume of crimes reported to Police from **231,653** cases registered in 2022 to **228,074** cases.



Summary comparison of General Crimes reported between 2019 – 2023



Out of the total cases reported to Police countrywide, **84,907** cases were taken to Court, **48,632** cases were not proceeded with, while **94,535** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the cases taken to Court, **27,125** cases secured convictions, **843** cases were acquitted, **10,096** cases were dismissed while **46,843** cases are still pending in Court.

Summary comparison of General Crimes reported between 2019 – 2023

S/No.	Crime Categories	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Thefts	65,901	61,508	43,583	41,950	5 5,704
2	Assault	29,884	32,041	29,317	30,712	3 1,895
4	Sex-related Offences	14,846	14,693	16,373	16,144	1 5,638
3	Domestic Violence	14,681	17,698	17,533	17,664	13,639
5	Breakings	14,543	13,826	10,148	10,113	1 2,919
7	Economic & Corruption Crimes	12,924	13,202	11,023	10,089	1 3,328
6	Child-related Offences	10,741	13,489	8,681	9,225	1 0,596
8	Threatening Violence	10,591	10,345	10,408	10,844	11,592
9	Criminal Trespass	8,436	8,418	7,636	7,505	7,920
10	Malicious Damage to Property	8,043	7,838	6,980	7,370	7,541



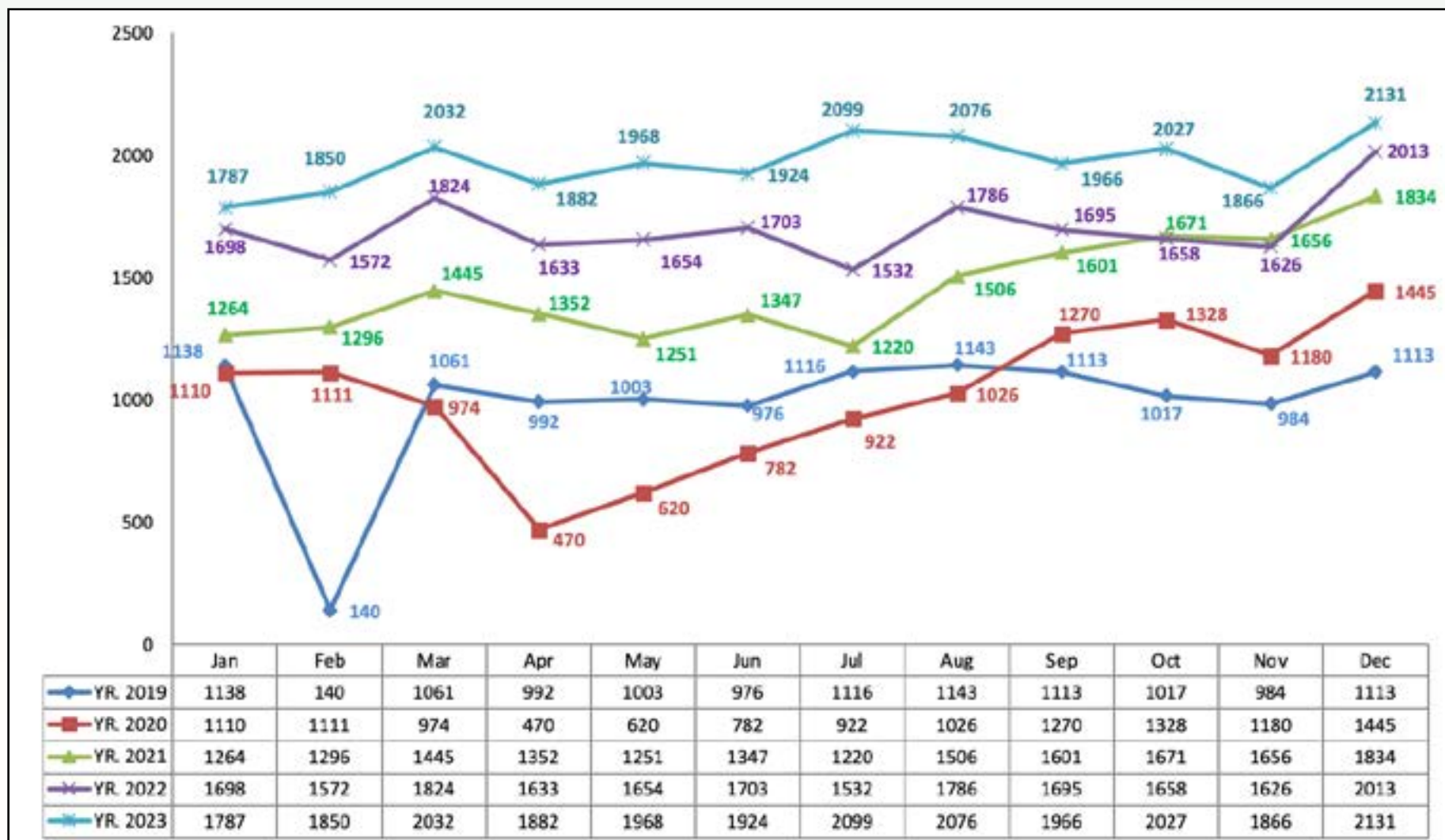
S/No.	Crime Categories	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
11	Robberies	7,768	6,854	5,275	5,302	6,761
12	Homicide	4,248	4,043	3,912	4,460	4,718
13	Narcotics	2,113	2,797	1,668	1,714	2,750
14	Arson (General)	1,792	1,747	1,803	1,614	1,614
15	Escape from Lawful Custody	1,072	988	751	813	1,329
16	Land-related Cases	289	561	332	264	269
17	Political/ Media Offences	125	140	797	1033	169
18	Terrorism	26	15	21	2	10

TRAFFIC AND ROAD SAFETY

There was a **15.5%** increase in common offences registered by the Directorate of Traffic and Road Safety countrywide from **456,993** cases registered in 2022 to **528,025** cases in 2023.

Road Traffic Crashes increased in 2023 as compared to 2022 with **23,608** crashes reported to Police, out of which **4,179** were fatal, **12,487** were serious and **6,942** were minor. The number of fatal crashes increased by 30% to **4,179** in 2023 from **3,210** in 2022. The number of serious crashes increased to **12,487** in 2023 from **8,860** in 2022. The number of minor crashes increased to **6,942** in 2023 from **4,577** in 2022.

Road Traffic Crashes Comparison (2019 – 2023)



FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICES

There was a **9%** reduction in the number of fires reported from **1,258** in 2022 to **1,144** in 2023. Out of these, **189** were minor and handled before arrival while **15** were false calls. **47.2%** fires were reported between 0600hrs and 1200hrs while **52.8%** were reported between 0001hrs to 0600hrs. Majority of fires (**233**) were registered in residential buildings while **226** fires were registered on makeshift structures. School fires reduced by 23.1% from **65** cases in 2022 to **50** cases in 2023.

Part A



Crime
Analysis

01



Notable Criminal
Syndicates

02



Traffic & Road
Safety

03



Fire &
Rescue

04

01

CRIME OVERVIEW

1.1. INTRODUCTION

In 2023, there was a **1.5%** decrease in the volume of crimes reported to Police from **231,653** cases registered in 2022 to **228,074** cases. **52.4%** (**119,511**) of all crimes were committed in urban centres, **40.5%** (**92,370**) in rural areas while **7.1%** (**16,193**) were committed along the highways. Out of the total cases reported to the Police countrywide, **84,907** cases were taken to Court, **48,632** cases were not proceeded with, while **94,535** cases are still under inquiry.



Out of the cases taken to Court, **27,125** cases secured convictions, **843** cases were acquitted, **10,096** cases were dismissed while **46,843** cases are still pending in Court.

Resulting out of the total cases reported to Police, **104,088** suspects (i.e., **94,622** Male Adults, **6,509** Female Adults, **2,657** Male Juveniles and **300** Female Juveniles) were arrested and charged to Court. Out of whom, **33,919** (**31,118** Male Adult, **1,871** Female

Adult, **837** Male Juveniles, **93** Female Juveniles) were convicted and sentenced to serve in various prisons countrywide for the offences they committed, while **57,971** suspects were still awaiting trial by Courts of Law.

In 2023, a total of **231,601** persons (**139,939** Male Adults, **60,279** Female Adults, **9,010** Male Juveniles, **22,373** Female Juveniles) were victims of crimes as shown in the following table;



TABLE 1: MONTHLY CRIME STATISTICAL SUMMARY (JANUARY – DECEMBER 2023)

S/No.	Month	CASES REPORTED				PERFORMANCE					ACCUSED CHARGED			
		Totals Cases	under Inquiry	Not Detected /NPW	taken to court	submitted to DPP/RSA	convictions	Acquittals	Dismissed	pending in Court	MALE		FEMALE	
											M/A	M/J	F/A	F/J
1	January	19,185	8,032	4,194	6,959	9,485	2,599	66	626	3,668	7,908	198	491	55
2	February	19,470	8,071	4,525	6,874	10,007	2,284	-	405	4,185	7,703	186	481	27
3	March	18,367	7,522	3,758	7,087	10,107	2,154	66	737	4,130	7,893	207	507	29
4	April	19,678	8,176	4,156	7,346	10,499	2,389	-	884	4,073	8,000	187	525	17
5	May	19,243	8,110	4,072	7,061	10,550	2,303	83	921	3,754	7,384	193	524	22
6	June	18,954	8,016	4,044	6,894	10,450	2,306	83	1,032	3,473	7,637	214	517	32
7	July	18,966	7,958	4,069	6,939	10,722	1,895	66	700	4,278	7,598	194	588	19
8	August	18,532	7,629	3,858	7,045	10,573	1,983	66	847	4,149	7,945	213	598	16
9	September	18,752	7,505	3,842	7,405	10,539	2,406	83	663	4,253	8,416	265	541	26
10	October	19,303	7,790	4,022	7,491	10,855	2,469	83	1,142	3,797	8,290	281	636	20
11	November	20,577	8,538	4,329	7,710	11,029	2,442	165	958	4,145	8,657	300	600	21
12	December	17,047	7,188	3,763	6,096	8,774	1,895	82	1,181	2,938	7,191	219	501	16
Grand Total		228,074	94,535	48,632	84,907	123,590	27,125	843	10,096	46,843	94,622	2,657	6,509	300

1.1.1. CASE BACKLOG MANAGEMENT

In 2022, a number of cases reported to police were still under investigations (**136,499** cases) which eventually turned into case backlog. Investigation of these cases continued in various police stations and their status changed by the end of 2023 as shown in the table below;

TABLE 2: UPDATED MONTHLY STATUS ON CASE BACKLOG FROM 2022

S/No.	REGION	REPORTED CASES				PERFORMANCE					PERSONS TAKEN TO COURT			
		Totals Cases	Under Inquiry	Not Detected /NPW	Taken to court	Submitted toDPP/RSA	Convictions	Acquittals	Dismissed	Pending in Court	ACCUSED CHARGED			
											Male		Female	
											Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.
1	January	16,921	7,485	4,311	5,125	7,686	1,577	22	721	2,804	5,487	183	378	29
2	February	17,990	7,770	4,307	5,914	8,774	1,908	22	761	3,222	6,379	208	457	21
3	March	19,424	8,473	4,761	6,189	9,367	1,779	45	561	3,805	6,440	223	509	15
4	April	18,450	8,200	4,542	5,708	8,523	1,681	67	401	3,560	6,108	154	448	15
5	May	20,180	8,431	4,607	7,142	9,946	2,243	112	1,362	3,426	8,317	241	525	16
6	June	19,927	8,431	4,560	6,937	9,674	2,098	45	601	4,193	7,417	253	501	39
7	July	20,630	8,688	4,943	6,999	10,140	2,189	134	521	4,155	7,832	195	505	17
8	August	20,049	8,237	4,779	7,032	10,048	2,419	178	841	3,594	7,681	274	497	40
9	September	20,836	8,720	4,709	7,407	10,235	2,501	67	841	3,998	8,486	230	609	46
10	October	20,964	8,602	4,739	7,623	10,882	2,513	67	681	4,362	8,568	227	598	14
11	November	20,102	8,283	4,647	7,172	10,441	2,328	112	921	3,812	8,467	212	537	13
12	December	16,180	6,809	3,627	5,744	8,275	1,723	-	320	3,701	6,228	123	398	14
Grand Total		231,653	98,130	54,532	78,991	113,991	24,958	870	8,531	44,632	87,409	2,524	5,963	279



1.1.2. MONTHLY CRIME DISTRIBUTION (JANUARY - DECEMBER 2023)

On average, a total of **19,006** cases were reported to Police per month as illustrated in the figure below;

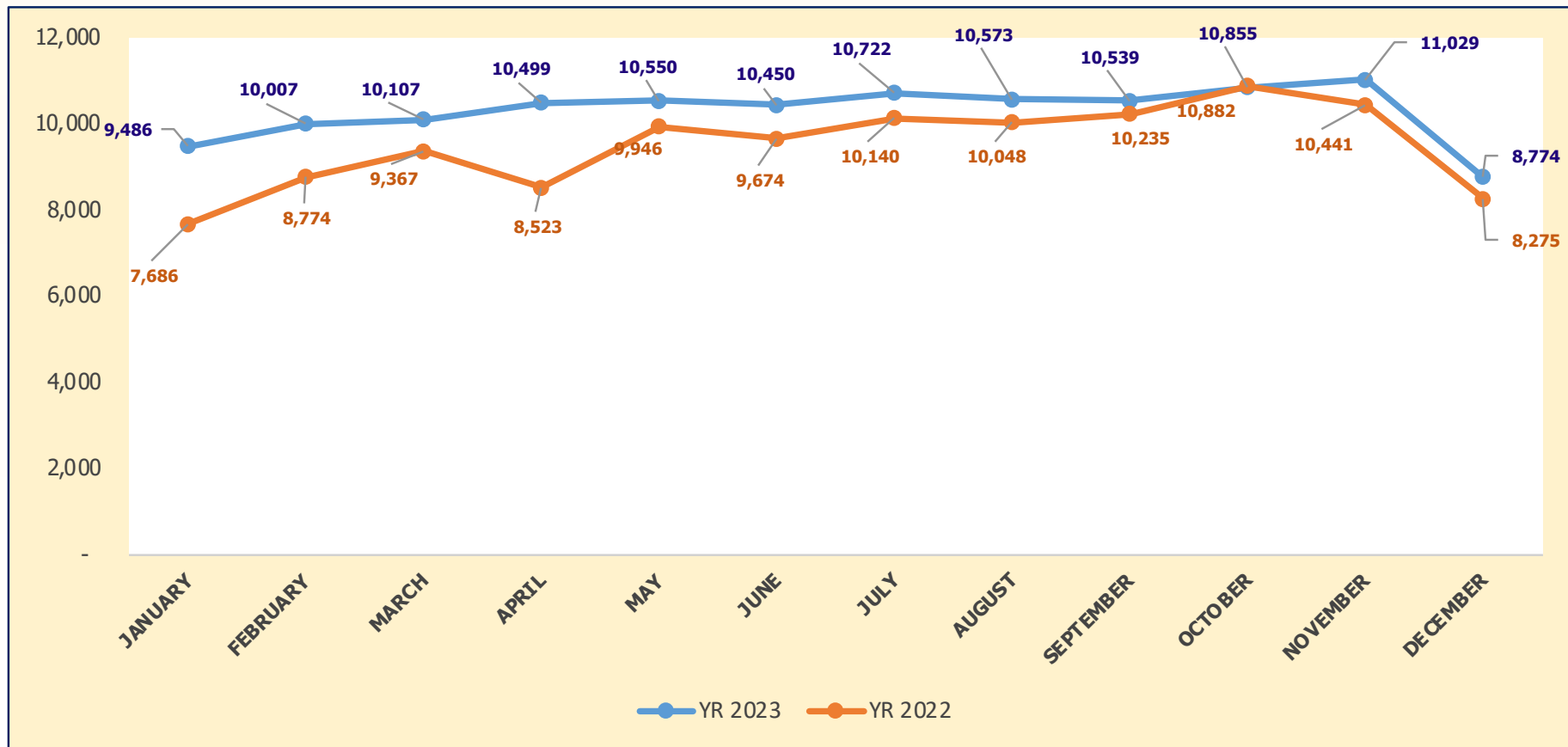
FIGURE 1: MONTHLY CRIME COMPARISON (JANUARY – DECEMBER 2023/2022)



1.1.3. CASES SUBMITTED TO RSA/DPP

Out of the total cases reported to Police, **123,590** cases were submitted to RSA/DPP for perusal and legal advice as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 2: MONTHLY CRIME COMPARISON OF CASES SUBMITTED TO RSA/DPP (JANUARY– DECEMBER 2023/2022)

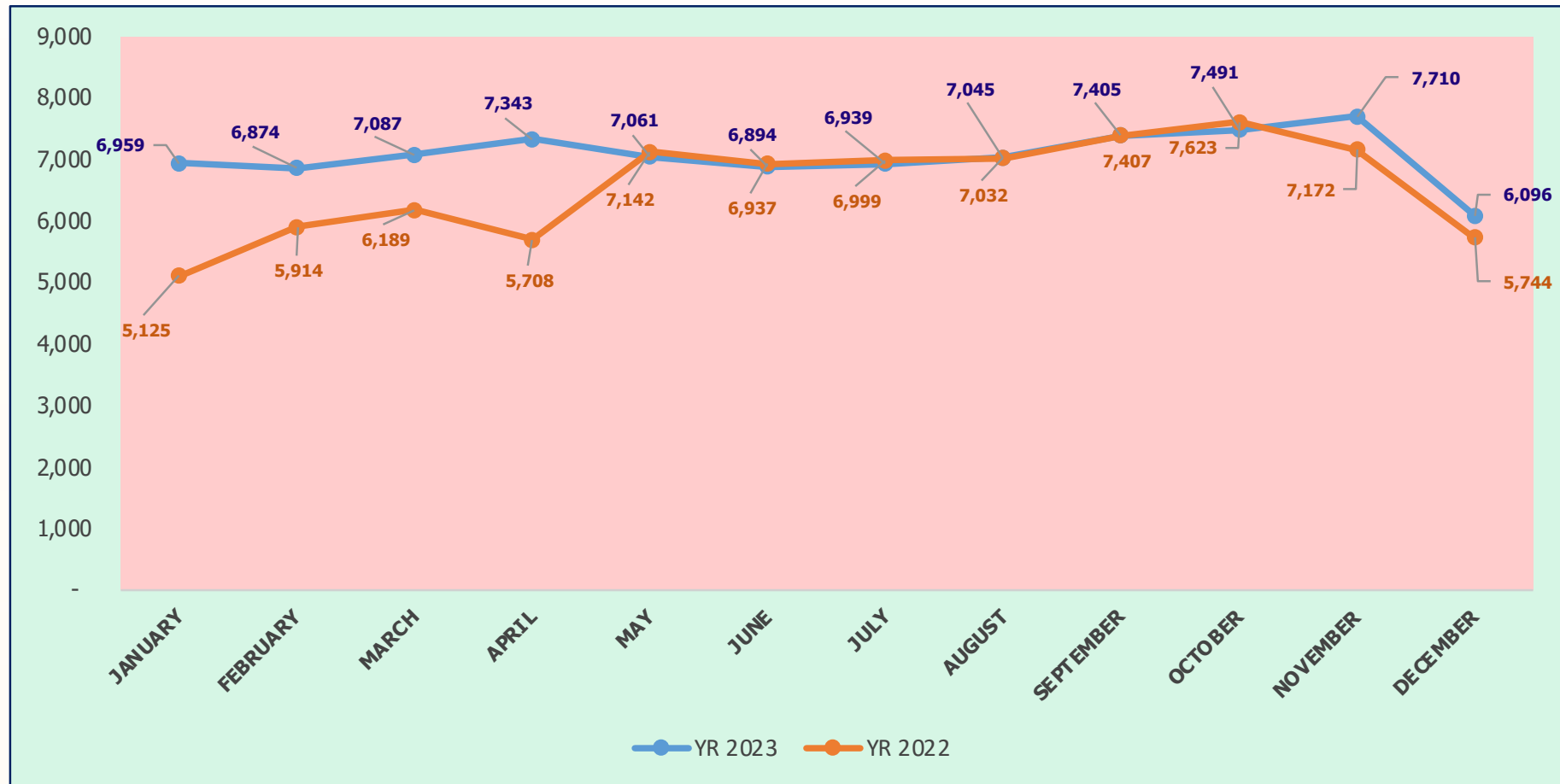




1.1.4. CASES TAKEN TO COURT (JANUARY - DECEMBER 2023)

There has been an increase in the number of cases taken to Court in 2023. For instance, the month of November registered the highest number of cases taken to Court (**7,710** cases), followed by October with **7,491** cases taken to Court, September with **7,405** cases taken to Court and April with **7,346** cases as shown in the figure below;

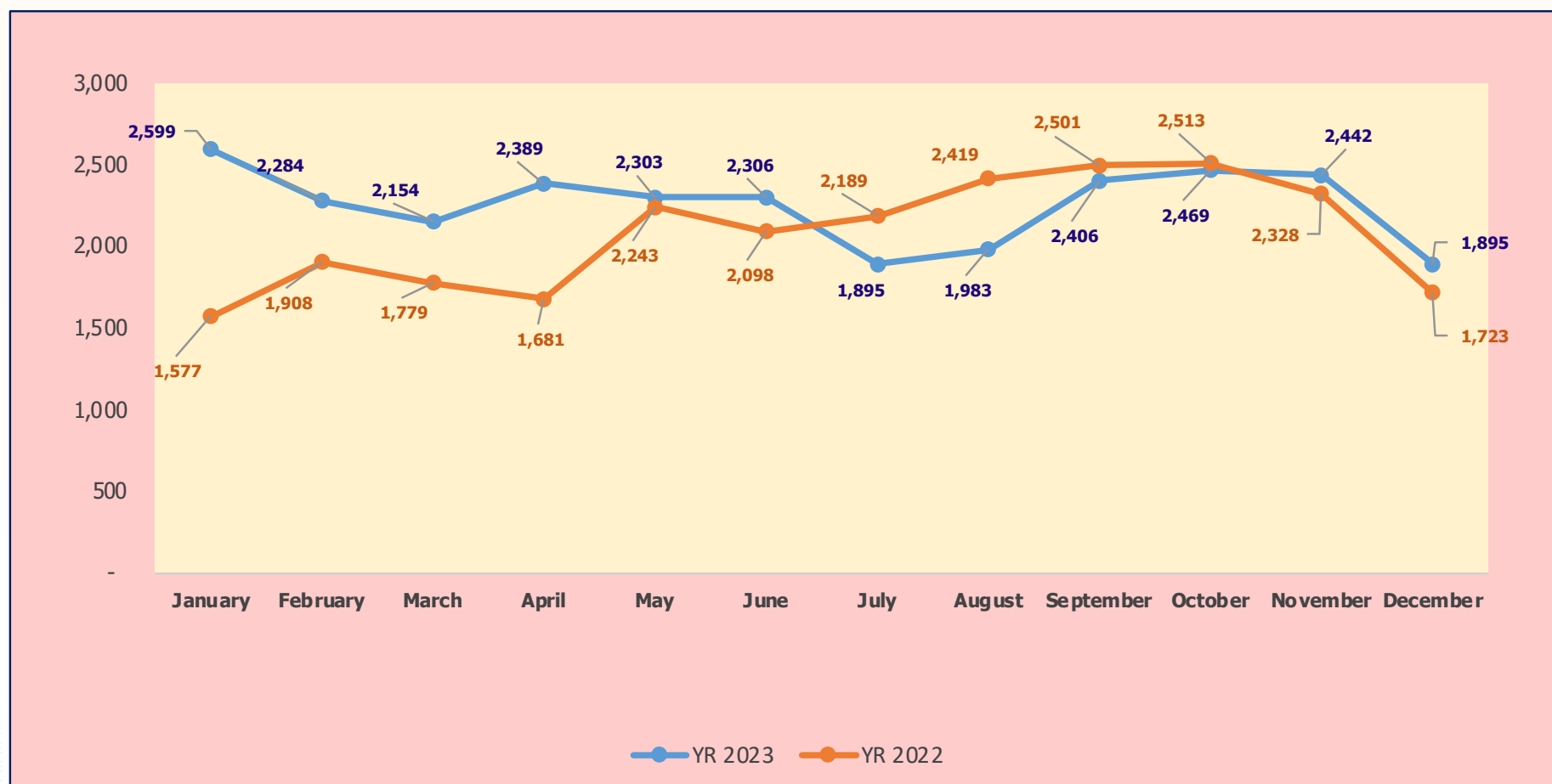
FIGURE 3: CASES TAKEN TO COURT (JANUARY – DECEMBER 2023/2022)



1.1.5. CONVICTIONS SECURED (JANUARY - DECEMBER 2023)

There has been a general increase in convictions secured from January to December 2023. That is, January 2023 secured the highest convictions (**2,599** convictions), October with **2,469** convictions and September with **2,406** Convictions as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 4: MONTHLY CONVICTIONS SECURED (JANUARY – DECEMBER 2023/2022)





a. Regional performance

Out of the 29 Policing Regions in Uganda, North Kyoga registered the highest number of cases (**17,995**), followed by Rwizi with **16,987** cases, KMP North with **15,920** cases, KMP South with **15,348** cases and Albertine with **12,548** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 3: CRIMES BY REGION

S/No.	REGIONS	TOTAL CASES				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	North Kyoga	17,995	17,605	11,485	9,901	13,343
2	Rwizi	16,987	14,204	12,130	12,117	13,527
3	KMP North	15,920	16,691	12,304	11,748	11,777
4	KMP South	15,348	14,492	10,001	9,536	12,559
5	Albertine	12,548	13,544	11,186	10,431	9,890
6	Greater Masaka	11,717	11,967	11,192	10,086	11,789
7	KMP East	11,561	10,490	8,029	8,387	9,640
8	Rwenzori West	9,584	8,792	7,966	9,079	8,642
9	East Kyoga	9,532	9,388	9,851	9,494	9,516
10	Aswa	8,976	9,396	9,880	9,616	11,172
11	Elgon	8,637	8,166	7,631	7,472	8,939
12	West Nile	7,608	7,533	6,960	8,476	8,758
13	Sipi	7,432	6,548	3,962	6,996	5,385
14	Busoga East	7,399	7,303	5,786	6,074	6,546
15	Savannah	7,206	7,126	5,279	4,245	5,928
16	Kigezi	6,729	6,043	6,173	7,337	8,011
17	Wamala	6,640	5,954	5,193	5,190	5,650
18	Busoga North	6,208	7,438	6,593	5,501	7,075
19	Greater Bushenyi	5,159	5,544	5,256	6,145	7,254
20	Sezibwa	5,024	6,212	4,975	5,037	5,647
21	Bukedi South	4,761	5,278	4,087	4,888	9,786
22	Kiira	4,241	4,277	3,011	3,214	3,465
23	Mt Moroto	4,084	5,301	5,598	4,184	4,159
24	North West Nile	4,061	4,498	3,923	3,621	3,341
25	Rwenzori East	3,629	3,162	2,977	1,847	3,017
26	Katonga	3,434	6,205	5,664	7,147	5,585
27	Bukedi North	3,116	4,522	4,528	4,668	-
28	Kidepo	1,832	2,492	2,299	2,094	2,658
29	C.I.D Headquarters	706	1,482	2,162	1,400	2,165
GRAND TOTALS		228,074	231,653	196,081	195,931	215,224

b. Districts/Divisional Performance

Out of the **185** Police Divisions/Central Police Stations, Katwe registered the highest number of cases (**4,291** cases), followed by Luwero Police Station with **4,111** cases, Lira City Police Station with **3,571** cases, Rwampara Police Station with **3,526** cases and Old Kampala Police Division with **3,200** cases, among others as shown in the following table;



TABLE 4: THE 15 LEADING DIVISIONS/STATIONS IN CRIME

S/NO.	DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS	TOTAL CASES				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Katwe	4,291	3,938	2,396	2,797	4,559
2	Luwero	4,111	3,902	2,880	1,976	2,815
3	Lira City East	3,571	1,579	2,021	1,557	4,256
4	Rwampara	3,526	1,901	1,595	1,206	383
5	Old Kampala	3,200	4,314	2,694	3,262	3,157
6	Mukono	3,114	2,761	2,356	2,386	2,951
7	Ntungamo	2,759	2,474	2,235	2,284	2,494
8	Kasangati	2,689	2,667	1,831	1,767	2,022
9	Kawempe	2,684	2,656	2,394	2,051	2,068
10	Yumbe	2,661	1,422	1,559	1,295	1,399
11	CPS Kampala	2,650	2,521	2,015	1,630	2,076
12	Kapchorwa	2,644	2,449	1,588	3,213	2,699
13	Bukwo	2,597	2,742	1,231	1,068	1,105
14	Jinja	2,567	2,460	1,764	1,964	2,297
15	Jinja Road	2,520	1,891	1,429	1,379	1,781

1.1.6. DISTRIBUTION OF LEADING CRIME CATEGORY

Thefts of all kinds (General) registered the highest number of cases (**31,262** cases), followed by Common Assault with **23,822** cases, Domestic Violence with **14,681** cases, obtaining by False Pretences with **10,709** cases, Threatening Violence with **10,591** cases, Defilements with **8,925** cases, Cattle Stealing with **8,442** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 5: THE 18 LEADING CRIMES BY CATEGORY

S/NO	CRIME CATEGORY	CASES				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Thefts of all Kinds (General)	31,262	28,419	19,026	19,290	26,999
2	Common Assault	23,822	26,124	23,167	24,799	25,698
3	Domestic Violence	14,681	17,698	17,533	17,664	13,639
4	Obtaining by False Pretences	10,709	10,652	8,634	8,069	10,598
5	Threatening Violence	10,591	10,345	10,408	10,844	11,592
6	Defilement	8,925	8,960	10,653	10,413	10,489
7	Cattle Stealing	8,442	7,975	6,810	6,586	7,665
8	Criminal Trespass	8,436	8,418	7,636	7,505	7,920
9	Malicious Damage to Property	8,043	7,838	6,980	7,370	7,541
10	Thefts of Cash	7,886	7,498	5,435	4,819	6,479
11	Thefts of Mobile Phones	7,407	6,936	4,143	4,043	5,630
12	Burglaries	6,619	6,570	4,822	4,991	6,381
14	Theft of Motorcycles	6,065	5,675	4,308	3,507	4,249
15	Aggravated Assault(General)	6,030	5,900	6,141	5,911	6,155
13	Simple Robbery(General)	4,745	4,338	3,319	3,548	4,428
16	Child Neglect	4,730	6,505	4,961	4,785	6,202
17	Aggravated Defilement	3,846	3,620	3,783	3,721	3,124
18	House Breakings	3,329	3,174	2,129	2,041	3,156



1.2. CRIME TREND

1.2.1. ANNUAL CRIME TREND

There has been a general downward trend in the crimes registered in the country from 2017 to 2023. This has been due to deliberate efforts by the Uganda Police Force (UPF) in conjunction with other sister security agencies as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 5: ANNUAL CRIME TREND (2017 - 2023)



1.2.2. ANNUAL CRIME TREND BY CRIME CATEGORY (2019-2023)

There has been a spatial distribution of crimes by category since 2019 to 2023 as broken down in the table below;

TABLE 6: CRIME TREND BY CATEGORY FOR SELECTED CRIMES (2019-2023)

S/No.	Crime Categories	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Thefts	65,901	61,508	43,583	41,950	55,704
2	Assault	29,884	32,041	29,317	30,712	31,895
4	Sex-related Offences	14,846	14,693	16,373	16,144	15,638
3	Domestic Violence	14,681	17,698	17,533	17,664	13,639
5	Breakings	14,543	13,826	10,148	10,113	12,919
7	Economic Crimes	12,924	13,202	11,023	10,089	13,328
6	Child-related Offences	10,741	13,489	8,681	9,225	10,596
8	Threatening Violence	10,591	10,345	10,408	10,844	11,592
9	Criminal Trespass	8,436	8,418	7,636	7,505	7,920
10	Malicious Damage to Property	8,043	7,838	6,980	7,370	7,541
11	Robberies	7,768	6,854	5,275	5,302	6,761
12	Homicide	4,248	4,043	3,912	4,460	4,718
13	Narcotics	2,113	2,797	1,668	1,714	2,750

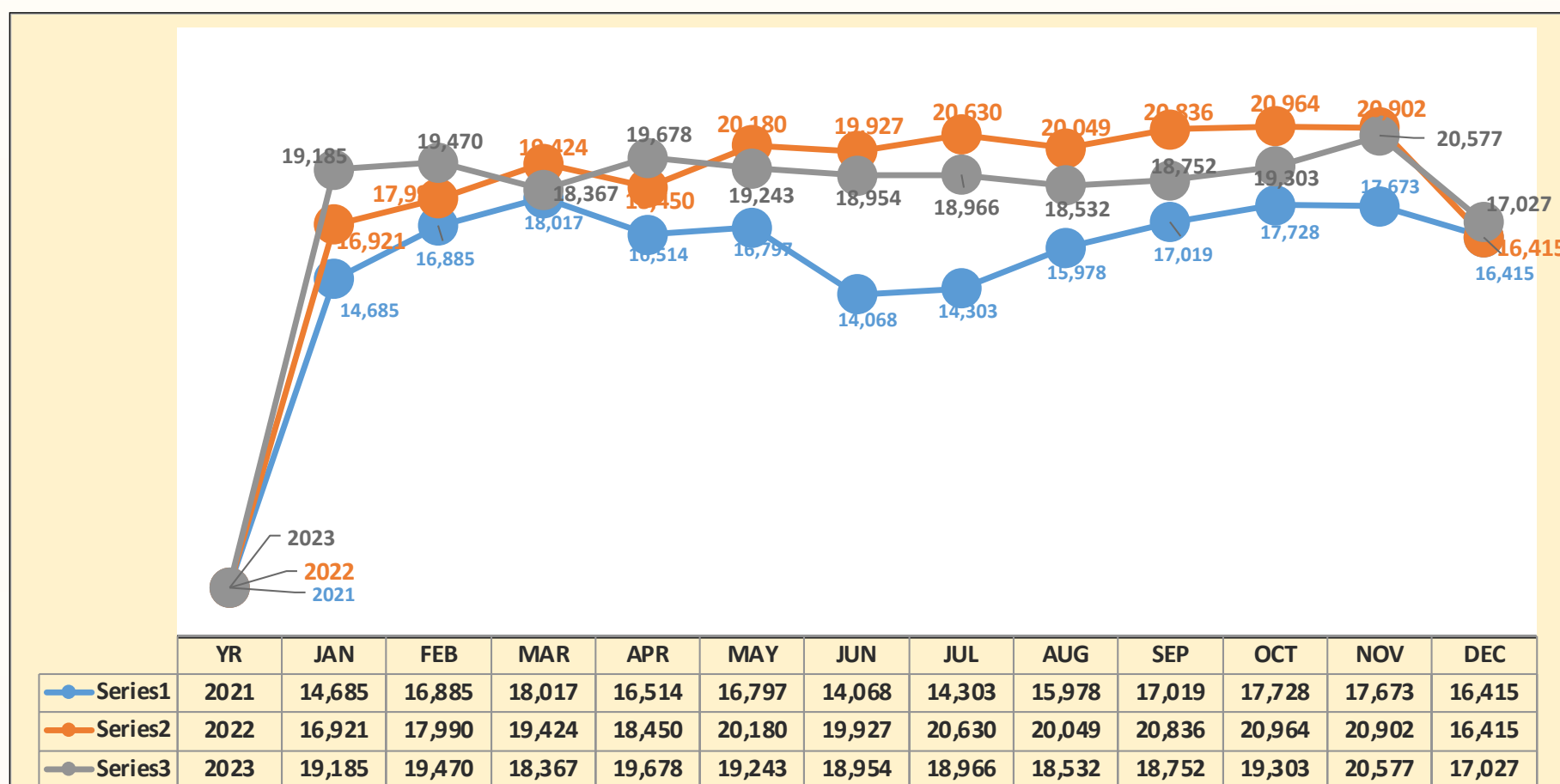


S/No.	Crime Categories	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
14	Arson (General)	1,792	1,747	1,803	1,614	1,614
15	Escape from Lawful Custody	1,072	988	751	813	1,329
16	Land-related Cases	289	561	332	264	269
17	Political/ Media Offences	125	140	797	1033	169
18	Terrorism	26	15	21	2	10

1.2.3. MONTHLY CRIME TREND (2021 – 2023)

On average, **19,004** cases were reported to Police every month in the year 2023.

FIGURE 6: MONTHLY CRIME TREND (2021 - 2023)



1.2.4. CRIME RATE IN 2023

According to UBOS, the population projection by mid-2022 was estimated at **45,562,000** people, thereby giving a crime rate of:

$$\frac{228,074}{45,562,000} \times 100,000 = 501$$

This means that, out of every 100,000 people, 501 were victims of crime.



FIGURE 7: COMPARISON OF CRIME RATE 2019 – 2023



1.3. ANALYSIS OF SPECIFIC CRIMES

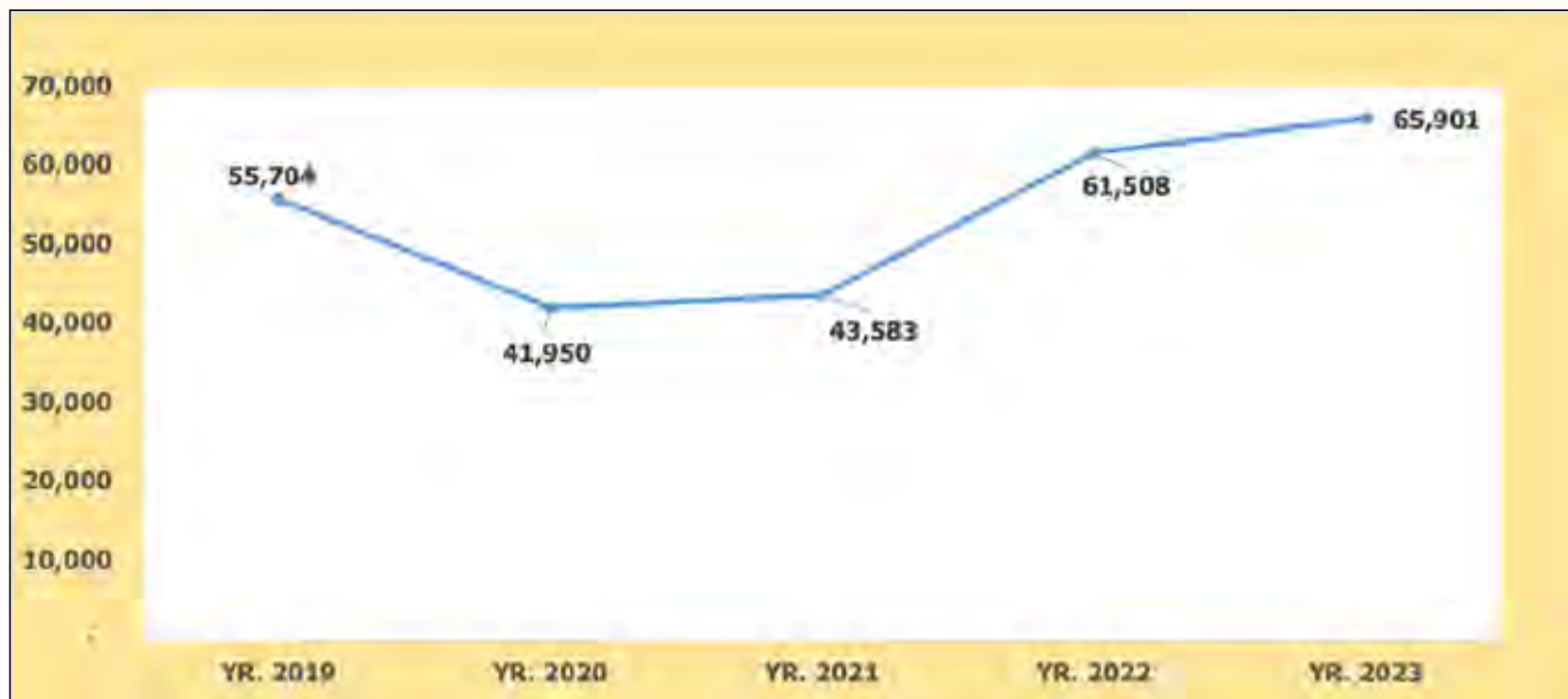
1.3.1. THEFTS

By the end of 2023, **65,901** cases registered at Police (representing **28.9%** of the total reported cases) were due to Theft as compared to **61,508** cases reported in 2022, giving a **7.1%** increase of Theft cases registered countrywide. Theft cases were mainly motivated by economic gains.

COMPARISON OF THEFT CASES FROM 2019 TO 2023

There has been a general increase in cases of Theft from **55,704** cases reported to Police in 2019 to **65,901** cases registered in 2023 as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 8: COMPARISON OF THEFT CASES FROM 2019 TO 2023



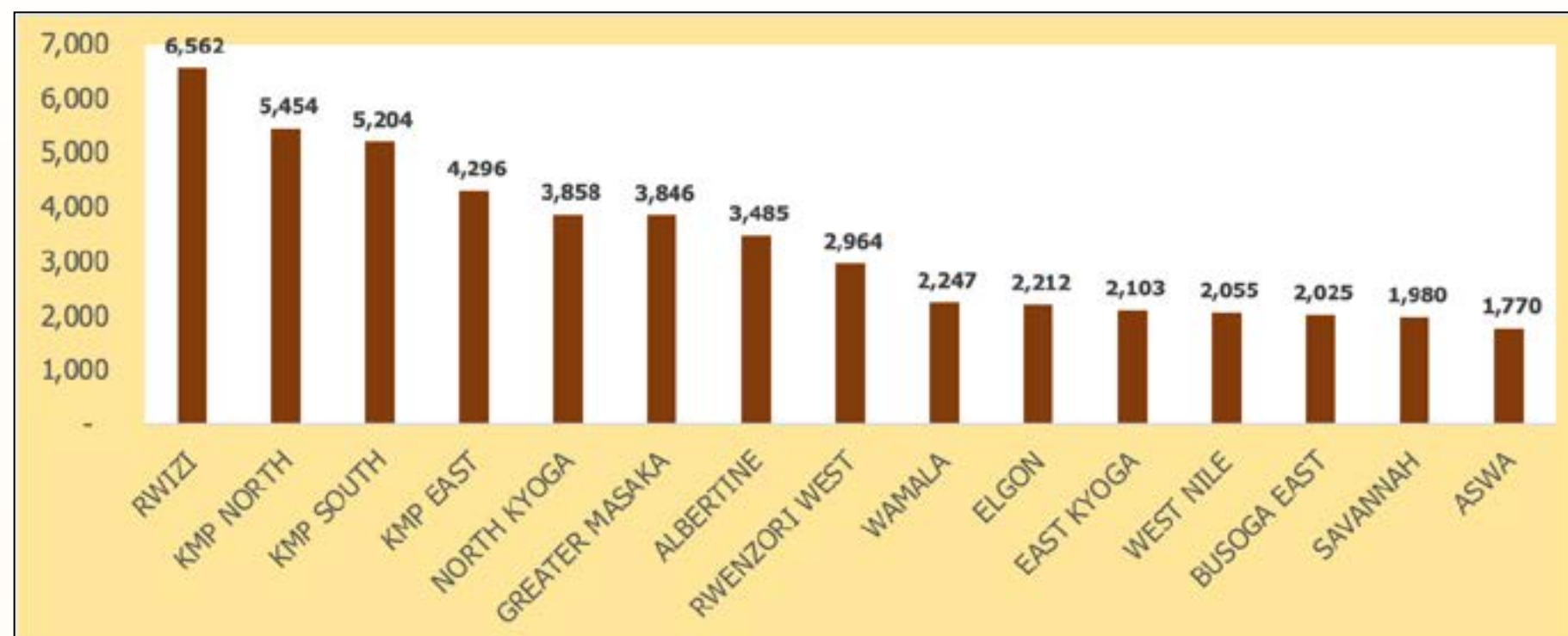
By the end of 2023, out of the total Theft cases reported to Police, **32,559** cases were taken to Court, **1,539** cases were not proceeded with, while **22,805** cases are still under inquiry. **43,015** cases were submitted to DPP/RSA for perusal and legal guidance. Out of the **32,559** cases taken to Court, **11,828** cases secured convictions, **293** cases were acquitted, **4,275** cases were dismissed while **16,181** cases are still pending in Court.



a. Regional Performance

Rwizi registered the highest number of Theft cases (**6,562** cases), followed by KMP North with **5,454** cases and KMP South with **5,204** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 9: REGIONS WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF THEFT CASES



b. District/Divisional Performance

The highest number of Theft cases were registered in Rwampara (**1,512** cases), followed by Katwe Division with **1,358** cases and Old Kampala Division with **1,213** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 7: DISTRICT/DIVISIONS WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF THEFT CASES

S/No.	Crime Categories	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Rwampara	1,512	719	422	294	84
2	Katwe	1,358	149	669	645	1,189
4	Old Kampala	1,213	1,326	817	785	889
3	Mukono	1,152	1,059	803	798	1,060
5	Luwero	1,131	985	723	514	918
6	Jinja Road	997	690	521	468	745
7	Kawempe	983	850	659	607	701
8	Ntungamo	967	787	542	490	639
9	CPS Kampala	967	925	811	642	816
10	Lira City East	901	491	506	405	1,123
11	Kasangati	870	820	366	437	574
12	Isingiro	868	686	406	293	458
13	Kira Road	861	872	548	677	756
14	Kira Division	856	852	478	401	602
15	Kabalagala	854	750	459	478	778



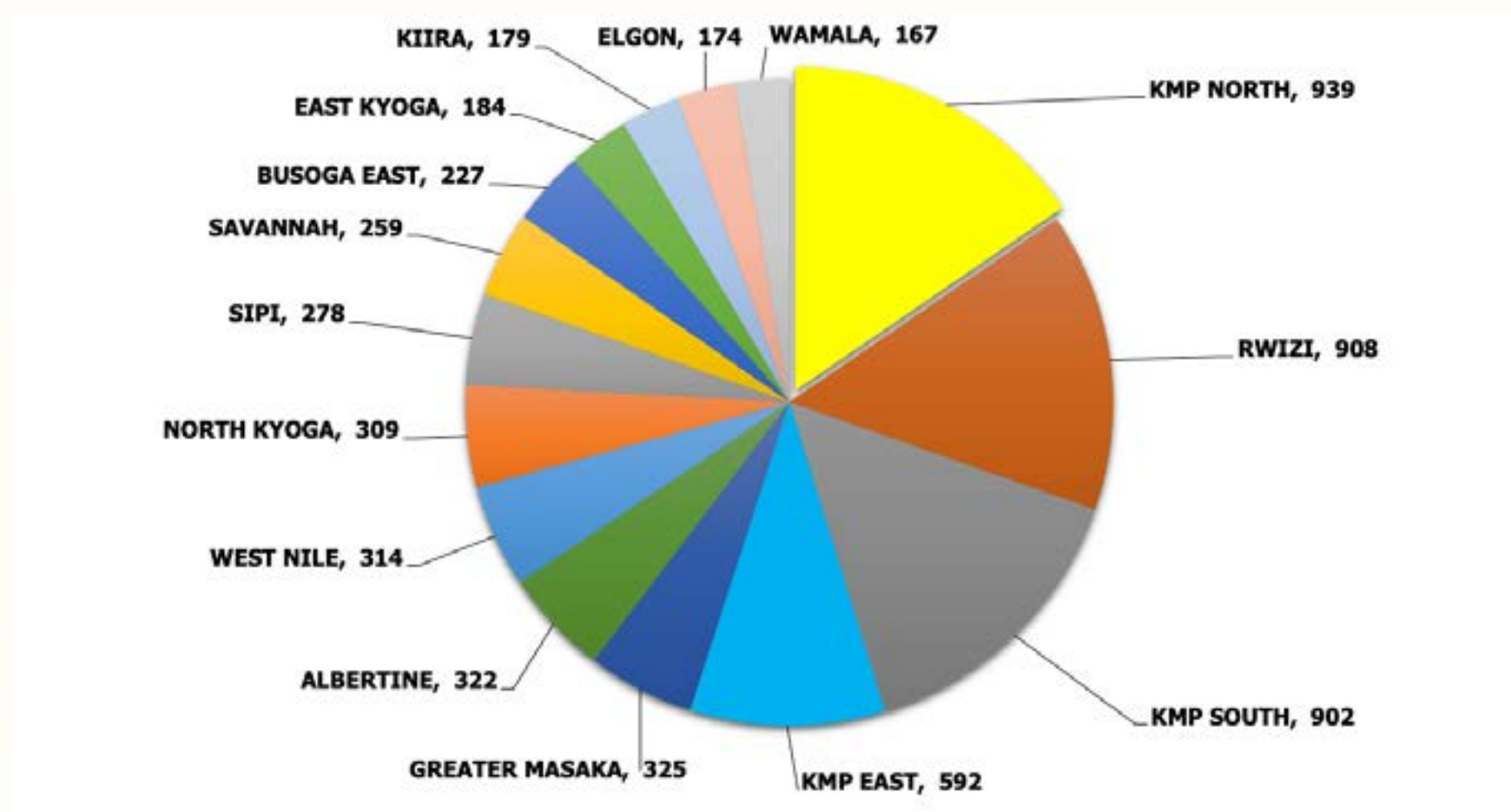
1.3.1.1. THEFT OF MOBILE PHONES

A total of **7,407** cases of Mobile Phone Thefts were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **6,936** cases reported in 2022, giving a **6.8%** increase in Mobile Phone Thefts. Most of these cases occurred as a result of snatching from unsuspecting members of the public.

a. Regional Performance

KMP North registered the highest number of Mobile Phone Thefts (**939** cases), followed by Rwizi with **908** cases, KMP South with **902** cases, KMP East with **592** cases and Greater Masaka with **325** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 10: LEADING REGIONS IN THEFTS OF MOBILE PHONES



b. District/Divisional Performance

Rwampara registered the highest number of Mobile Phone Thefts (**555** cases), followed by Old Kampala with **283** cases, Katwe with **248** cases, CPS Kampala with **201** cases and Kawempempe with **179** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 8: DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS LEADING IN THEFTS OF MOBILE PHONES

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported			
		2023	2022	2021	2020
1	Rwampara	555	254	14	03
2	Old Kampala	283	268	148	144
4	Katwe	248	243	119	118
3	CPS Kampala	201	189	173	131
5	Kawempempe	179	169	144	103
7	Luwero	177	94	69	37
6	Kabalagala	158	127	92	79
8	Nansana	155	149	77	77



S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported			
		2023	2022	2021	2020
9	Kira Road	150	138	79	141
10	Mukono	147	160	27	78
11	Jinja Road	147	148	96	74
12	Jinja	137	62	49	71
13	Bukwo	135	136	125	06
14	Mbarara	134	116	92	87
15	Arua	149	117	82	175

1.3.1.2. THEFT OF MOTOR VEHICLES

A total of **1,011** cases of Theft of Motor Vehicles were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **1,091** cases reported in 2022, giving a **7.3%** decrease in Theft of Motor Vehicles in the year. A total of **12,023** Motor Vehicles were reported stolen, out of which, **5,982** were recovered, **1,376** were found abandoned, while **4,665** were not recovered.

a. Regional Performance

KMP North registered the highest number of Motor Vehicles Thefts (**206** cases), followed by KMP South with **203** cases, KMP East with **154** cases, Rwizi with **52** cases and Sezibwa with **41** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 11: REGIONS WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF THEFTS OF MOTOR VEHICLE



b. District/Divisional Performance

The highest number of Thefts of Motor Vehicles were registered in Katwe Police Division with **70** cases, followed by Jinja Road Police Divisions with **58** cases, Kasangati with **43** cases, Old Kampala with **41** cases, Kawempe with **38** cases, CPS Kampala Police Division with **35** cases among others.



TABLE 9: DISTRICT/DIVISION WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF THEFTS OF MOTOR VEHICLES

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Katwe	70	83	36	45	78
2	Jinja Road	58	34	30	21	50
4	Kasangati	43	45	11	35	29
3	Old Kampala	41	47	42	57	54
5	Kawempe	38	51	43	53	65
7	CPS Kampala	35	51	44	35	55
6	Kira Division	35	32	24	23	29
8	Kira Road	34	45	28	54	50
9	Nansana	33	35	14	29	19
10	Jinja	32	32	21	23	28
11	Wakiso	28	24	16	8	24
12	Entebbe	27	22	14	12	18
13	Mbarara	23	37	13	10	27
14	Kajjansi	19	17	26	21	26
15	Kabalagala	22	25	22	32	61

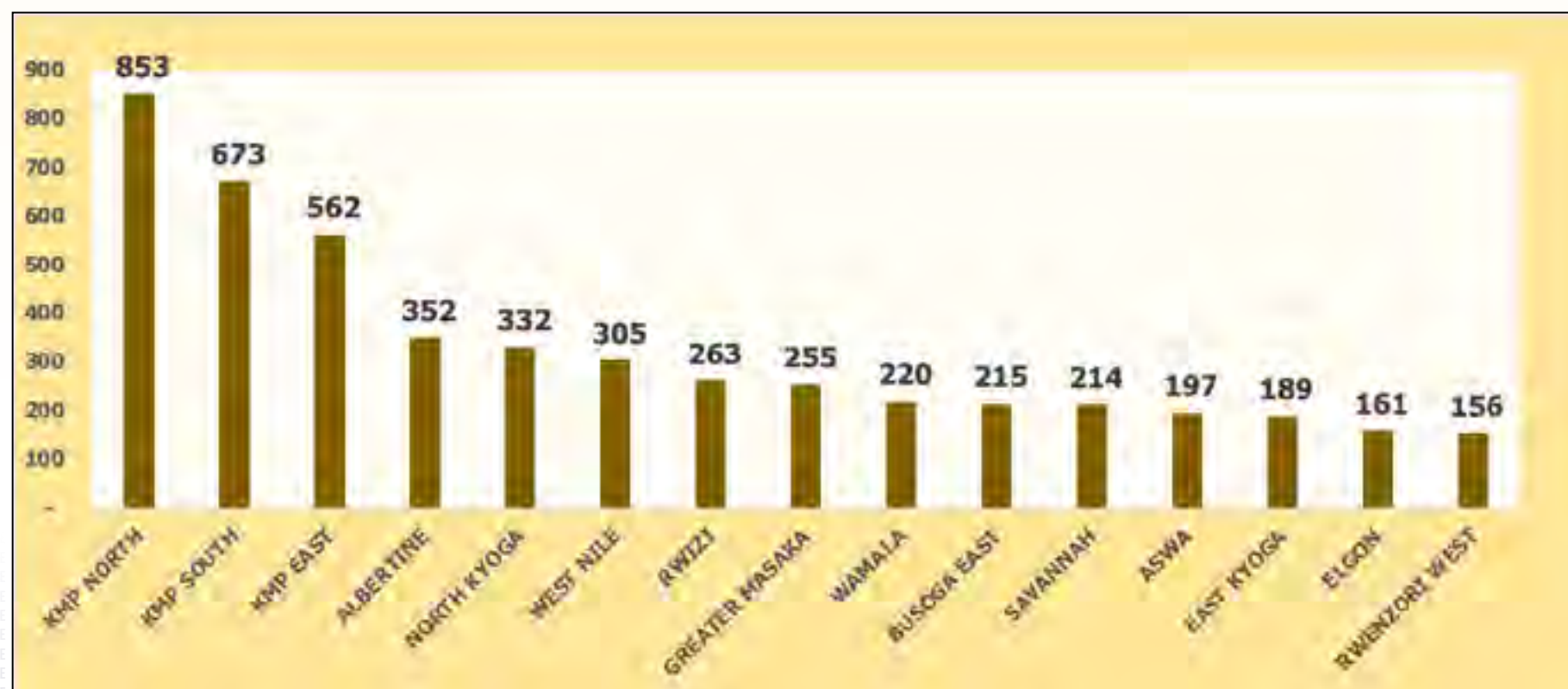
1.3.1.3. THEFT OF MOTORCYCLES

A total of **6,065** cases of Theft of Motorcycles were reported to Police in the period under review compared to **5,675** cases reported in 2022, giving an increase of **6.9%** Motorcycle Thefts in the whole year. A total of **6,962** Motorcycles were reported stolen, out of which, **3,363** were recovered, **786** were found abandoned, while **2,813** were not recovered.

a. Regional Performance

KMP North registered the highest number of Motorcycle Thefts (**853** cases), followed by KMP South with **673** cases, KMP East with **562** cases, Albertine with **352** cases, North Kyoga with **332** cases and West Nile with **305** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 12: REGIONS LEADING IN THEFT OF MOTORCYCLES





b. District/Divisional Performance

Katwe Police Division registered the highest number of Motorcycle Thefts in 2023 (**220** cases), followed by Kawempe Police Division with **205** cases, Kira Road with **160** cases, Wakiso with **157** cases and Nansana Police Division with **154** cases.

TABLE 10: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN THEFT OF MOTORCYCLES

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Katwe	220	83	91	92	119
2	Kawempe	205	51	131	102	76
4	Kira Road	160	45	55	59	74
3	Wakiso	157	24	83	52	42
5	Nansana	154	35	118	126	50
7	Old Kampala	147	47	149	84	85
6	Mukono	143	35	99	93	83
8	Arua	141	89	80	71	172
9	Kabalagala	128	25	44	34	70
10	Jinja Road	124	34	40	39	51
11	Luwero	120	31	87	48	58
12	Nsangi	117	35	73	55	57
13	Kasangati	116	45	48	53	50
14	Kira Division	113	32	55	26	51
15	Lira City East	99	73	94	62	132

1.3.1.4. CATTLE STEALING

A total of **8,442** cases of Cattle Stealing were reported to the Police countrywide in the period under review compared to **7,975** cases reported in 2022, showing an increase of Cattle Thefts by **5.9%**.

TABLE 11: CATTLE STEALING

S/No	Type of Cattle	No. Stolen	Recovered	Not Recovered
1	Cattle	5,813	3,739	3,838
2	Goat	6,438	2,877	4,010
3	Sheep	1,040	362	592
4	Donkey	36	18	21
5	Pig	1,207	608	674
	TOTAL	14,534	7,604	9,135

a. Regional Performance

Rwizi region registered the highest number of Cattle Stealing in 2023 (**946** cases), followed by East Kyoga with **612** cases, North Kyoga with **556** cases and Albertine with **575** cases as shown in the figure below;



FIGURE 13: REGIONS LEADING IN CATTLE STEALING



b. District/Divisional Performance

Kiruhura District registered the highest number of Cattle Stealing in 2023 (**181** cases), followed by Sembabule with **179** cases, Yumbe and Isingiro with **165** cases each, Nakasongola and Kazo with **163** cases each among others.

TABLE 12: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN CATTLE STEALING

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Kiruhura	181	202	137	195	387
2	Sembabule	179	113	124	115	157
3	Yumbe	165	127	152	108	148
4	Isingiro	165	151	138	113	98
5	Kazo	163	149	94	119	157
6	Nakasongola	163	161	113	111	162
7	Tororo	162	128	118	90	158
8	Bukedea	134	83	58	53	57
9	Kumi	128	120	67	69	82
10	Ntungamo	126	162	112	101	97
11	Kyenjojo	116	126	138	209	108
12	Mubende	113	71	71	62	73
13	Nakaseke	113	101	90	88	135
14	Kagadi	112	119	110	101	115
15	Gomba	98	106	150	173	116



1.3.2. ASSAULT

By the end of 2023, **29,881** cases (representing a **13.1%** of the total reported cases in the year) were due to Assault as compared to **32,041** cases reported in 2022 giving **6.7%** decrease of Assault cases registered countrywide.

COMPARISON OF ASSAULT CASES REGISTERED FROM 2019 TO 2023

There has been a general decrease in cases of Assault registered from **32,041** cases in 2022 to **29,881** cases in 2023 as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 14: COMPARISON OF ASSAULT CASES REGISTERED FROM 2019 TO 2023



By the end of 2023, out of the total cases of Assault (**29,881** cases) reported to Police, **7,861** cases were taken to Court, **7,059** were not proceeded with, while **14,961** cases are still under inquiry. **12,310** cases were submitted to DPP/RSA for perusal and legal guidance. Out of the **7,861** cases taken to Court, **2,578** cases secured convictions, **72** cases were acquitted, **864** cases were dismissed while **4,344** cases are still pending in Court.

TABLE 13: BREAKDOWN OF ASSAULT CASES

S/No.	Categories of Assault	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
2	Aggravated Assault (General)	6,059	5,917	6,150	5,913	6,197
3	Common Assault	23,822	26,124	23,167	24,799	25,698
	Total	29,881	32,041	29,317	30,712	31,895

1.3.2.4.1. COMMON ASSAULT

A total of **23,822** cases of Common Assault were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **26,124** cases reported in 2022, hence a decrease in Common Assault cases by **9.7%**. Cases of Assault are mainly associated with drugs and substance abuse, alcoholism, violence in homes, land wrangles and gambling among other reasons. By the end of 2023, **4,989** cases of Common Assault were taken to Court, out of which, **1,636** cases secured convictions, **49** case was acquitted, **550** cases were dismissed while **2,752** cases are still pending in Court.

a. Regional Performance



North Kyoga registered the highest number of cases of Common Assault in 2023 with **3,389** cases, followed by Rwizi with **1,831** cases, East Kyoga with **1,555** cases and Albertine with **1,157** cases among other regions as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 15: REGIONS LEADING IN COMMON ASSAULT



b. District/Divisional Performance

Lira City East Division registered the highest number of cases of Common Assault in 2023 (**613** cases), followed by Buyende with **525** cases, Alebatong with **521** cases and Rwampara with **514** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 14: DISTRICT/DIVISION WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF COMMON ASSAULT

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Lira City East	613	141	209	-	-
2	Buyende	525	449	558	66	526
3	Alebtong	521	623	297	206	108
4	Rwampara	514	304	305	205	66
5	Yumbe	511	289	214	181	111
6	Otuke	435	470	455	474	413
7	Lira	423	477	209	179	421
8	Bukwo	392	572	179	155	236
9	Ntungamo	361	310	289	394	318
10	Kween	354	194	232	614	280
11	Kapelebyong	350	78	320	309	377
12	Apac	349	443	57	63	42
13	Kabale	336	321	287	288	261
14	Ngora	317	320	301	389	490
15	Kakira	312	288	90	134	41



1.3.3. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

A total of **14,681** cases of Domestic Violence were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **17,698** cases reported in 2022 thus giving a **17%** decrease in the volume of Domestic Violence registered countrywide.

FIGURE 16: COMPARISON OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CASES FROM 2019 TO 2023



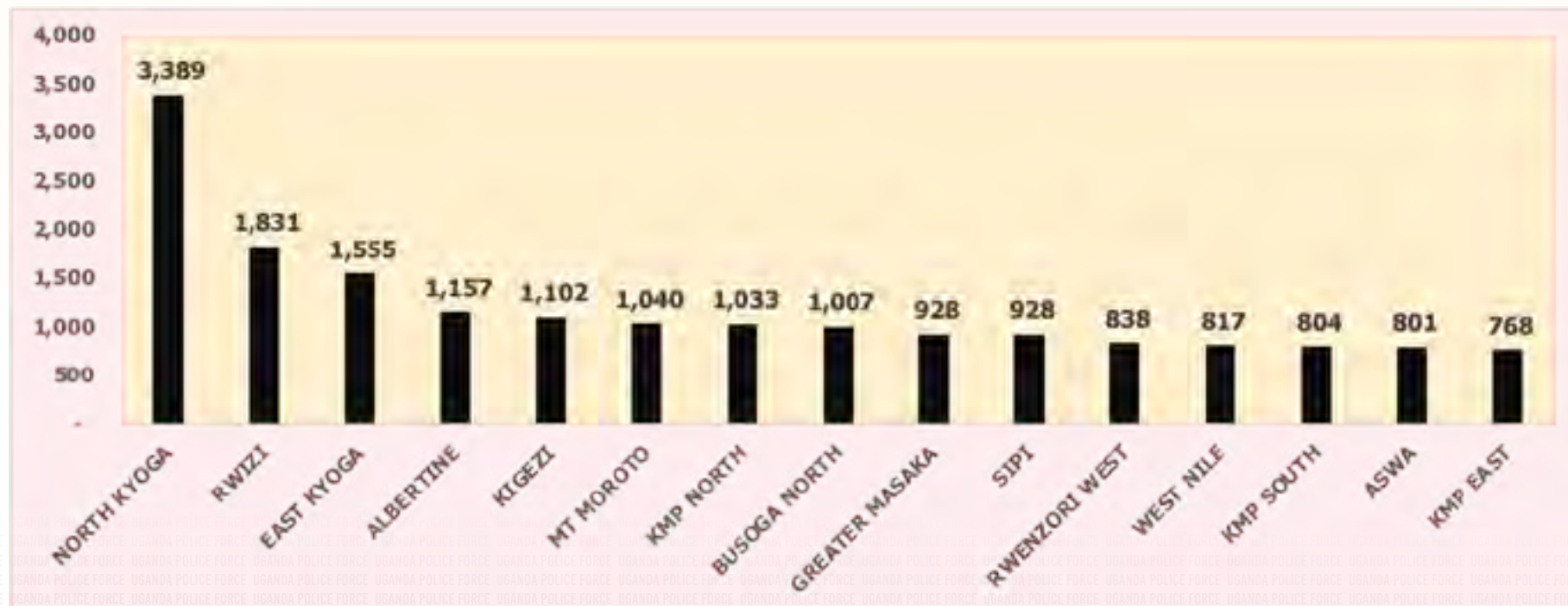
There has been a general decrease in cases of Domestic Violence registered countrywide from **17,698** cases in 2022 to **14,681** cases in 2023 as shown in the Figure above. Domestic Violence has mainly been caused by; Dispute over family property, Failure to provide for the family, Drug and Alcohol abuse, and Cases of infidelity.

By the end of 2023, **1,520** cases of Domestic Violence were taken to Court, out of which, **423** cases secured convictions, **25** case was acquitted, **183** cases were dismissed while **889** cases are still pending in Court. A total of **15,184** people were victims of Domestic Violence, of whom **3,243** were Male Adults, **10,792** were Female Adults and **505** were Male Juveniles while **644** were Female Juveniles.

a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of Domestic Violence in 2023 (**1,538** cases), followed Rwenzori West with **1,101** cases, Rwizi with **982** cases and Albertine with **944** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 17: REGIONS LEADING IN DOMESTIC VIOLENCE





b. District/Divisional Performance

Luwero Police Station registered the highest number of cases of Domestic Violence in 2023 (**534** cases), followed by Kamwenge with **492** cases, Omoro with **318** cases, Kwania with **307** cases, and Kikuube with **282** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 15: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Luwero	534	501	340	114	106
2	Kamwenge	492	266	442	240	29
3	Omoro	318	291	479	351	206
4	Kwania	307	193	57	67	67
5	Kikuube	282	341	42	47	205
6	Nakasongola	235	148	82	97	61
7	Lira City East	230	151	120	37	399
8	Rwampara	226	104	111	129	7
9	Mbale - Northern	224	49	110	5	218
10	Ibanda	222	248	280	247	197
11	Kween	215	171	120	289	129
12	Amolatar	212	341	459	298	-
13	Sembabule	206	270	230	193	364
14	Tororo	201	294	159	563	306
15	Amuria	201	181	243	271	375

1.3.4. HOMICIDES

A total of **4,248** cases (representing a **1.9%** of the total reported cases in the year) reported to Police by the end of 2023 were due to homicides, compared to **4,043** cases reported in 2022, giving a **5.1%** increase in Homicide cases registered countrywide. By the end of 2023, out of the total Homicides reported to Police, **1,204** cases were taken to Court, **445** cases were not proceeded with while **2,599** cases are still under inquiry. A total of **4,366** persons were victims of Homicide, out of whom, **3,381** were Male Adults, **599** were Female Adults, **248** were Male Juveniles while **138** were Female Juveniles.



COMPARISON OF HOMICIDE (2019 - 2023)

Generally, there has been a decreasing trend of Homicide cases registered from 2019 to 2023 as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 18: 2019 – 2023 TREND OF HOMICIDES



The motive behind such killings include; land wrangles, infidelity, people taking the law into their hands, family misunderstandings, crime of passion and business rivalry.

DISTRIBUTION OF HOMICIDES BY CATEGORY FOR THE LAST TWO YEARS

In the last two years, Murders through Assault kept on leading with **1,095** cases registered in 2021, **1,085** cases in 2022 and 1142 cases in 2023, followed by Murder by Mob Action with **759** cases registered in 2021, **953** cases in 2022 and **1,039** cases registered in 2023 among others as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 19: COMPARISON OF HOMICIDE CASES FROM 2021 TO 2023





PERCENTAGE REPRESENTATION OF MURDER BY CATEGORY 2019 -2023

There was a **5%** general increase in the Murders registered by Police countrywide. This was attributed by a **5%** increase in Murder through Assault, a **9%** increase in Murders by Mob Action and Strangulation, **4%** increase in Murder by Blunt Object, **8%** increase in Murder by Shooting, **15%** increase in Murder by Hacking, **16%** increase in Murder by Sturing and a **17%** increase in Ritual Murders as shown in the table below;

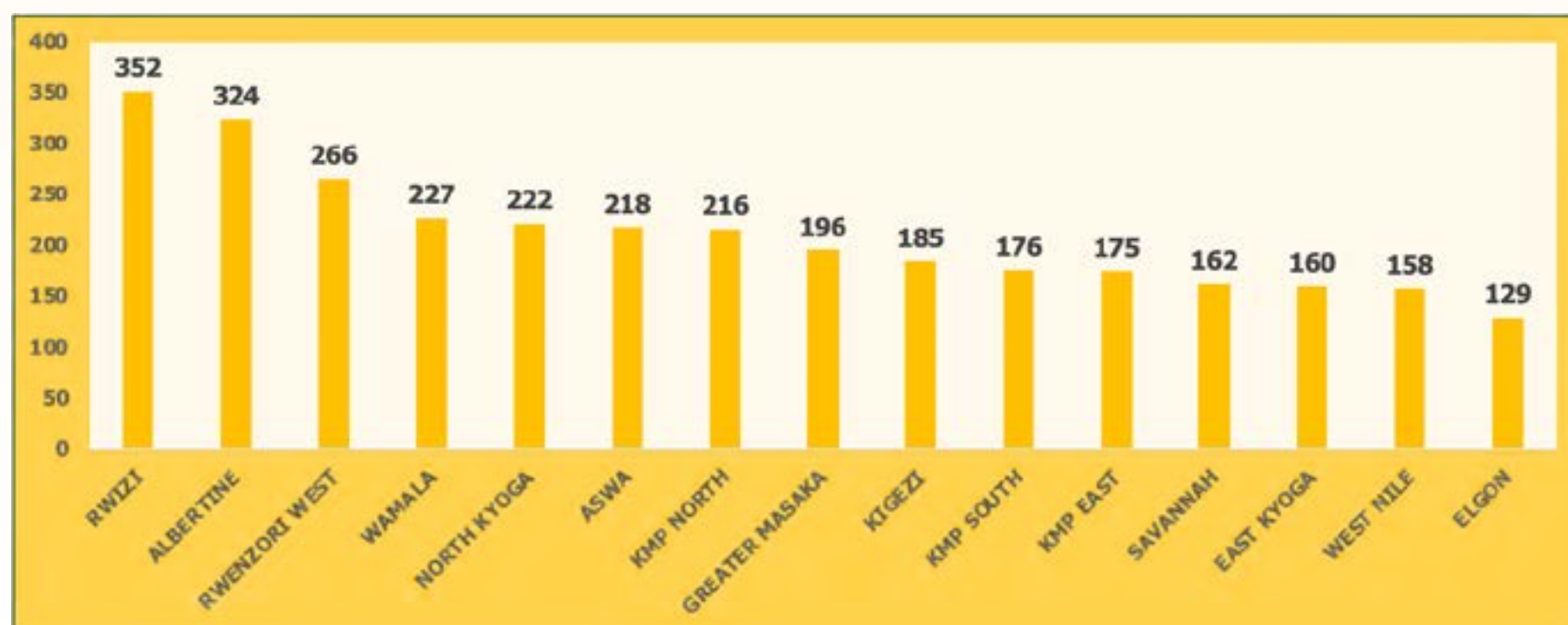
TABLE 16: PERCENTAGE REPRESENTATION OF HOMICIDE CASES (2021-2023)

S/No.	Crime Category	No. of Cases Reported			
		2021	2022	2023	%ge Change
1	Murder through Assault	1,095	1,085	1,142	5%
2	Murder by Mob Action	759	953	1,039	9%
4	Murder by Strangulation	373	379	414	9%
3	Murder by Blunt Object	393	342	356	4%
5	Murder as a Result of Agg. Domestic Violence	376	297	242	-19%
7	Murder by Shooting	303	279	300	8%
6	Murder by Hacking	206	231	266	15%
8	Murder by Stabbing	215	221	257	16%
9	Murder by Poisoning	89	117	110	-6%
10	Ritual Murders	46	72	84	17%
11	Murder by Arson	57	67	38	-43%
	TOTAL	3,912	4,043	4,248	5%

a. Regional Performance

Rwizi Region registered the highest number of Homicide cases in 2023 (**352** cases), followed by Albertine with **324**, Rwenzori West with **266** cases, and Wamala region with **227** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 20: REGIONS WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF HOMICIDE CASES



b. District/Divisional Performance

Luwero District registered the highest number of Homicide cases in 2023 (**90** cases), followed by Ntungamo Police station with **85** cases, Katwe with **72** cases, Kyenjojo Police station with **68** cases and Mubende with **64** cases among others as shown in the following table;



TABLE 17: DISTRICT/DIVISION WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF HOMICIDE CASES

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Luwero	90	58	77	139	70
2	Ntungamo	85	70	77	81	97
3	Katwe	72	47	37	161	51
4	Kyenjojo	68	65	60	68	62
5	Mubende	64	46	60	57	79
6	Jinja	61	38	15	73	75
7	Mukono	60	74	37	182	27
8	Isingiro	60	61	39	60	64
9	Mityana	59	40	42	27	43
10	Kasangati	55	37	29	31	31
11	Kakumiro	53	58	46	44	41
12	Masindi	49	34	33	46	54
13	Kagadi	48	60	44	34	58
14	Ibanda	48	32	39	33	35
15	Kikuube	47	45	49	44	30

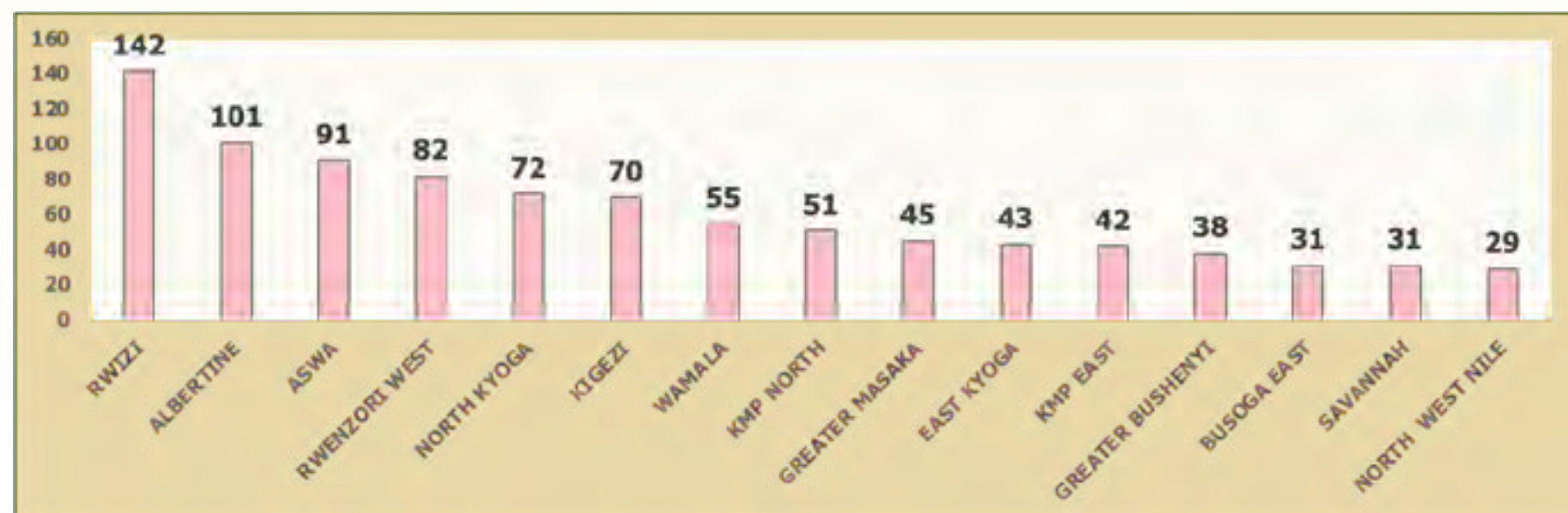
1.3.4.1. MURDER BY ASSAULT

A total of **1,142** cases of Murder as a result of Assault were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **1,085** cases reported in 2022, giving a **5.2%** increase in this crime category. A total of **1,129** persons were assaulted to death, of whom, **874** were Male Adults, **155** were Female Adults, **65** were Male Juveniles and **35** were Female Juveniles.

a. Regional Performance

Rwizi region registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Assault in 2023 (**142** cases), followed by Albertine with **101** cases, Aswa with **91** cases and Rwenzori West with **82** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 21: REGIONS LEADING IN MURDER BY ASSAULT





b. District/Divisional Performance

Ntungamo District registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Assault in 2023 (**53** cases), followed by Ibanda with **27** cases, Isingiro with **26** cases, Kanungu, Bundibugyo, Kyenjojo and Amuru with **19** cases each as shown in the table below;

TABLE 18: DISTRICT/DIVISION WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF CASES OF MURDER BY ASSAULT FROM 2021 - 2023

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported		
		2023	2022	2021
1	Ntungamo	53	43	42
2	Ibanda	27	12	19
3	Isingiro	26	15	19
4	Bundibugyo	19	5	5
5	Amuru	19	13	14
6	Kanungu	19	6	5
7	Kyenjojo	19	30	17
8	Rukungiri	18	22	25
9	Mubende	17	26	19
10	Mukono	16	9	2
11	Old Kampala	16	9	11
12	Masindi	16	12	13
13	Oyam	16	11	14
14	Mpigi	16	07	12
15	Kikuube	16	18	11

1.3.4.2. MURDER AS A RESULT OF MOB ACTION

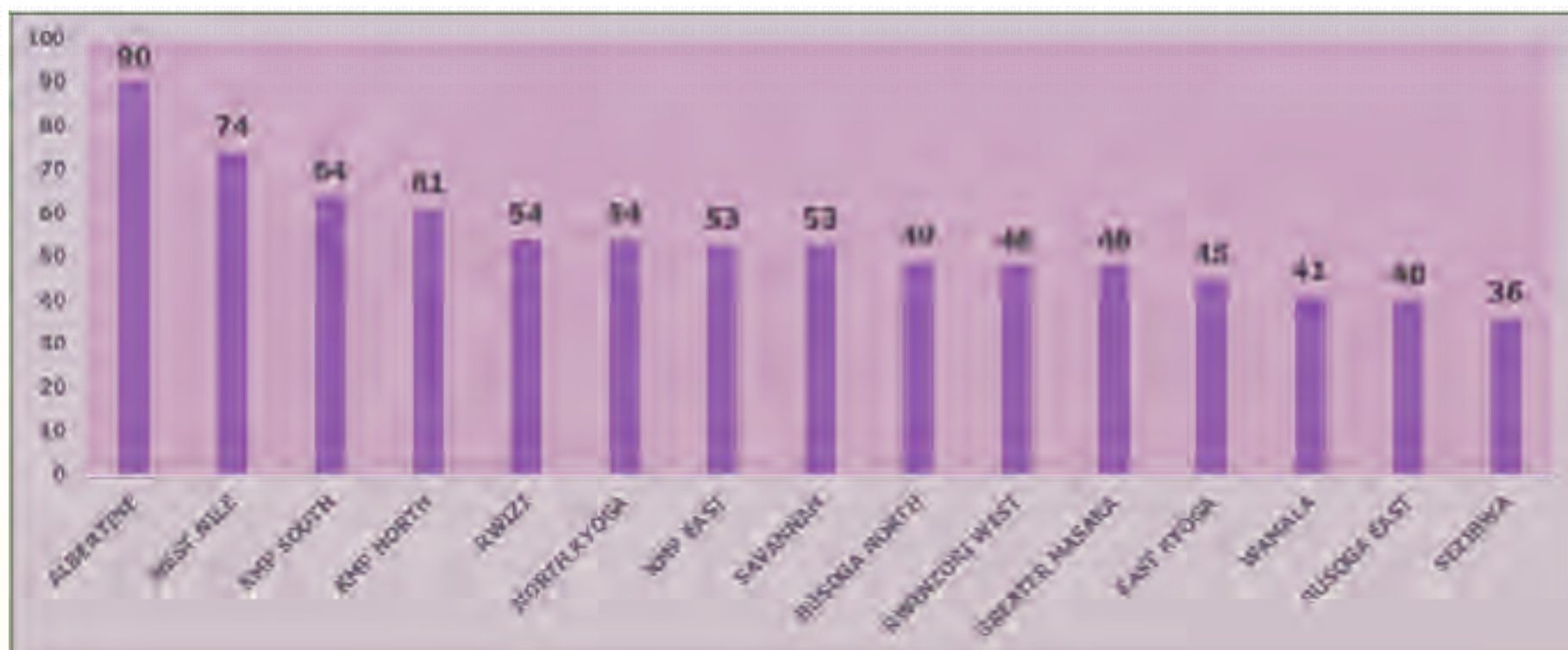
By the end of 2023, a total of **1,039** cases of Murder by Mob Action were reported to Police compared to **953** cases reported in 2022, giving an increase of **9%** in this crime category. Victims of Mob Action were mainly suspected to have committed the following offences; Theft, Robbery, Murder, Witchcraft, Burglary thereby making suspects take law into their own hands.

TABLE 19: CAUSES OF MOB ACTION

S/No.	Causes of lynching	No. of cases	No. of persons killed	
			Male	Female
1	Theft	634	607	42
2	Robbery	81	54	1
3	Murder	51	47	-
4	Witchcraft	18	11	5
5	Burglary	41	39	-
6	Any other	214	228	26
	Total	1,039	985	74



FIGURE 22: REGIONS LEADING IN MURDER BY MOB ACTION



a. District/Divisional Performance

By the end of 2023, Luwero District registered the highest number of Murder by Mob Action (**35** cases), followed by Katwe Police Division with **28** cases, Jinja with **23** cases, Kaliro with **22** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 20: DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS LEADING IN MURDER BY MOB ACTION

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Luwero	35	18	21	12	19
2	Katwe	28	17	14	11	8
4	Jinja	23	13	10	8	11
3	Kaliro	22	6	7	4	9
5	Kawempe	21	8	15	5	4
7	Masindi	19	9	10	9	3
6	Kira Division	19	9	4	3	1
8	Lira City West	17	11	8	13	11
9	Kayunga	17	11	11	6	9
10	Mukono	17	28	14	5	4
11	Kakumiro	16	19	7	15	7
12	Kyenjojo	16	9	18	9	12
13	Kabalagala	15	12	7	6	6
14	Kamuli	15	17	16	8	10
15	Nsangi	14	15	6	7	7



1.3.4.3. MURDER BY STRANGULATION

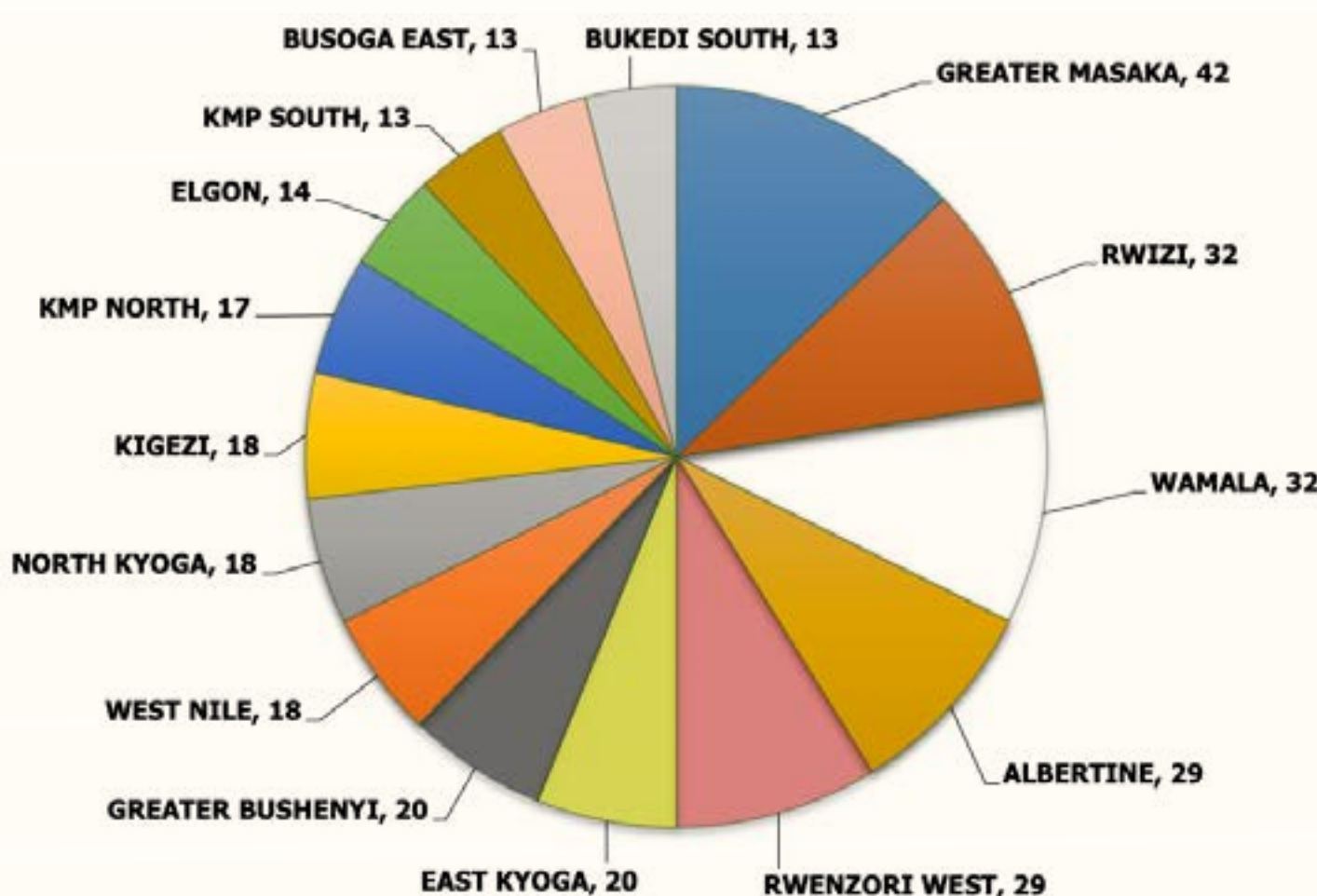
A total of **414** cases of Murder as a result of Strangulation were reported to the Police countrywide in 2023 compared to **379** cases reported in 2022, giving a **9.2%** increase.

A total of **425** persons were strangled to death in 2023, of whom, **261** were Male Adults, **96** were Female Adults, **35** were Male Juveniles and **33** were Female Juveniles.

a. Regional Performance

Greater Masaka Region registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Strangulation (**42** cases), followed by Rwizi and Wamala with **32** cases each, Albertine and Rwenzori West with **29** cases each as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 23: REGIONS LEADING IN MURDER BY STRANGULATION



b. District/Divisional Performance

Kyegegwa and Kyankwanzi Police Stations registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Strangulation in 2023 (**13** cases each), followed by Sheema and Mbarara Rural with **12** cases each, Wakiso and Sembabule District with **11** cases each among others as shown in the table below;

TABLE 21: DISTRICT/DIVISION WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF CASES OF MURDER BY STRANGULATION

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported		
		2023	2022	2021
1	Kyegegwa	13	9	11
2	Kyankwanzi	13	7	5
3	Sheema	12	6	2
4	Mbarara Rural	12	7	19



S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported		
		2023	2022	2021
5	Sembabule	11	9	2
6	Wakiso	11	5	2
7	Lwengo	9	8	13
8	Bugiri	9	3	1
9	Busia	8	2	-
10	Kyotera	8	2	-
11	Adjumani	8	1	2
12	Kasanda	7	8	1
13	Kakumiro	7	6	7
14	Luwero	7	2	7
15	Katwe	7	15	2

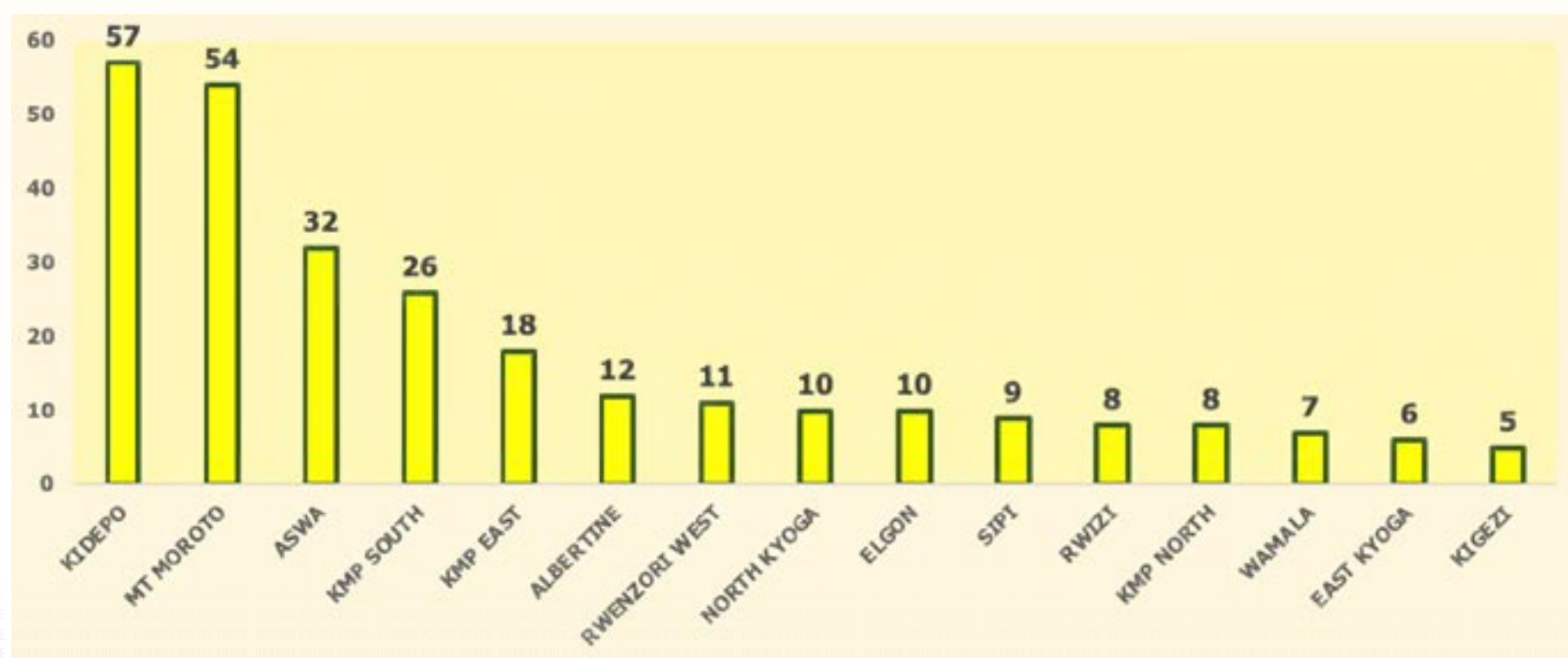
1.3.4.4. MURDER BY SHOOTING

A total of **300** cases of Murder by Shooting were reported to the Police countrywide in 2023 compared to **279** cases reported in 2022, giving a **7.5%** increase in the reported cases in this category countrywide. Out of the total cases reported, **57** cases were taken to Court, **73** cases were not proceeded with while **170** cases are still under inquiry. A total of **330** persons were shot dead, of whom **298** were Male Adults, **25** were Female Adults **06** Male Juveniles while **01** was a Female Juvenile. By the end of 2023, **81** cases of Murder by Shooting were still pending in Court awaiting trial.

a. Regional Performance

Kidepo Region registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Shooting in 2023 (**57** cases), followed by Mt. Moroto with **54** cases, Aswa with **32** cases, KMP South with **26** cases and KMP East with **18** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 24: REGIONS LEADING IN MURDER BY SHOOTING





b. District/Divisional Performance

Murder by Shooting were registered highest in Kaabong District with **25** cases, followed by Nakapiripirit with **23** cases, Kotido with **14** cases, Agago with **12** cases, Moroto, Katwe and Napak with **11** cases each among others as shown in the table below;

TABLE 22: DISTRICT/DIVISION WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF CASES OF MURDER BY SHOOTING

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Kaabong	25	14	22	12	6
2	Nakapiripirit	23	5	3	-	2
3	Kotido	14	39	32	19	5
4	Agago	12	14	-	-	-
5	Katwe	11	2	3	2	8
6	Moroto	11	7	15	14	5
7	Napak	11	29	28	12	3
8	Karenga	10	8	6	5	1
9	Mukono	8	3	2	2	4
10	Abim	8	11	5	6	10
11	Kitgum	8	2	1	4	-
12	Masindi	7	3	4	-	2
13	Bukwo	7	--	2	1	2
14	Nabilatuk	7	4	19	4	5
15	Lamwo	5	3	-	-	-

1.3.4.5. MURDER AS A RESULT OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

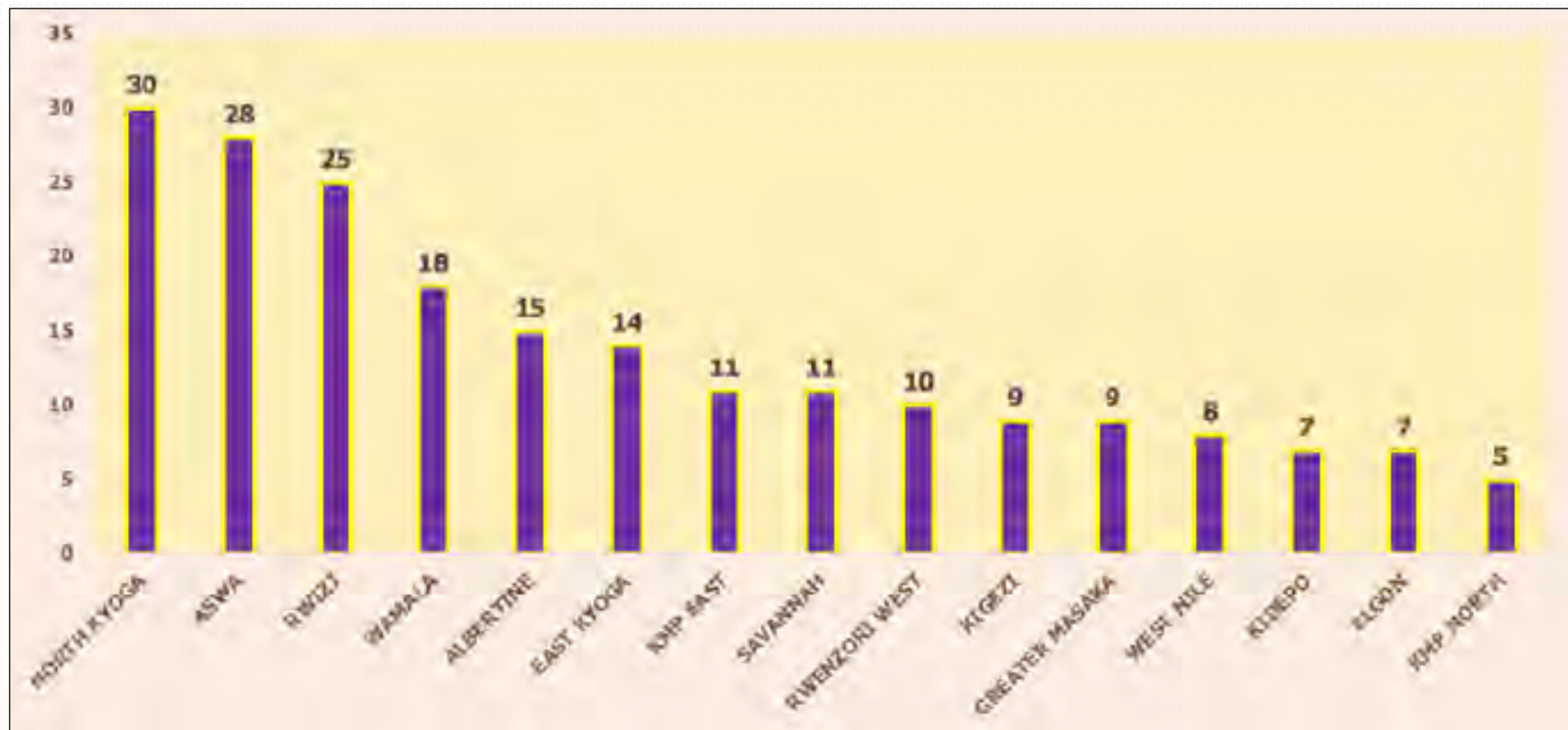
A total of **242** cases of Murder as a result of Domestic Violence were reported to the Police countrywide in 2023 compared to **301** cases reported in 2022, giving a **19.6%** decrease. Out of the total cases reported to Police, **122** cases were taken to Court, **16** cases were not proceeded with while **104** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the **122** cases taken to Court, **08** cases secured conviction, **03** cases were dismissed while **111** cases are still pending in Court. A total of **249** persons were killed as a result of Aggravated Domestic Violence of whom **95** were Male Adults, **113** were Female Adults, **27** were Male Juveniles and **14** were Female Juveniles.

a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of cases of Murder as a result of Domestic Violence in 2023 (**30** cases), followed by Aswa and Rwizi with **28** cases each, Wamala with **19** cases as shown in the figure bellow;



FIGURE 25: REGIONS LEADING IN MURDER BY DOMESTIC VIOLENCE



b. District/Divisional Performance

Murder as a result of Domestic Violence was registered highest in Ntungamo District in 2023 (**15** cases), followed by Mityana with **11** cases, Pader and Apac with **10** cases, Oyam and Nakaseke with **09** cases each among others as shown in the table below;

TABLE 23: DISTRICT/DIVISIONS LEADING IN MURDER BY DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

S/No	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Ntungamo	15	13	13	14	7
2	Mityana	11	1	4	3	2
3	Apac	10	6	3	4	4
4	Pader	10	14	7	3	5
5	Nakaseke	9	4	-	-	-
6	Oyam	9	7	12	7	10
7	Abim	5	5	3	2	2
8	Nagalama	5	-	-	-	-
9	Kamwenge	5	8	4	5	11
10	Isingiro	5	4	7	7	5
11	Kikuube	4	4	6	8	3
12	Mukono	4	3	2	27	-
13	Wakiso	4	1	1	35	-
14	Ayivu - West	4	-	-	-	-
15	Kitgum	3	6	12	11	2



1.3.5. SEX-RELATED CRIMES

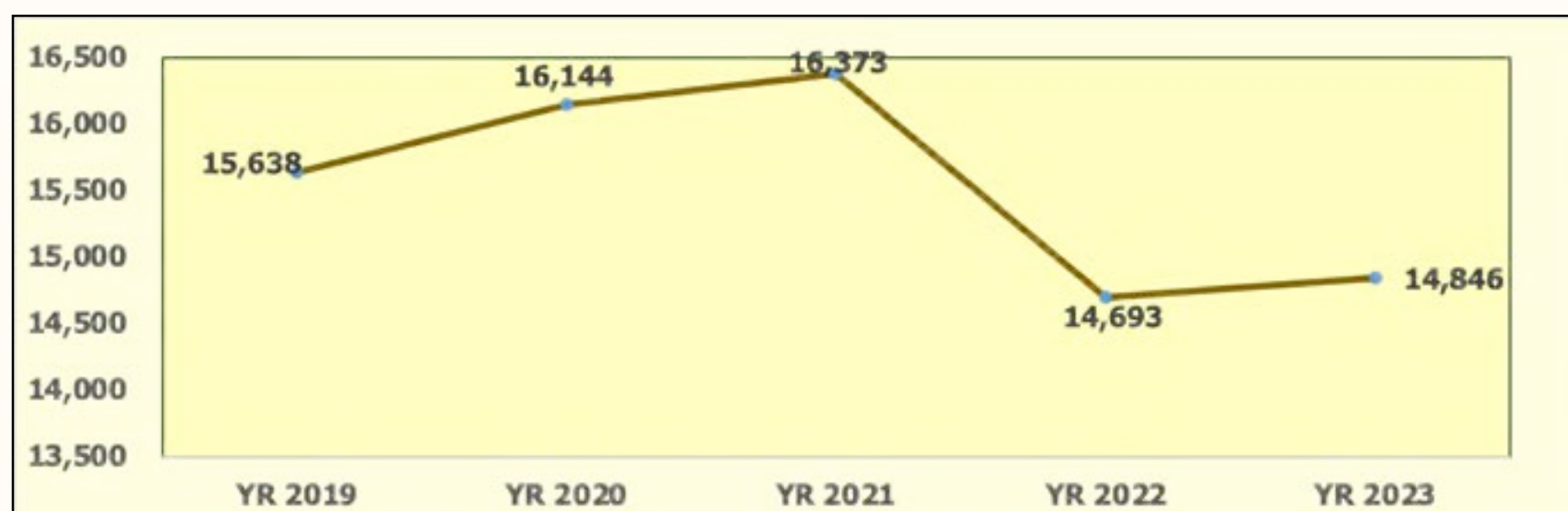
In 2023, a total of **14,846** Sex-related cases representing **6.5%** of the overall registered crimes in this category countrywide were reported to the Police compared to **14,693** cases reported in 2022 giving an increase by **1.4%**.

By the end of 2023, out of **14,846** Sex-related crimes reported to Police **6,395** cases were taken to Court, **2,790** cases were not proceeded with while **5,661** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **1,015** cases secured convictions, **45** cases were acquitted, **463** cases were dismissed while **4,872** cases are still pending in Court. Out of **15,309** persons that were victims of Sex-related crimes, **13,087** were Female Juveniles, **312** were Male Juveniles, **223** were Male Adults while **1,687** were Female Adults.

COMPARISON OF SEX-RELATED CASES FROM 2019 TO 2023

There has been a slight decrease in cases of Sex-related offences from **14,693** cases in 2022 to **14,846** cases in 2023 as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 26: COMPARISON OF SEX-RELATED CASES FROM 2019 TO 2023



1.3.5.1. DEFILEMENT IN GENERAL

A total of **12,771** cases of Defilement were reported to Police in 2023, compared to **12,580** cases reported in 2022, giving an increase by **1.5%** in Defilement cases registered countrywide. Of the cases Defilement reported in 2022, **8,925** cases were Defilement while **3,846** cases were Aggravated Defilement.

Out of the Defilement cases reported in 2023, **5,564** cases were taken to Court, **2,402** cases were not proceeded with while **4,805** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the cases taken to Court, **940** cases secured convictions, **38** cases were acquitted, **414** cases were dismissed and **4,172** cases are still pending in Court. A total of **5,671** suspects of Defilement were arrested and charged to Court, out of whom, **982** were convicted, **56** were acquitted, **400** discharged while **4,233** were still awaiting trial.

a. Victims of Defilement

A total of **13,144** victims were defiled in 2023, of whom, **12,818** were Female Juveniles and **326** were Male Juveniles.

TABLE 24: VICTIMS OF DEFILEMENT BY AGE GROUP

Age Group	0-8 Years	9-14 Years	15-17 Years
No. of Victims in 2023	1,627	2,837	8,307



The category of 15 – 17 years were mainly victims of Defilement as they were taken advantage of, and others defiled in the process of doing domestic chores like collecting water and firewood especially in the rural areas. In total, **383** children were defiled by suspects who are HIV positive, followed by **97** children defiled by biological parents and **90** children defiled by their guardians as shown in the table below;

TABLE 25: CATEGORY OF VICTIMS OF DEFILEMENT

S/no.	Category of Victims	No. of Victims
1	Defiled by Persons who are HIV positive	383
2	Defiled by Guardians	90
3	Defiled by Parents	97
4	Children with Disability	131
5	Defiled by Teachers (Pupils)	142
6	Defiled by Teachers (Students)	69

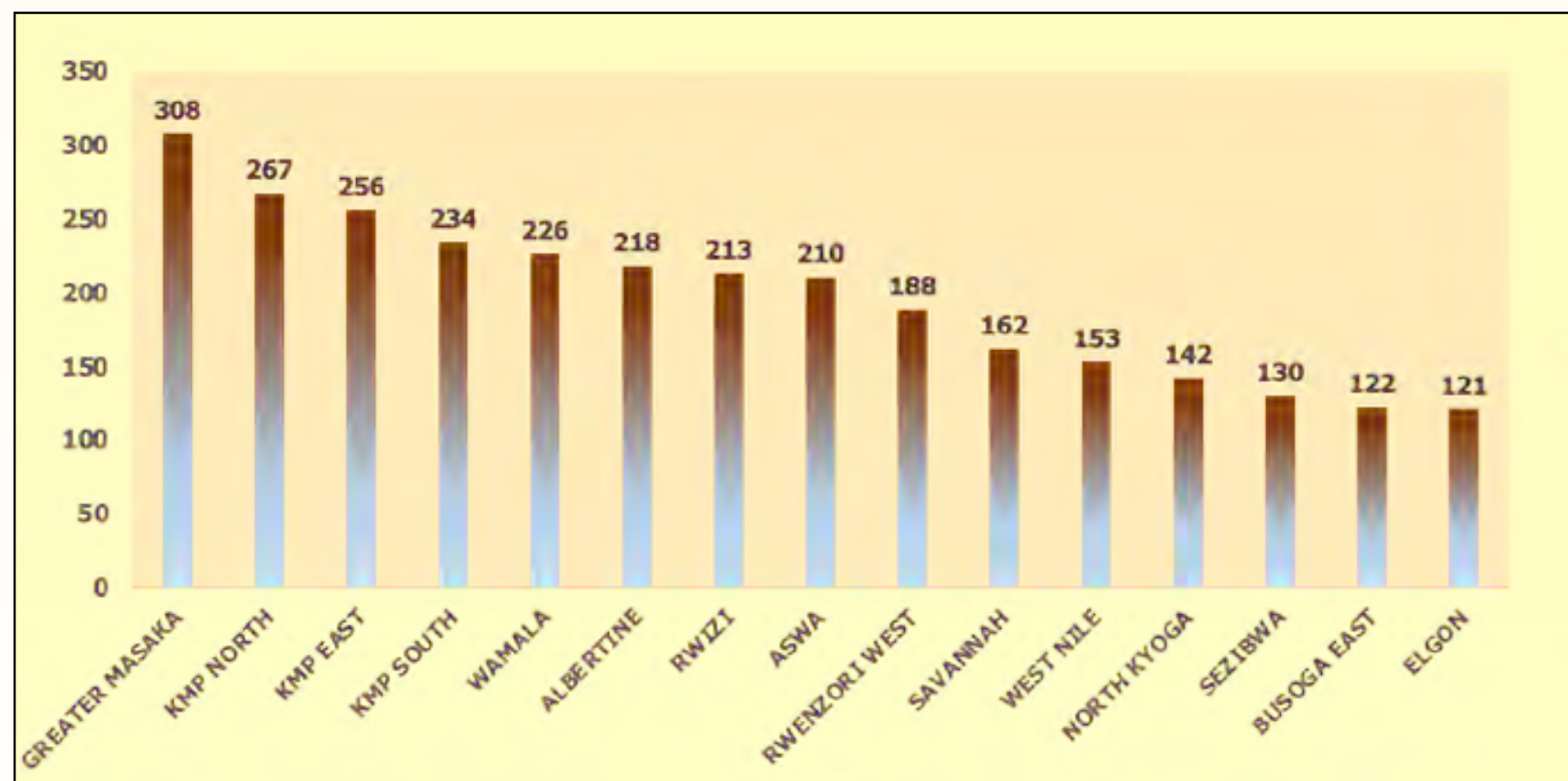
1.3.5.1.1. AGGRAVATED DEFILEMENT

By the end of 2023, a total of **3,846** cases of Aggravated Defilement were reported to Police compared to **3,620** cases reported in 2022, giving a **6.2%** increase.

a. Regional Performance

Greater Masaka Region registered the highest number of cases of Aggravated Defilement (**308** cases), followed by KMP North with **267** cases, KMP East with **256** cases, KMP South with **234** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 27: REGION LEADING IN AGGRAVATED DEFILEMENT



Regions that registered the lowest number of Aggravated Defilement cases in 2023 included Kidepo with **19** cases followed by Mt. Moroto with **24** cases, Bukedi North with **36** cases, Sipi with **41** cases and Busoga North with **58** cases.



b. District/Divisional Performance

Mukono Police Division registered the highest number of Aggravated Defilement cases in 2023 (**111** cases), followed by Luwero District with **99** cases, Katwe with **91** cases, Mpigi with **75** cases and Mubende with **64** cases as shown in table below;

TABLE 26: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN AGGRAVATED DEFILEMENT

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported		
		2023	2022	2021
1	Mukono	111	66	100
2	Luwero	99	68	76
3	Katwe	91	83	70
4	Mpigi	75	46	62
5	Mubende	64	47	74
6	Yumbe	63	54	18
7	Nagalama	61	48	46
8	Old Kampala	55	38	31
9	Mityana	49	51	62
10	Kasanda	48	41	38
11	Wakiso	46	48	40
12	Kalungu	45	15	25
13	Masindi	44	26	34
14	Nansana	43	53	59
15	Entebbe	41	30	24

1.3.5.1.2. DEFILEMENT

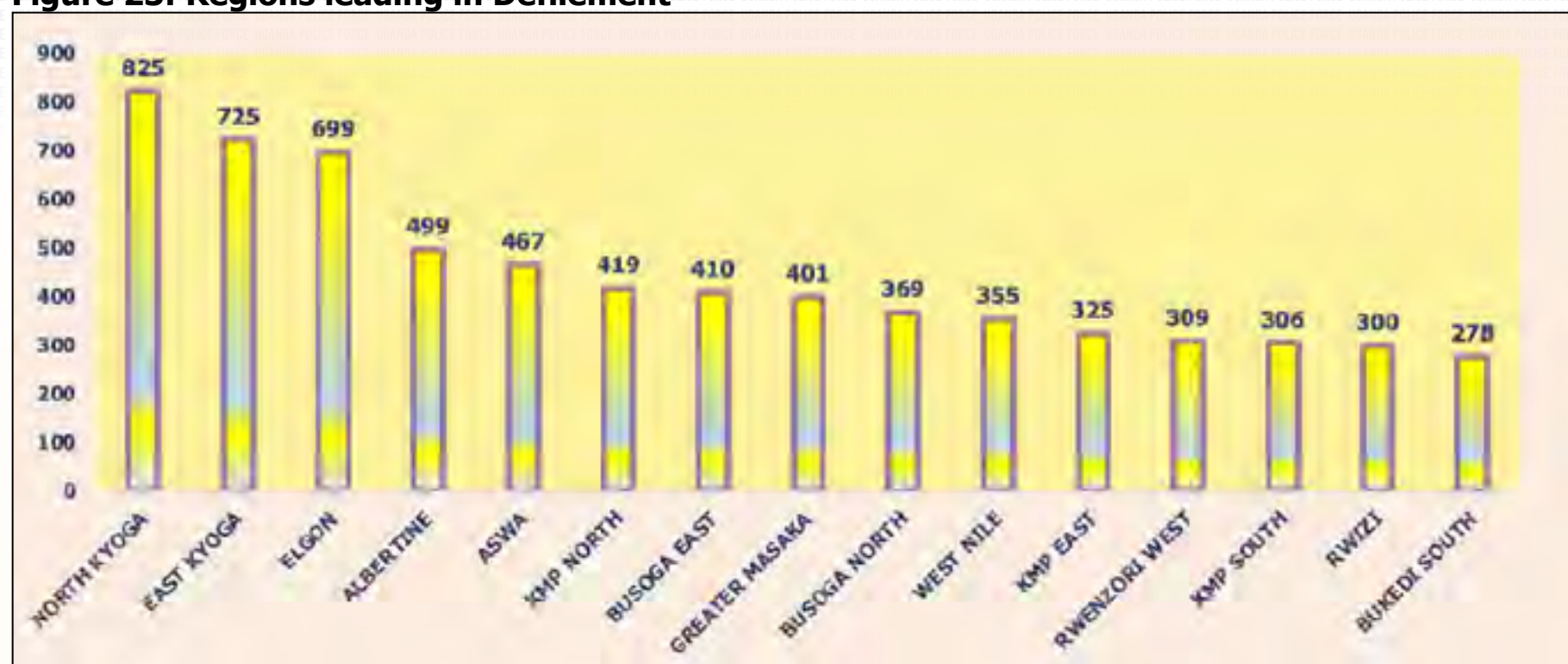
In 2023, a total of **8,925** cases of Defilement were reported to Police compared to **8,960** cases reported in 2022, giving a **0.3%** decrease in the Defilement cases registered in the whole year.

a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of cases of Defilement in 2023 (**825** cases), followed by East Kyoga with **725** cases, Elgon with **699** cases, Albertine with **499** cases, Aswa with **467** cases and KMP North with **419** cases as shown in the figure below;



Figure 23: Regions leading in Defilement



b. District/Divisional Performance

Tororo District registered the highest number of Defilement cases in 2023 (**159** cases), followed by Kiryandongo District with **150** cases, Buyende with **149** cases and Lira City East with **134** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 27: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN DEFILEMENT

S/No	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Tororo	159	126	144	188	190
2	Kiryandongo	150	151	132	185	92
3	Buyende	149	125	196	207	160
4	Lira City East	134	31	141	134	197
5	Bududa	133	142	129	163	143
6	Oyam	132	109	135	119	119
7	Luwero	121	98	136	174	166
8	Namisindwa	119	73	58	73	104
9	Sironko	114	115	112	119	86
10	Kapchorwa	113	99	74	50	137
11	Kamuli	106	174	254	236	274
12	Bukwo	106	63	100	77	52
13	Bugiri	105	94	84	104	134
14	Kawempe	105	83	99	66	110
15	Apac	105	86	43	81	84

1.3.5.2. RAPE

A total of **1,577** cases of Rape were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **1,623** cases reported in 2022, giving a decrease of **2.8%**. By the end of 2023, **625** cases of Rape were taken to Court, out of which **30** cases secured convictions, **04** cases were acquitted, **17** were dismissed while **574** cases are still pending in Court. A total of **1,395** Female Adults and **171** Female Juveniles were victims of Rape. **661** suspects of Rape were charged in Court, **31** were convicted, while **610** are still awaiting trial.



a. Regional Performance

KMP South registered the highest number of cases of Rape in 2023 (**140** cases), followed by KMP North with **127** cases, KMP East with **114** cases, Rwizi with **98** cases, Greater Masaka with **93** cases and North Kyoga with **92** cases as shown in Figure 28;

FIGURE 28: REGIONS LEADING IN RAPE



b. District/Divisional Performance

Katwe Police Division registered the highest number of Rape cases in 2023 (**52** cases), followed by Yumbe with **34** cases, Kira Division with **29** cases, Tororo with **28** cases, and Mukono with **27** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 28: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN RAPE

S/No	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Katwe	52	35	28	23	12
2	Yumbe	34	16	8	8	15
3	Kawempe	26	42	38	35	23
4	Old Kampala	26	20	16	29	18
5	Tororo	28	32	32	30	24
6	Kira Road	29	22	27	18	19
7	Mukono	27	27	41	28	20
8	Nagalama	21	11	3	11	18
9	Entebbe	22	10	12	14	11
10	Kira Division	22	33	19	15	29
11	Kanungu	20	12	6	9	6
12	Lira City West	18	7	-	-	-
13	Kasangati	18	19	12	20	17
14	Kabalagala	21	28	15	17	22
15	Kamwenge	20	13	2	11	15



1.3.5.3. OTHER SEX-RELATED OFFENCES

The highest offence registered under this category was Indecent Assault with **299** cases, followed by unnatural offences with **160** cases and incest with **39** cases, as shown in the table below;

TABLE 29: COMPARISON OF OTHER SEX-RELATED OFFENCES

S/No.	Offences	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Indecent Assault	299	355	338	354	340
2	Incest	39	52	33	58	54
3	Unnatural Offences	160	83	80	79	103
	TOTAL	498	490	451	491	497

1.3.6. BREAKINGS

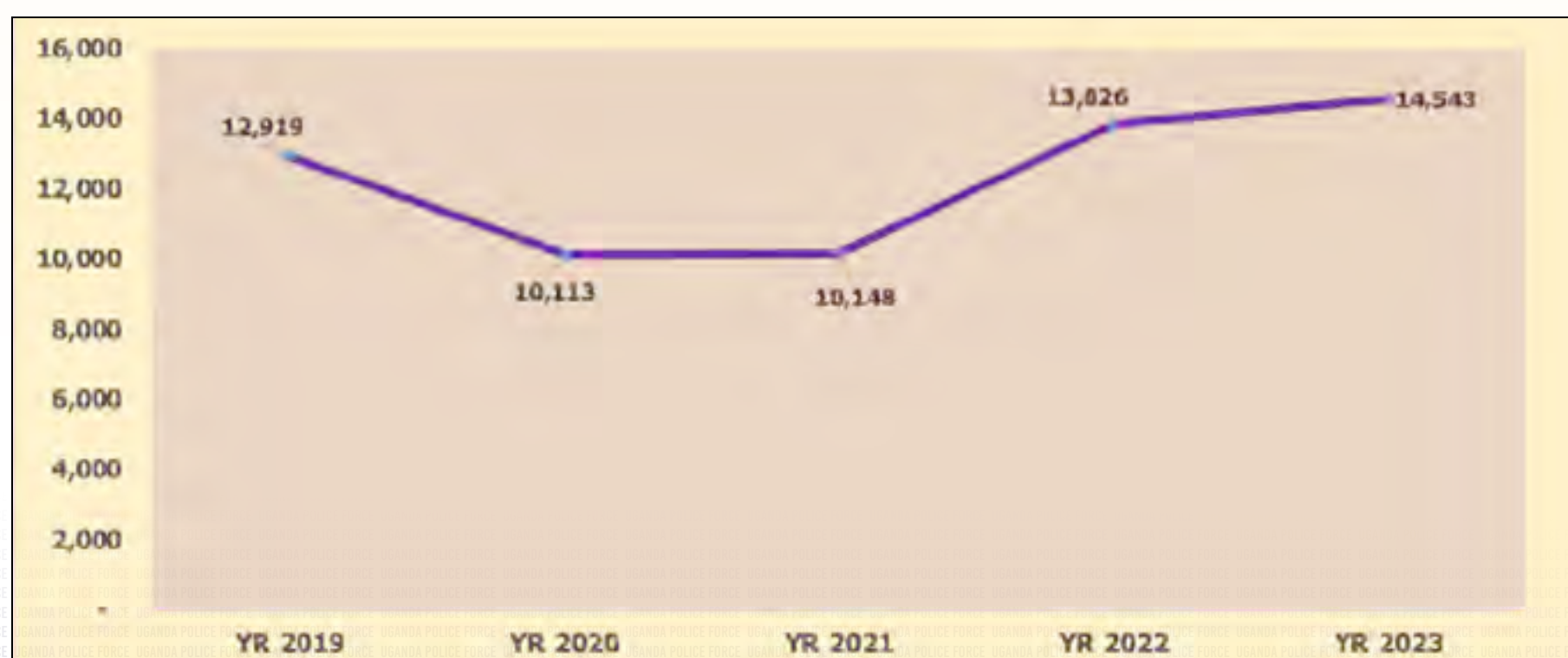
A total of **14,543** cases of Breakings were reported to Police in 2023, representing **6.4%** of all the crimes reported countrywide, compared to **13,826** cases reported in 2022, giving a **5.2%** increase in this crime category. Burglary was registered the highest in this category with **6,619** cases, followed by House Breakings with **3,329** cases and Shop Breakings with **2,303** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 30: BREAKINGS OFFENCES REPORTED

S/No.	Offences	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Burglaries	6,619	6,570	4,822	4,991	6,381
2	House Breakings	3,329	3,174	2,129	2,041	3,156
3	Shop Breakings	2,303	1,990	1,607	1,431	1,672
4	Office Breakings	417	348	285	359	432
5	Other Breakings (garage ,etc)	1,875	1,744	1,305	1,291	1,278
	TOTAL	14,543	13,826	10,148	10,113	12,919

By the end of 2023, out of the total cases of Breakings reported to Police, **7,846** cases were taken to Court, **2,109** were not proceeded with, while **4,588** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **2,347** cases secured convictions, **86** cases were acquitted, **1,092** cases were dismissed while **4,321** cases are still pending in Court.

FIGURE 29: COMPARISON OF CASES OF BREAKINGS FROM 2019 TO 2023

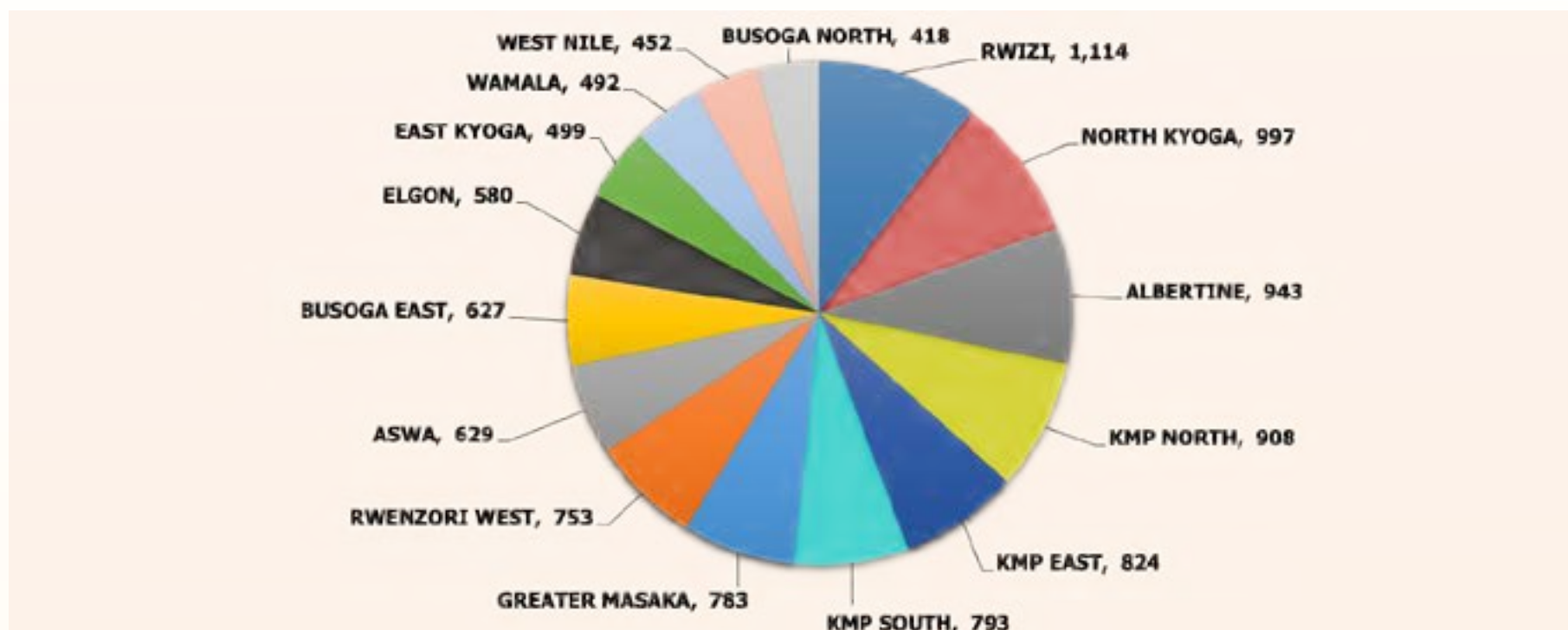




a. Regional Performance

Rwizi Region registered the highest number of cases of Breakings with **1,114** cases, followed by North Kyoga with **977** cases, Albertine with **943** cases, KMP North with **908** cases, KMP East with **824**, KMP South with **793** cases and Greater Masaka with **783** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 30: REGIONS LEADING IN BREAKINGS



b. District/Divisional Performance

Tororo District registered the highest number of cases of Breakings in 2023 (**244** cases), followed by Isingiro with **229** cases, Katwe with **227** cases, Mukono with **226** cases, Ntungamo with **221** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 31: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN BREAKINGS

S/No	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Tororo	244	239	117	150	182
2	Isingiro	229	184	114	114	136
3	Katwe	227	187	157	89	28
4	Mukono	226	229	177	185	239
5	Ntungamo	221	163	119	156	187
6	Luwero	218	180	98	83	187
7	Kapchorwa	192	107	57	97	110
8	Lira City West	183	144	133	98	289
9	Kira Division	179	159	98	120	123
10	Kasangati	171	150	93	120	177
11	Jinja	168	132	89	105	138
12	Lira City East	168	96	-	-	-
13	Mayuge	168	99	72	76	91
14	Iganga	167	178	126	159	129
15	Oyam	165	117	71	53	62



1.3.6.1. BURGLARIES

A total of **6,619** cases of Burglaries were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **6,570** cases in 2022, giving a **0.7%** increase in this crime category.

a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of cases of Burglaries in 2023 (**580** cases) followed by Albertine with **437** cases, Rwizi with **386** cases, KMP North with **382** and KMP East with **378** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 31: REGIONS LEADING IN BURGLARY



b. District/Divisional Performance

Lira City West District registered the highest number of Burglaries in 2023 (**113** cases), followed by Kamuli District with **111** cases, Kapchorwa with **109** cases, Tororo with **104** cases, Luwero **103** cases, Lira City East and Jinja District with **98** cases each as shown in the table below;

TABLE 32: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN BURGLARY

S/No	Offences	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Lira City West	113	87	-	-	-
2	Kamuli	111	144	113	118	137
3	Kapchorwa	109	61	32	50	58
4	Tororo	104	111	46	80	102
5	Luwero	103	89	45	35	104
6	Jinja	98	79	49	55	51
7	Lira City East	98	42	77	59	189
8	Kira Division	93	79	31	55	56
9	Katwe	92	77	56	47	98
10	Mukono	89	80	85	83	100
11	Oyam	89	62	42	24	37



S/No	Offences	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
12	Kiryandongo	88	145	93	76	62
13	Mayuge	83	52	36	47	58
14	Isingiro	79	67	39	38	50
15	Kasangati	76	67	48	60	66

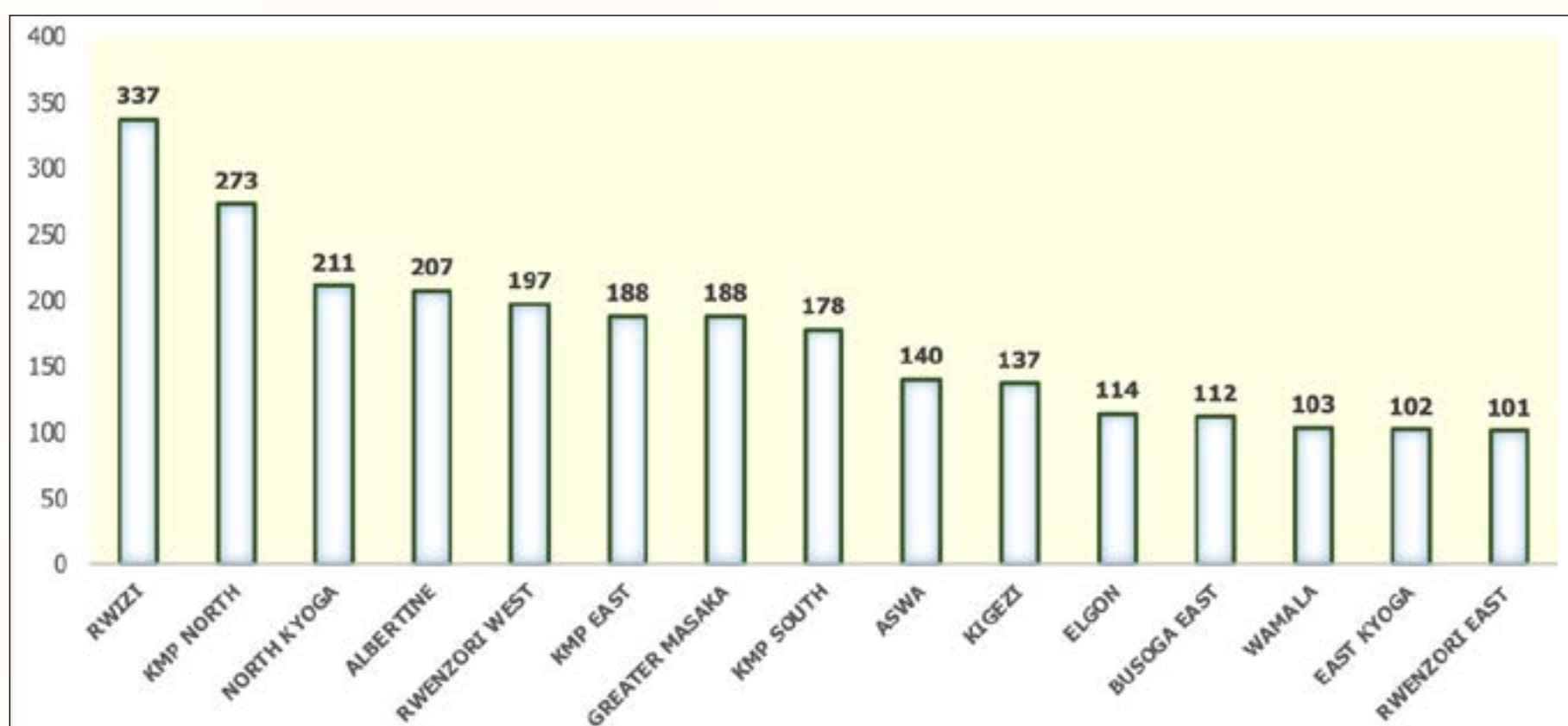
1.3.6.2. HOUSE BREAKINGS

A total of **3,329** cases of House Breakings were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **3,174** cases in 2022, giving a **4.9%** increase in this crime category.

a. Regional Performance

Rwizi Region registered the highest number of cases of House Breakings in 2023 (**337** cases), followed by KMP North with **273** cases, North Kyoga with **211** cases and Albertine with **207** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 32: REGIONS LEADING IN HOUSE BREAKINGS



b. District/Divisional Performance

Ntungamo District registered the highest number of cases of House Breakings in 2023 (**79** cases), followed by Isingiro district with **71** cases, Mukono and Kasangati with **62** cases each, Wakiso with **61** cases among others as shown in the table below;

TABLE 33: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN HOUSE BREAKINGS

S/No.	Districts/ Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Ntungamo	79	52	27	40	62
2	Isingiro	71	46	37	26	35
3	Mukono	62	71	38	40	71
4	Kasangati	62	45	21	33	65



S/No.	Districts/ Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
5	Wakiso	61	72	24	25	26
6	Rwampara	59	20	11	11	6
7	Luwero	59	48	29	19	44
8	Katwe	55	52	46	7	48
9	Nansana	49	47	31	18	28
10	Kapchorwa	47	33	19	30	38
11	Kyenjojo	46	46	20	34	67
12	Kawempe	45	31	35	15	31
13	Rukungiri	42	37	17	45	56
14	Oyam	39	26	10	14	10
15	Nagalama	39	32	19	11	14

1.3.7. ECONOMIC CRIMES

A total of **12,924** cases of Economic crimes were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **13,207** cases in 2022, giving a **2.1%** decrease in this crime category. Obtaining by False Pretence registered the highest number of cases in this crime category in 2023 (**10,709** cases), followed by forgeries with **868** cases and counterfeiting with **262** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 34: BREAKDOWN OF ECONOMIC CRIMES

S/No	Offences	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Embezzlement	101	128	169	143	194
2	Causing Financial loss	49	55	50	32	62
3	Abuse of office	42	61	66	77	109
4	Counterfeiting	262	388	271	238	394
5	Forgeries & Uttering of Documents	868	804	747	629	911
6	Issuing False Cheques	135	185	186	190	320
7	Bank and Other Corporate Frauds	43	82	102	63	33
8	Obtaining By False Pretences	10,709	10,652	8,634	8,069	10,598
9	Cyber (Computer) crimes	245	286	258	253	248

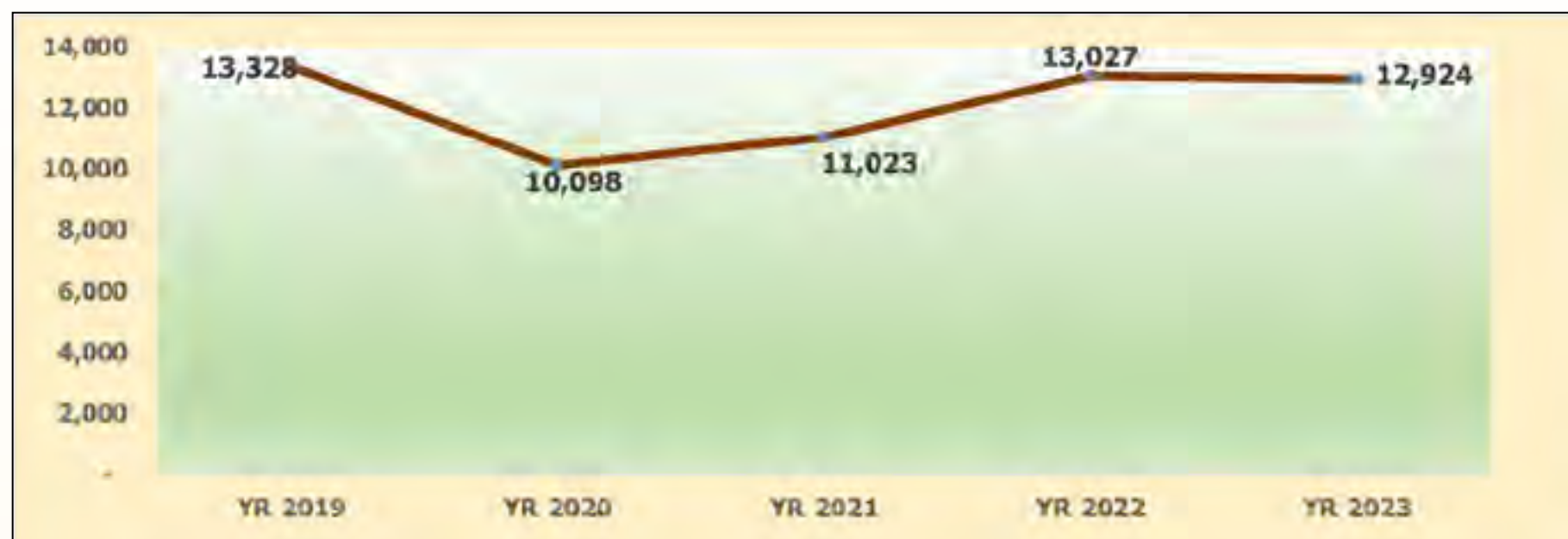
By the end of 2023, out of the total cases of Economic Crimes reported to Police, **3,544** cases were taken to Court, **2,729** cases were not proceeded with, while **6,619** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **1,132** cases secured convictions, **43** cases were acquitted, **400** cases were dismissed while **1,969** cases are still pending in Court.



COMPARISON OF CASES OF ECONOMIC CRIMES FROM 2019 TO 2023

There has been a partial distribution of cases of Economic Crimes reported to Police from **13,328** cases in 2019 to **12,924** cases in 2023 as shown in the figure below;

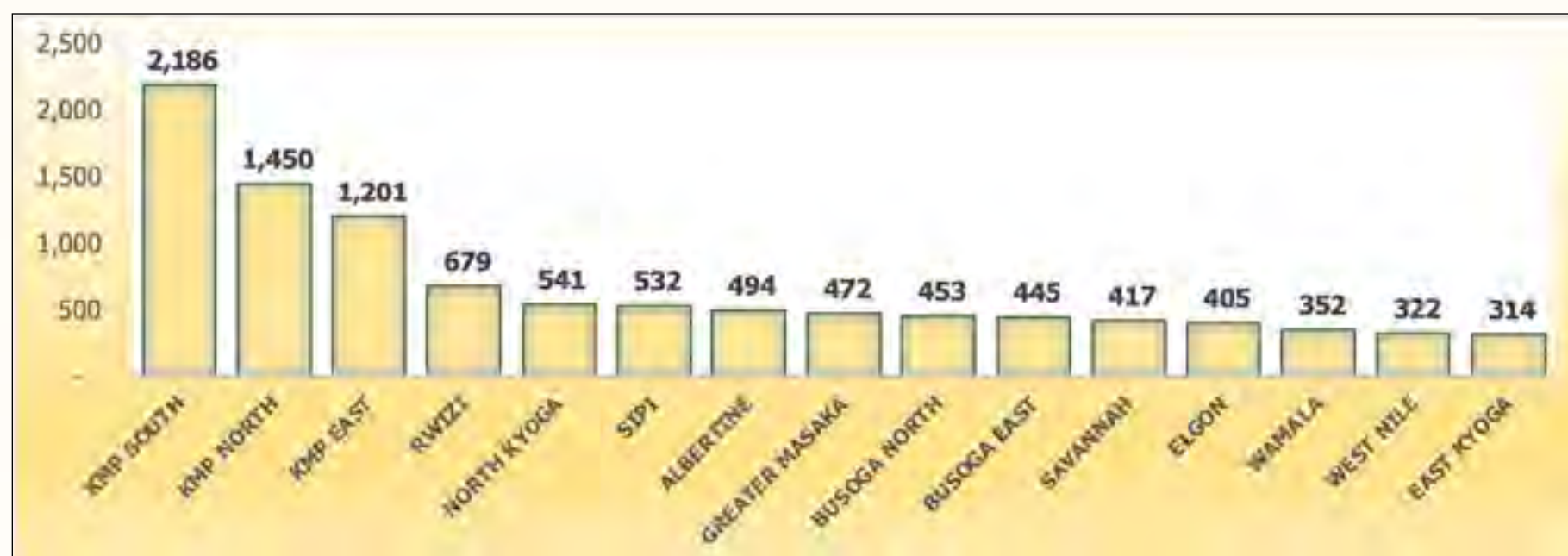
FIGURE 33: COMPARISON OF CASES OF ECONOMIC CRIMES FROM 2019 TO 2023



a. Regional Performance

KMP South region registered the highest number of cases of Economic crimes in 2023 (**2,186** cases), followed by KMP North with **1,450** cases, KMP East with **1,201** cases, Rwizi with **679** cases, North Kyoga with **541** cases, Sipi with **532** cases and Albertine with **494** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 34: REGIONS LEADING IN ECONOMIC CRIMES



b. District/Divisional Performance

CPS Kampala Police Division registered the highest number of Economic crimes in 2023 (**798** cases), followed by Katwe Police Division with **492** cases, Jinja Road Police Division **371** cases, Mukono **318** cases, Luwero Police Division with **299** cases and Old Kampala with **293** cases as shown in the following table.

TABLE 35: DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS LEADING IN ECONOMIC CRIMES

Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
CPS Kampala	798	832	582	472	708
Katwe	492	372	216	161	287
Jinja Road	371	238	219	197	280
Mukono	318	188	179	182	239



Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Luweero	299	256	222	139	232
Old Kampala	293	407	281	248	282
Wakiso	268	190	147	136	180
Kabalagala	268	232	146	130	206
Kira Road	233	210	127	160	170
Kawempe	233	184	238	135	180
Kapchorwa	220	169	140	232	203
Kamuli	209	363	281	214	325
Kasangati	208	242	144	163	196
Jinja	206	184	146	131	192
Bukwo	206	211	77	65	89

1.3.8. CHILD-RELATED OFFENCES

In 2023, **4.7%** of the reported cases were as a result of Child-related Offences with **10,741** cases where children/juveniles were direct targets/victims of crime, compared to **13,489** cases reported in 2022 thus giving **20.4%** decrease in the registered crimes in this crime category countrywide.

TABLE 36: CHILD-RELATED OFFENCES

Categories of Child-related Crimes	No. of Cases Reported				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Child Neglect	4,730	6,505	4,961	4,785	6,202
Child Desertion	1,918	2,126	1,728	1,970	2,261
Child Stealing	232	245	213	222	236
Child Trafficking	510	532	317	98	77
Child Abduction/Kidnap	159	205	291	382	401
Child Disappearing/ Missing	2,208	2,530	-	-	-
Child Abuse/Torture	866	1,240	1,073	1,287	1,302
Infanticide	37	47	42	85	49
Abortion	81	59	56	396	68
Total	10,741	13,489	8,681	9,225	10,596

By the end of 2023, out of the total cases of Child-related Offences reported to Police, **1,008** cases were taken to Court, **4,758** were not proceeded with, while **4,975** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **220** cases secured convictions, **08** cases were acquitted, **72** cases were dismissed while **708** cases are still pending in Court.



COMPARISON OF CASES OF CHILD-RELATED OFFENCES FROM 2019 TO 2023

There decrease in cases of Child-related offences reported to Police from **13,489** cases in 2022 to **10,741** cases in 2023 as shown in the figure below;

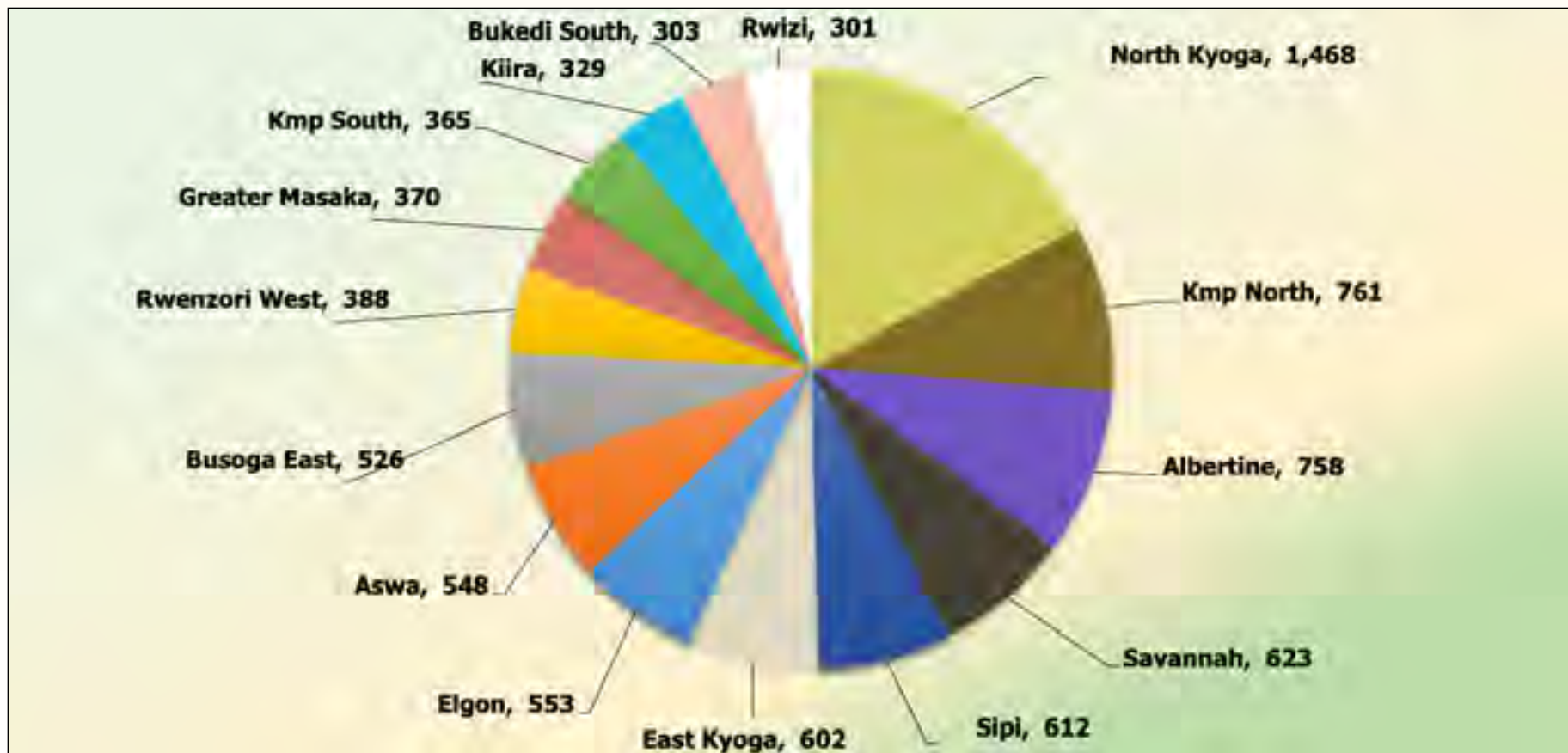
TABLE 37: COMPARISON OF CASES OF CHILD-RELATED OFFENCES FROM 2019 TO 2023



c. Regional Performance

North Kyoga region registered the highest number of cases of Child-related offences in 2023 (**1,468** cases) followed by KMP North with **761** cases, Albertine with **758** cases, Savannah with **623** cases and Sipi with **612** cases as shown in the figure below;

TABLE 38: REGIONS LEADING IN CHILD-RELATED OFFENCES





d. District/Divisional Performance

Lira City East Police Division registered the highest number of cases of Child-related offences in 2023 (**431** cases), followed by Luwero District with **384** cases, Kween with **266** cases, Jinja with **260** cases and Katwe Police Division with **216** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 39: DISTRICT/DIVISION WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF CASES OF CHILD-RELATED OFFENCES

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Lira City East	431	230	56	42	254
2	Luwero	384	432	194	104	143
4	Kween	266	286	84	96	45
3	Jinja	260	309	123	175	205
5	Katwe	216	373	175	313	478
7	Mayuge	200	157	57	22	21
6	Yumbe	192	96	86	38	55
8	Kapchorwa	184	245	43	30	63
9	Nakasongola	177	113	57	47	60
10	Amolatar	176	216	249	125	-
11	Busia	176	326	225	83	83
12	Kikuube	173	185	19	9	245
13	Nansana	170	117	36	12	15
14	Apac	169	95	14	8	20
15	Mbale Northern Division	166	39	63	5	221

1.3.8.1. CHILD NEGLECT

A total of **4,730** cases of Child Neglect were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **6,505** cases in 2022 thus giving a **27.3%** decrease in this reported crime category.

a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga registered the highest number of cases of Child Neglect in 2023 (**947** cases), followed by Albertine with **408** cases and East Kyoga with **340** cases, Aswa with **274** cases among others as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 35: REGIONS LEADING IN CHILD NEGLECT





b. District/Divisional Performance

Lira City East Division registered the highest number of Child Neglect cases in 2023 (**324 cases**), followed by Kween with **138 cases**, Luwero Police station with **137 cases** and Amolatar with **134 cases** among others as shown in the table below;

TABLE 40: DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS LEADING IN CHILD NEGLECT

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Lira City East	324	158	-	-	-
2	Kween	138	205	21	96	45
4	Luwero	137	155	77	48	44
3	Amolatar	134	175	252	125	-
5	Kwania	104	80	21	21	46
7	Jinja	101	160	93	175	205
6	Kamwenge	92	53	73	35	3
8	Omoro	89	137	97	84	124
9	Nakasongola	87	72	31	47	60
10	Kikuube	87	126	14	9	245
11	Lira	86	156	44	42	254
12	Amuria	84	70	63	66	46
13	Kagadi	76	107	46	143	3
14	Mbale Northern	73	6	19	5	221
15	Mayuge	71	59	28	22	21

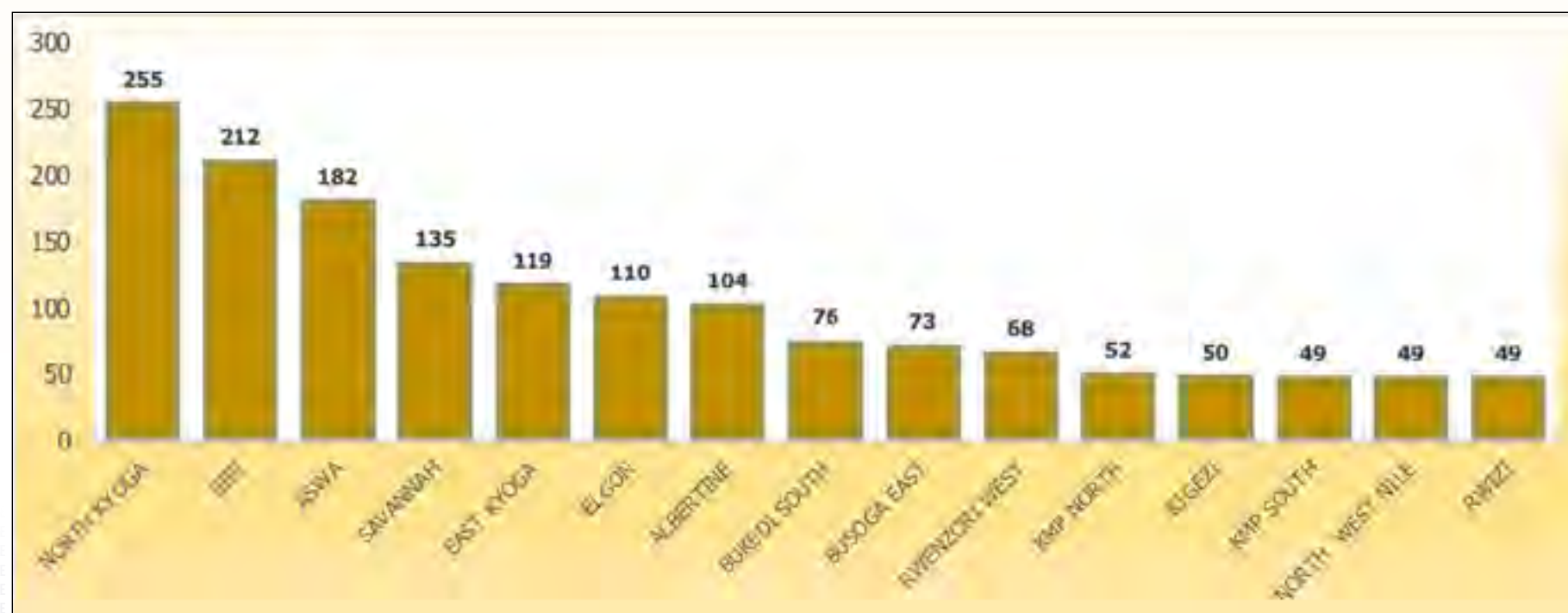
1.3.8.2. CHILD DESERTION

A total of **1,918** cases of Child Desertion were reported to the Police countrywide in 2023 compared to **2,126** cases reported in 2022, giving a **9.8%** decrease in this crime category.

a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga registered the highest number of cases of Child Desertion in 2023 (**255 cases**), followed by Sipi with **212 cases**, Aswa with **182 cases** and Savannah with **135 cases** as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 36: REGIONS LEADING IN CHILD DESERTION





b. District/Divisional Performance

Kween District registered the highest number of Child Desertion cases in 2023 (**84** cases) followed by Bukwo with **81** cases, Luwero with **77** cases, Lira City East Police Division with **65** cases, Omoro with **59** cases, Busia with **49** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 41: DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS LEADING IN CHILD DESERTION

Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Kween	84	57	18	76	35
Bukwo	81	40	20	12	22
Luwero	77	91	37	15	40
Lira City East	65	23	8	4	82
Omoro	59	84	90	74	110
Yumbe	49	18	8	23	27
Busia	49	98	92	101	81
Nakasongola	48	23	19	10	17
Kapchorwa	47	69	23	52	36
Kabale	45	28	28	31	49
Mbale - Northern	44	7	15	-	117
Gulu East	37	17	12	74	101
Apac	36	17	1	-	11
Katwe	34	28	29	30	77
Kikuube	33	28	4	7	32

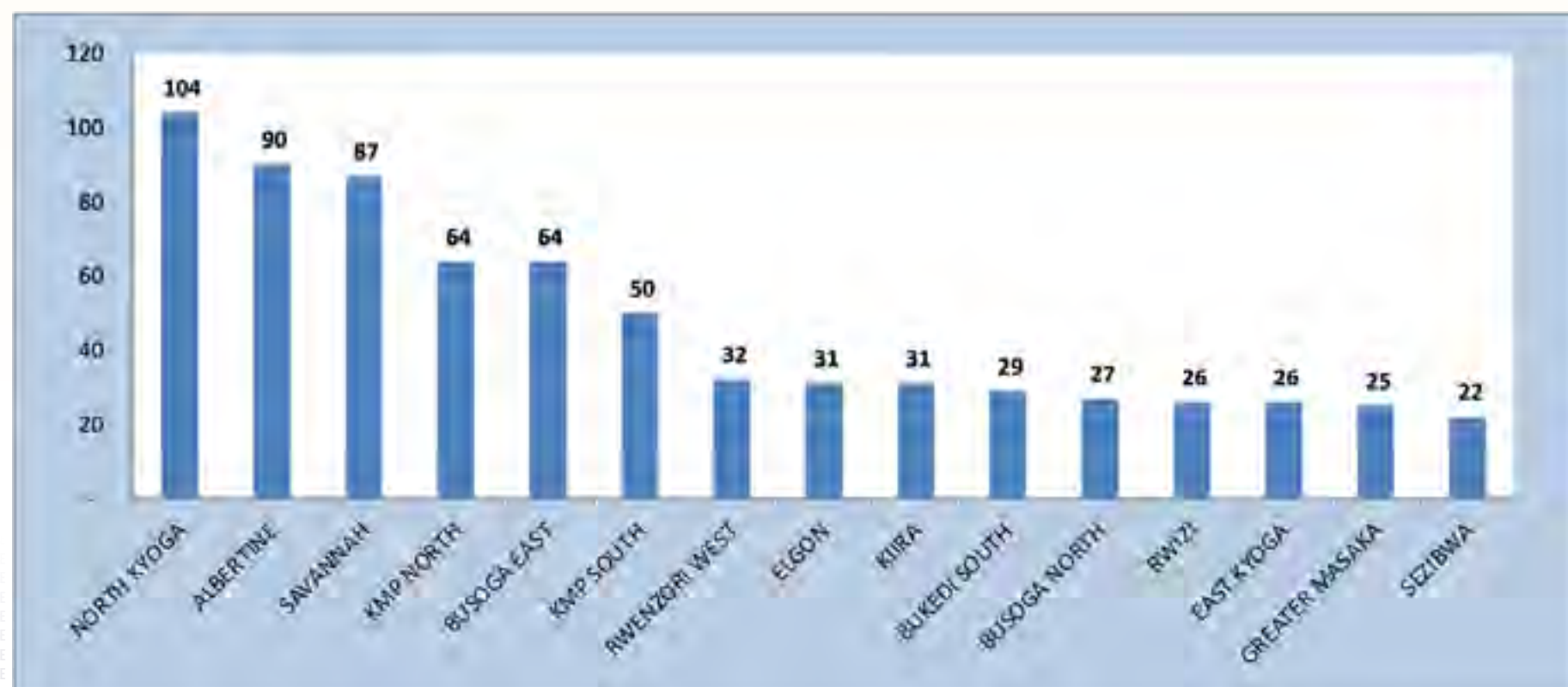
1.3.8.3. CHILD ABUSE AND TORTURE

A total of **866** cases of Child Abuse and Torture were reported to the Police countrywide in 2023 compared to **1,240** cases in 2022, giving a **30%** decrease in this crime category.

a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga region registered the highest number of cases of Child Abuse and Torture in 2023 (**104** cases), followed by Albertine with **90** cases, Savannah with **87** cases and KMP North with **64** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 37: REGIONS LEADING IN CHILD ABUSE AND TORTURE





b. District/Divisional Performance

Luwero Police Station registered the highest number of Child Abuse and Torture in 2023 (**43** cases) followed by Dokolo with **34** cases, Apac with **30** cases and Katwe with **29** cases as shown in the following table;

TABLE 42: DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS LEADING IN CHILD ABUSE AND TORTURE

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Luwero	45	51	35	28	40
2	Dokolo	34	13	5	9	35
4	Nakasongola	31	12	20	17	17
3	Kikuube	30	26	2	3	32
5	Katwe	29	115	12	150	77
7	Mayuge	29	18	7	15	3
6	Apac	26	4	-	1	11
8	Jinja	26	18	17	6	51
9	Kaliro	20	4	8	8	3
10	Kyenjojo	19	5	6	5	6
11	Kawempe	18	20	9	12	-
12	Bugweri	16	12	16	9	17
13	Lira	15	11	6	5	47
14	Kakumiro	14	-	-	-	-
15	Busia	13	9	85	47	40

1.3.9. OTHER CRIMES IN GENERAL

In 2023, **26.6%** of the reported cases countrywide reported were Other Penal Code Offences by nature with **60,562** cases, compared to **63,369** cases reported in 2022, thus giving a **4.4%** decrease in this reported crime category.

TABLE 43: OTHER CRIMES IN GENERAL

S/No.	Categories Of Other Crimes in General	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Domestic Violence	14,681	17,698	17,533	17,664	13,639
2	Other Penal Code Offences (Not Categorized)	12,834	12,996	13,727	15,256	11,819
3	Threatening Violence	10,591	10,345	10,408	10,844	11,592
4	Criminal Trespass	8,436	8,418	7,636	7,505	7,920
5	Malicious Damage to Property	8,043	7,838	6,980	7,370	7,541
6	Arson (General)	1,792	1,747	1,803	1,614	1,614
7	Escapes from Lawful Custody	1,072	988	751	813	1,329



S/No.	Categories Of Other Crimes in General	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
8	Missing/Disappearance of persons	1,067	1,053	-	-	-
9	Att. Killing(other than shooting)	859	766	760	822	1,042
10	Human Trafficking	496	668	362	113	207
11	Abduction/Kidnap	219	242	321	335	424
12	Att. Suicide	165	235	204	195	223
13	Malicious Damage to School/Gvt Property	121	149	77	248	184
14	Att. Killing (by shooting)	97	96	96	68	109
16	Examination Leakage and Stealing	57	27	40	4	27
17	Rescues from Lawful Custody	26	39	16	27	49
18	Piracy	25	64	3	30	17
	Total	60,562	63,369	60,717	62,908	57,736

Out of the total cases of other crimes in General reported to Police in 2023, **17,824** cases were taken to Court, **16,082** were not proceeded with, while **26,675** cases are still under inquiry. Of the total cases taken to Court, **5,476** cases secured convictions, **214** cases were acquitted, **2,271** cases were dismissed, while **9,863** cases are still pending in Court.

COMPARISON OF OTHER CRIMES IN GENERAL FROM 2019 TO 2023

There has been a general decrease in Other Crimes in General from **63,369** cases reported in 2022 to **60,562** cases in 2023 as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 38: COMPARISON OF CASES OF OTHER CRIMES IN GENERAL FROM 2019 TO 2023

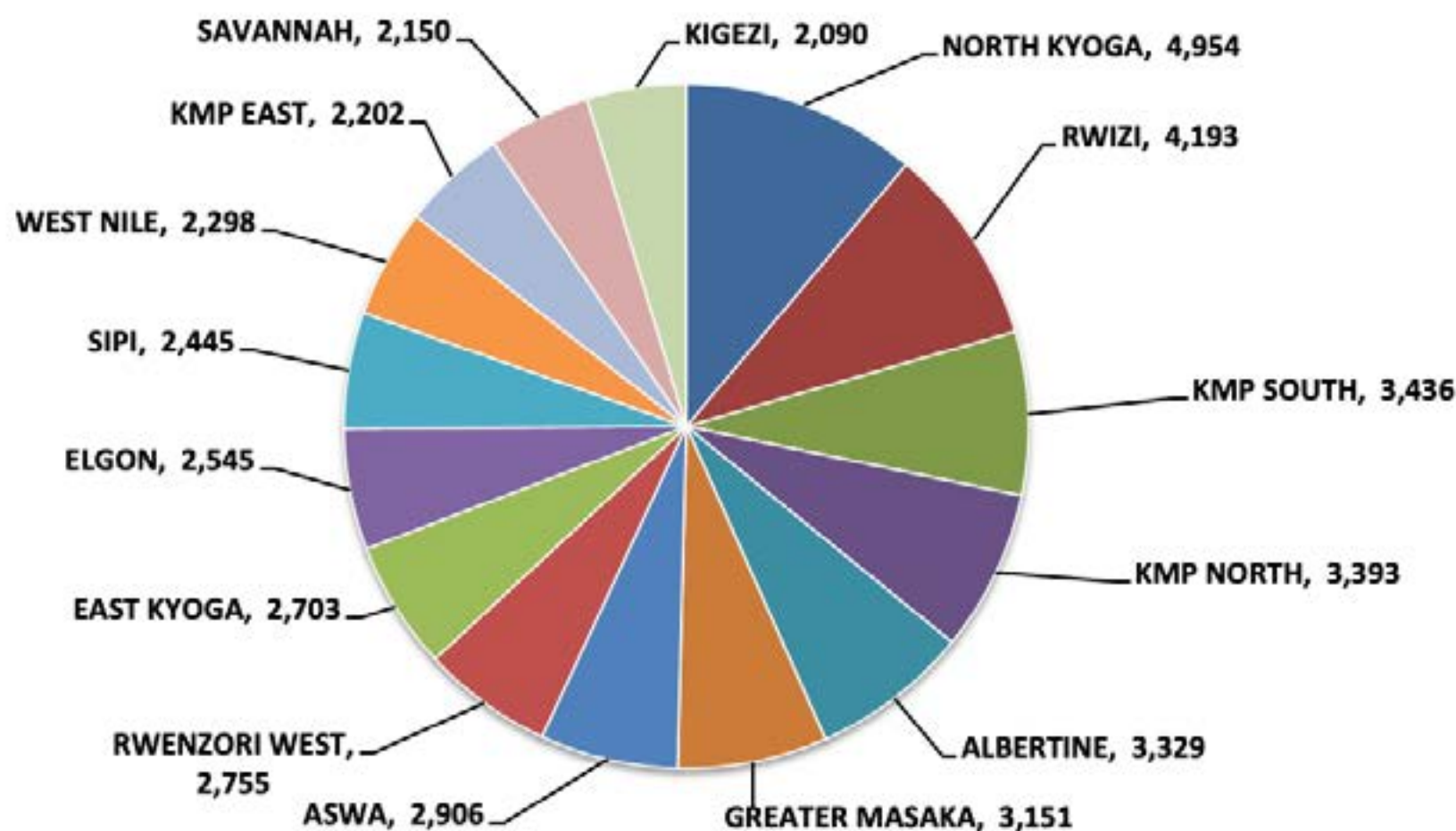


a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga region registered the highest number of cases of Other Crimes in General in 2022 (**4,954** cases) followed by Rwizi with **4,193** cases, KMP South with **3,436** cases, KMP North with **3,393** cases, Albertine with **3,329** cases, and Greater Masaka with **3,151** cases as shown in the figure below;



FIGURE 39: REGIONS LEADING IN OTHER CRIMES IN GENERAL



b. District/Divisional Performance

Luwero Police Station registered the highest number of cases of Other Crimes in General in 2023 (**1,311** cases), followed by Katwe Police Division with **956** cases, Bukwo with **892** cases, Kapchorwa with **850** cases, Lira City East with **842** cases, Rwampara with **799** cases and Kween with **733** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 44: DISTRICT/DIVISION WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF OTHER CRIMES IN GENERAL

S/No.	Categories Of Other Crimes in General	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Luwero	1,311	1,261	973	607	622
2	Katwe	956	814	539	841	864
4	Bukwo	862	786	374	405	351
3	Kapchorwa	850	735	592	1,242	898
5	Lira City East	842	377	514	377	1,124
7	Rwampara	799	463	605	424	126
6	Kween	733	424	359	1,061	533
8	Ntungamo	713	704	752	733	766
9	Kamwenge	708	476	634	436	276
10	Mpigi	685	723	966	1,015	536
11	Kasangati	679	689	694	498	566
12	Yumbe	670	295	430	363	385
13	Tororo	664	757	530	1,140	965
14	Buyende	655	517	418	514	322
15	Jinja	628	557	585	541	661



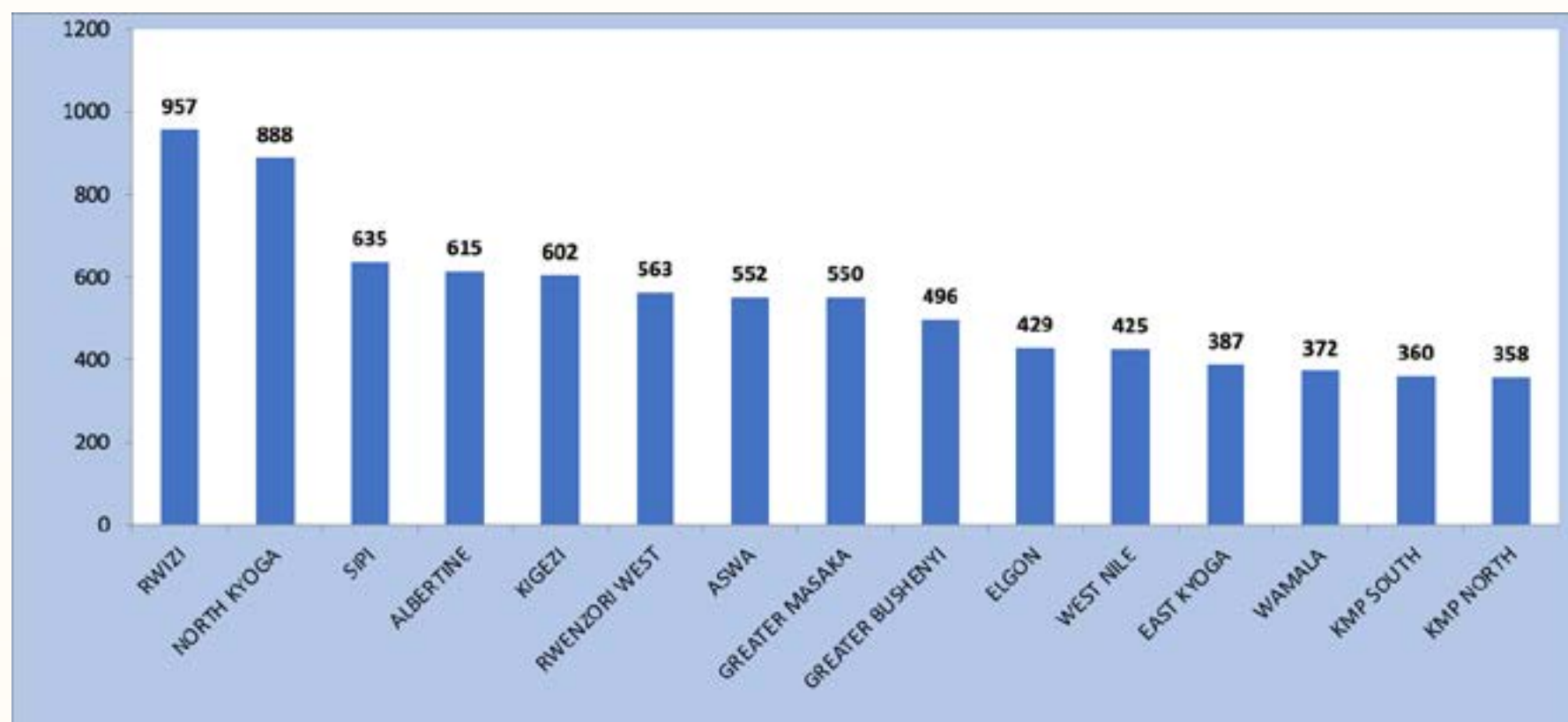
1.3.9.1. THREATENING VIOLENCE

By the end of 2023 a total of **10,591** cases of Threatening Violence were reported to the Police countrywide compared to **10,345** cases reported in 2022, giving a **2.4%** increase in this crime category.

a. Regional Performance

Rwizi Region registered the highest number of cases of Threatening Violence cases in 2023 (**957** cases), followed by North Kyoga with **888** cases, Sipi with **635** cases and Albertine with **615** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 40: REGIONS LEADING IN THREATENING VIOLENCE



b. District/Divisional Performance

Kapchorwa District registered the highest number of cases of Threatening Violence in 2023 (**232** cases), followed by Bukwo with **228** cases, Rwampara with **226** cases, Rukungiri with **189** cases and Ntungamo with **188** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 45: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN THREATENING VIOLENCE

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Kapchorwa	232	188	188	402	332
2	Bukwo	228	279	279	79	81
4	Rwampara	226	144	144	102	41
3	Rukungiri	189	156	156	298	228
5	Ntungamo	188	210	210	204	225
7	Kween	175	75	75	260	144
6	Lira City East	174	39	39	54	218
8	Yumbe	167	46	46	-	71
9	Isingiro	157	148	148	130	173
10	Bushenyi	151	145	145	166	190
11	Ibanda	142	100	100	72	76
12	Luwero	125	132	101	92	145



S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
13	Alebtong	121	135	135	50	32
14	Mitooma	119	95	107	201	125
15	Kagadi	117	74	94	163	130

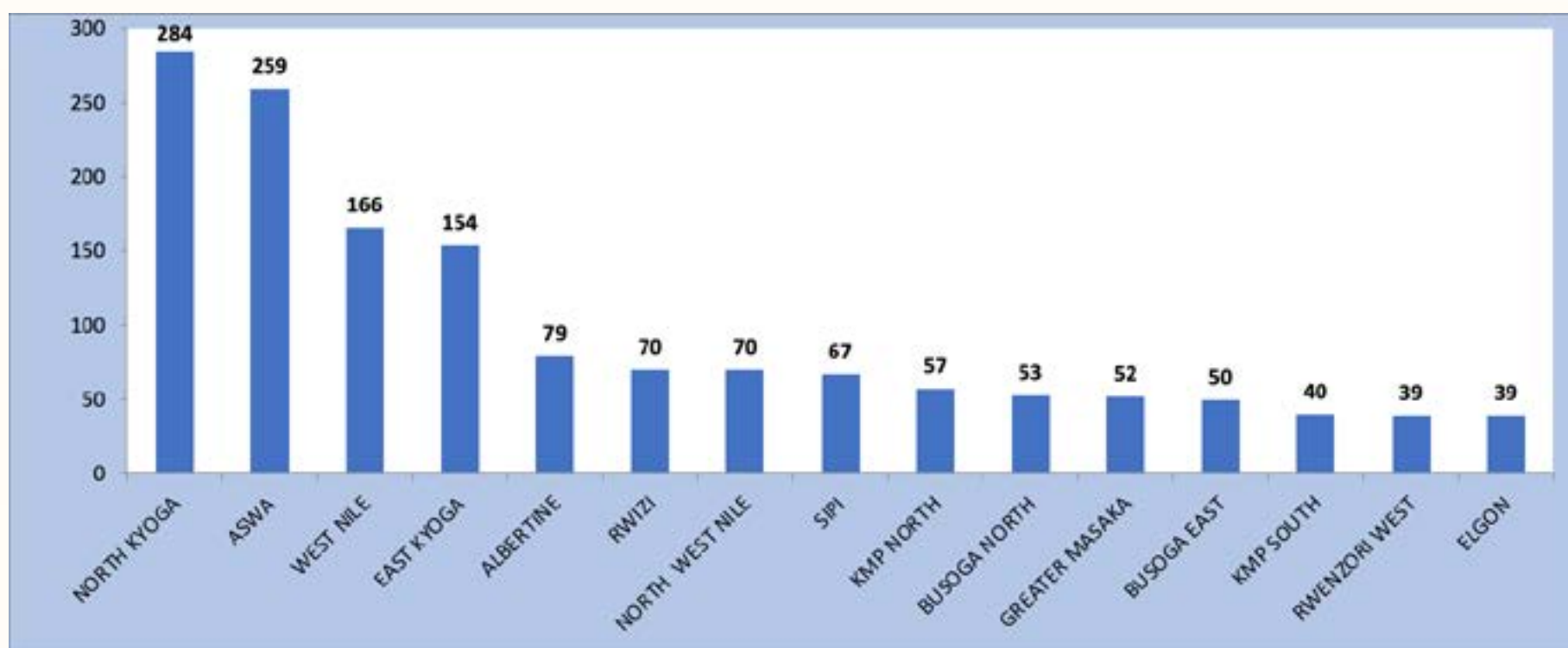
1.3.9.2. ARSON

By the end of 2023, a total of **1,792** cases of Arson were reported to the Police countrywide compared to **1,747** cases reported in 2022 thus giving **2.6%** increase in this crime category.

a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of Arson cases in 2023 (**284** cases), followed by Aswa with **259** cases, West Nile with **166** cases, East Kyoga with **154** cases, and Albertine with **79** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 41: REGIONS LEADING IN ARSON



b. District/Divisional Performance

Oyam District registered highest number of Arson cases in 2023 (**57** cases), followed by Lira City East with **48** cases, Omoro with **47** cases, Nwoya with **42** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 46: DISTRICTS WITH HIGHEST NUMBER OF ARSON CASES

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Oyam	57	44	55	37	39
2	Lira City East	48	8	21	12	26
3	Omoro	47	38	46	34	37
4	Nwoya	42	57	33	38	28
5	Zombo	40	29	27	25	26
6	Kitgum	33	31	41	31	43
7	Kapchorwa	30	13	13	15	15
8	Dokolo	30	34	33	30	48



S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
9	Nebbi	30	17	22	24	36
10	Gulu Central	30	25	-	33	60
11	Pakwach	29	14	24	32	18
12	Amuru	29	16	35	30	27
13	Yumbe	28	16	-	19	23
14	Apac	28	29	29	26	22
15	Kole	28	26	37	27	20
16	Adjumani	28	18	15	16	20

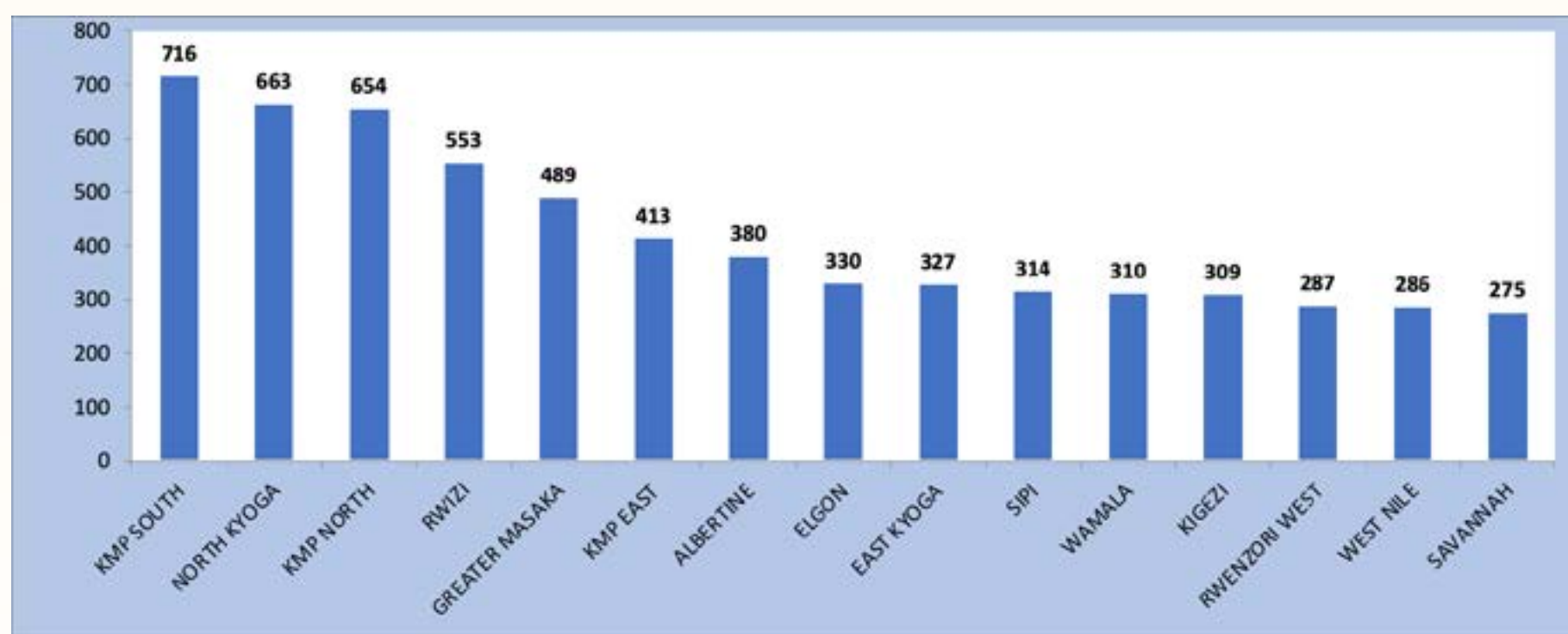
1.3.9.3. CRIMINAL TRESPASS

A total of **8,436** cases of Criminal Trespass were reported to the Police countrywide in 2023 compared to **8,418** cases reported in 2022, giving a **0.2%** increase in this crime category. These crimes are mainly experienced in Land-related cases, residences and office disputes.

a. Regional Performance

Criminal trespass was reported highest in KMP South in 2023 with **716** cases, followed by North Kyoga with **663** cases, KMP North with **654** cases, and Rwizi with **553** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 42: REGIONS LEADING IN CRIMINAL TRESPASS



b. District/Divisional Performance

Kapchorwa Police Station registered the highest number of cases of Criminal Trespass cases in 2023 (**232** cases), followed by Bukwo Police Station with **228** cases, Rwampara with **226** cases and Rukungiri Police Station with **189** cases among others as shown in the table below;



TABLE 47: DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS LEADING IN CRIMINAL TRESPASS

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Kapchorwa	232	97	75	147	93
2	Bukwo	228	142	81	48	55
3	Rwampara	226	59	71	46	10
4	Rukungiri	189	56	82	169	124
5	Ntungamo	188	108	105	104	103
6	Kween	175	69	57	146	64
7	Lira City East	174	44	57	52	149
8	Yumbe	167	25	26	27	33
9	Isingiro	157	45	44	62	60
10	Bushenyi	151	34	37	40	60
11	Ibanda	142	68	37	42	47
12	Luwero	125	191	192	124	104
13	Alebtong	121	85	32	67	42
14	Mitooma	119	26	27	44	42
15	Kagadi	117	34	33	41	46

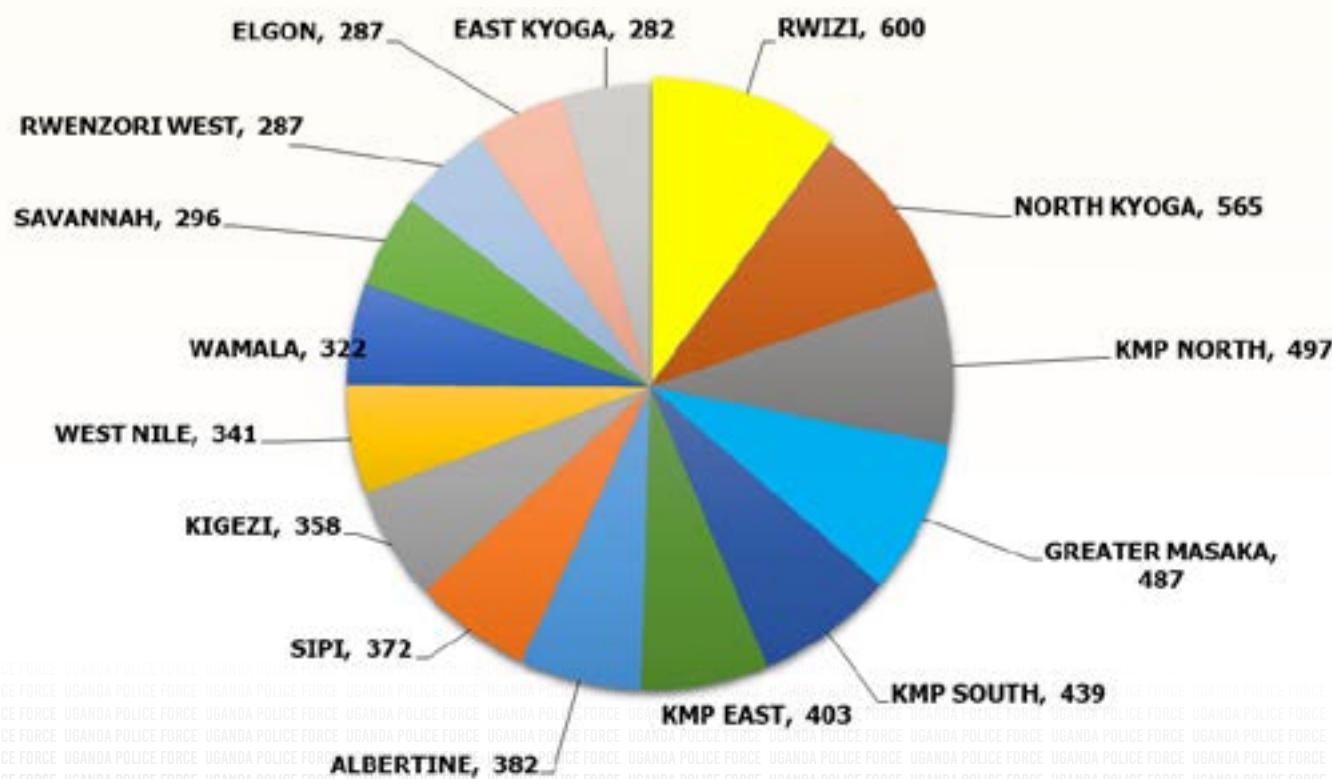
1.3.9.4. MALICIOUS DAMAGE TO PROPERTY

In 2023, **3.5%** of the reported crimes was a result of Malicious Damage to Property. A total of **8,043** cases of Malicious Damage to Property were reported to the Police countrywide compared to **7,838** cases reported in 2022, giving a **2.6%** increase. These cases are mainly associated with land wrangles, Breakings, Burglaries, Attempted Robberies and cases of Assault.

a. Regional Performance

Malicious Damage to Property was mainly committed in Rwizi with **600** cases, followed by North Kyoga with **565** cases, KMP North with **497** cases, Greater Masaka with **487** cases and KMP South with **439** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 43: REGIONS LEADING IN MALICIOUS DAMAGE TO PROPERTY





b. District/Divisional Performance

Luwero District registered the highest number of cases of Malicious Damage to Property in 2023 (**206** cases), followed by Mpigi with **183** cases, Kapchorwa with **153** cases, Ntungamo with **137** cases, Mukono with **140** cases, and Wakiso with **123** cases as shown in the table below;

TABLE 48: DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS LEADING IN MALICIOUS DAMAGE TO PROPERTY

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Luwero	206	172	146	103	100
2	Mpigi	183	169	208	232	147
4	Kapchorwa	153	99	100	216	187
3	Ntungamo	137	136	132	137	126
5	Mukono	140	96	91	152	140
7	Wakiso	123	116	81	89	111
6	Entebbe	117	122	75	74	87
8	Bukwo	116	89	53	27	30
9	Yumbe	111	24	59	48	46
10	Rwampara	109	60	115	67	16
11	Mityana	109	103	79	98	83
12	Buikwe	108	89	64	54	57
13	Kasangati	104	122	81	121	89
14	Isingiro	101	84	93	98	94
15	Lira City East	97	49	61	50	91

1.3.10. ROBBERIES

A total of **7,772** cases of Robberies were reported to the Police countrywide in 2023 compared to **6,854** cases reported in 2022, giving a **13.3%** increase in this crime category. Cases of Robberies where lethal weapons were not used were **4,745** cases while cases of Aggravated Robberies where lethal weapons like firearms, knives hammer and machetes were used were **3,027** cases.

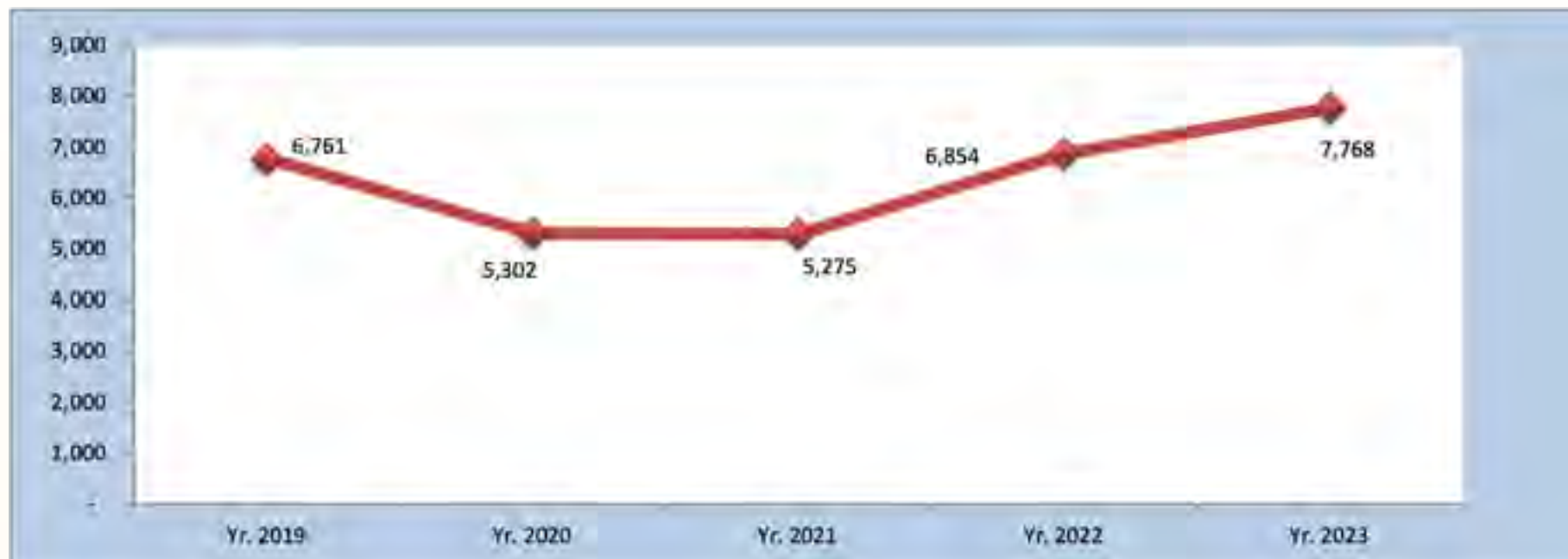
By the end of 2023, out of the total cases of Robberies reported to Police, **2,704** cases were taken to Court, **1,178** were not proceeded with, while **3,890** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **456** cases secured convictions, **22** cases were acquitted, **285** cases were dismissed, while, **1,941** cases are still pending in Court.



COMPARISON OF CASES OF ROBBERIES FROM 2019 TO 2023

There has been a general increase in cases of Robberies from **6,761** cases reported to the Police since 2019 to **7,768** cases reported in 2023 as shown in the figure below;

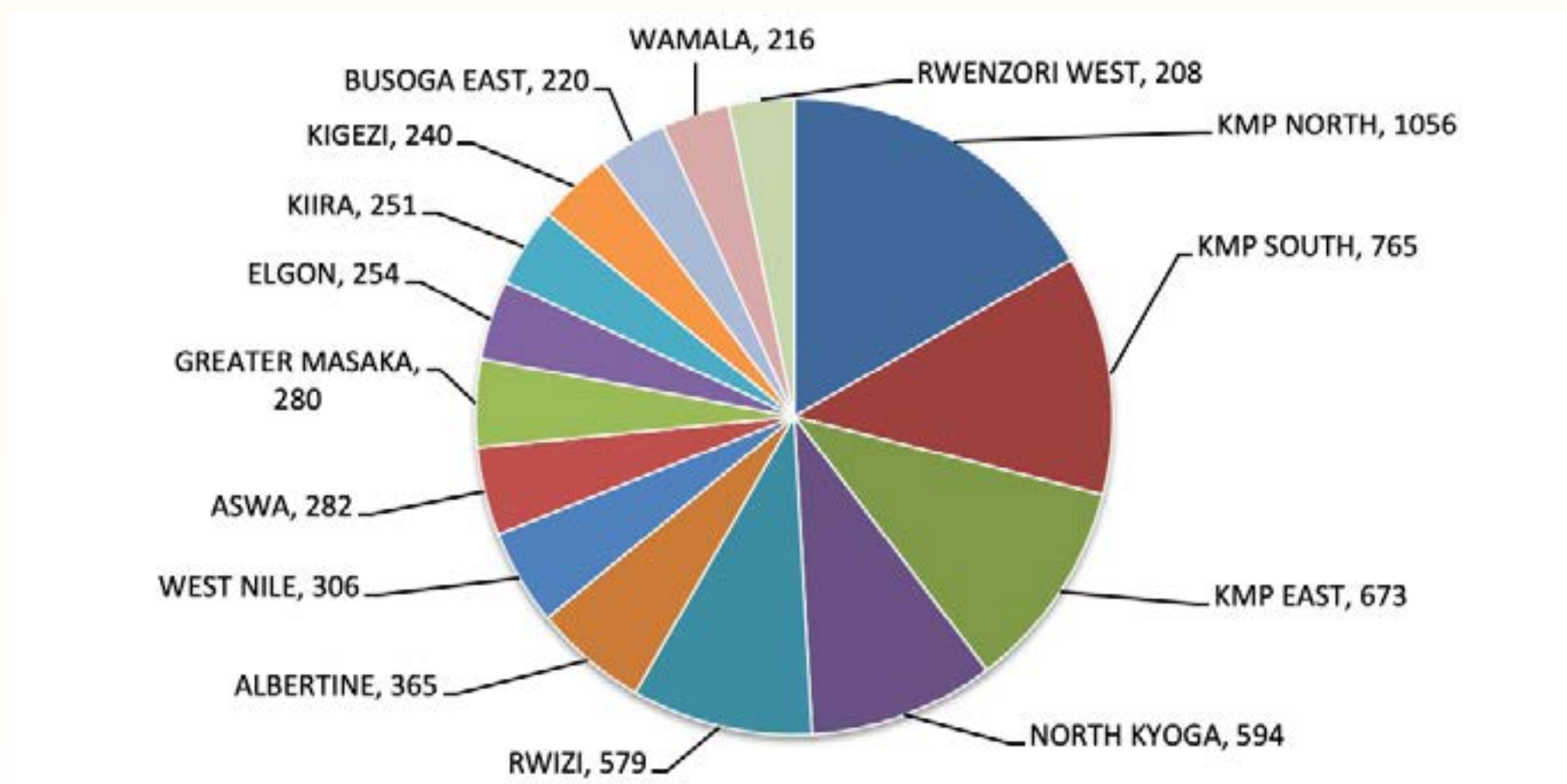
FIGURE 44: COMPARISON OF CASES OF ROBBERIES FROM 2019 TO 2023



a. Regional Performance

KMP North registered the highest number of Robberies in 2022 (**1056** cases), followed by KMP North with **765** cases, KMP South with **673** cases, North Kyoga with **594** cases and Rwizi with **579** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 45: REGIONS LEADING IN ROBBERIES IN 2023



b. District/Divisional Performance

Katwe Division registered the highest number of Robberies in 2023 (**263** cases), followed by Kira Division with **237** cases, Kawempe with **228** cases, Kasangati Division with **198** cases, Old Kampala with **179** cases, Jinja with **170** cases, Lira City East with **167** cases and Wakiso with **166** cases as shown in the table below;



TABLE 49: DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS LEADING IN ROBBERIES

District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Katwe Division	263	169	80	87	174
Kira Division	237	147	97	99	170
Kawempe	228	193	201	124	132
Kasangati	198	176	91	153	155
Old Kampala	179	220	141	150	120
Jinja	170	110	78	70	89
Wakiso	166	90	79	65	82
Lira City East	167	44	77	66	211
Kabalagala	160	173	81	85	132
Nansana	152	121	94	92	56
Jinja Road	140	106	63	76	91
Mbarara Central	133	132	142	158	209
Kira Road	124	104	93	147	138
Luwero	119	93	81	75	119
Wandegeya	115	85	55	52	72

1.3.10.1. AGGRAVATED ROBBERY (GENERAL)

In 2023, a total of **2,978** cases of Aggravated Robbery were reported to the Police countrywide compared to **2,516** cases reported in 2022, giving a **18.4%** decrease in this crime category.

TABLE 50: CATEGORY OF AGGRAVATED ROBBERY

S/No.	Cases involving Weapons	No. of Cases Reported		
		2023	2022	2021
1	Cases where firearms were used	217	182	254
2	Cases where other weapons were used	2,762	2,334	1,702
	Total	2,979	2,516	1,956

1.3.10.2. AGGRAVATED ROBBERY OF CASH

A total of **551** cases of Robbery of Cash were reported to the Police in 2023 compared to **443** cases reported in 2022, giving a **24%** increase in this crime category.

TABLE 51: COMPARISON OF CASES OF AGGRAVATED ROBBERY OF CASH BETWEEN 2021 AND 2022

Year	No. of Cases	Amount Lost (Ugx.)	Amount Recovered (Ugx)
2023	551	7,290,757,003	102,765,000
2022	443	5,724,538,000	275,746,000
2021	436	6,436,458,000	450,107,000



a. Regional Performance

KMP Noth registered the highest number of cases of Aggravated Robbery of cash in 2023 (**82** cases), followed by KMP South with **66** cases, Wamala with **42** cases, Rwizi with **42** cases 37 cases and Albertine with **35** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 46: REGIONS LEADING IN AGGRAVATED ROBBERY OF CASH



b. District/Divisional Performance

Katwe Division registered the highest number of cases of Aggravated Robbery of cash in 2023 (**32** cases), followed by Kasangati with **28** cases, Kasanda with **20** cases and Nansana with **17** cases among others as shown in the table below;

TABLE 52: DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS LEADING IN AGGRAVATED ROBBERY OF CASH

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported			
		2023	2022	2021	2020
1	Katwe	32	12	4	3
2	Kasangati	28	11	15	3
3	Kasanda	20	5	14	2
4	Nansana	17	8	3	19
5	Mukono	11	9	3	5
6	Ibanda	11	3	13	4
7	Bushenyi	11	3	3	7
8	Buikwe	11	10	3	8
9	Mayuge	11	10	6	3
10	Kyotera	10	8	1	2
11	Kira Division	10	4	3	5
12	Mbarara	10	15	13	14
13	Mityana	9	14	24	5
14	Kisoro	8	12	3	1
15	Wakiso	8	7	2	2
16	Kawempe	8	17	27	18



1.3.10.3. AGGRAVATED ROBBERY OF MOTOR VEHICLES

A total of **50** cases of Aggravated Robbery of Motor Vehicles were registered at Police in the period under review compared to **81** cases reported in 2022 giving an overall decrease in this crime category by **31** cases. By the end of 2023, a total of **09** cases were taken to Court and are all still pending in Court, **05** cases were not proceeded with while **36** cases are still under investigations. A total of **122** Motor Vehicles were recovered, **24** were found abandoned whereas **79** motor vehicles were not recovered. The recovered motor vehicles include motor vehicles that were reported robbed in the preceding years.

a. Regional Performance

KMP North region registered the highest number of Aggravated Robbery of Motor Vehicles in 2023 (**14** cases), followed by Kiira with **07** cases, Greater Bushenyi and KMP South with **05** cases each, Savannah with **04** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 47: REGIONS LEADING IN AGGRAVATED ROBBERY OF MOTOR VEHICLES



b. District/Divisional Performance

Most of the Motor Vehicle robberies were registered in the divisions/districts cases, Wakiso with **05** cases, followed by Jinja and Entebbe with **05** cases each, Kawempe, Kasangati and Old Kampala with **03** cases each, among others as shown in the table below;

TABLE 53: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN AGGRAVATED ROBBERY OF MOTOR VEHICLES

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Wakiso	5	1	6	-	6
2	Jinja	4	1	1	-	-
3	Entebbe	4	2	2	2	3
4	Kawempe	3	1	2	3	2
5	Kasangati	3	6	2	-	3
6	Old Kampala	3	4	1	4	-
7	Mitooma	2	-	-	-	-
8	Nakasongola	2	-	-	-	-
9	Kyenjojo	2	1	-	-	-



1.3.10.4. AGGRAVATED ROBBERY OF MOTORCYCLES

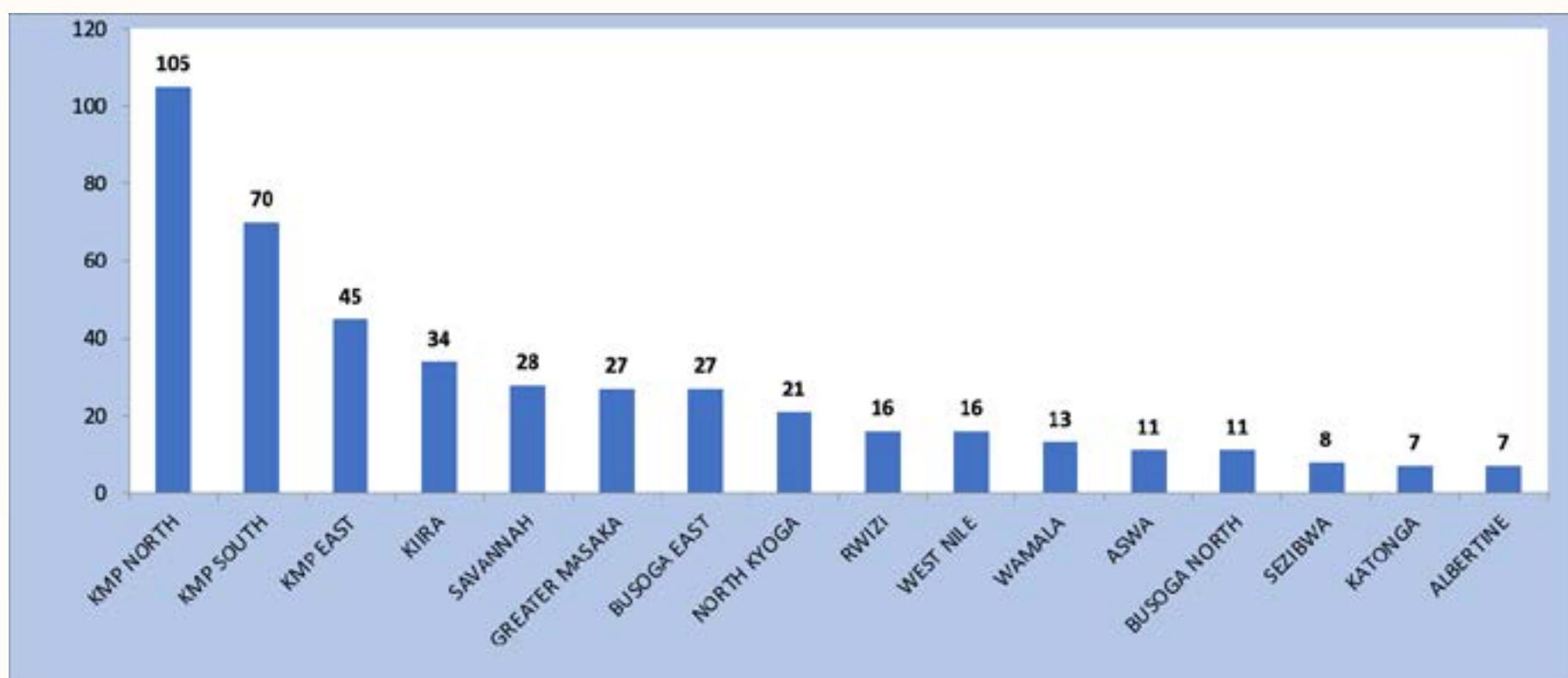
In the period under review, a total of **481** cases of Aggravated Robbery of Motorcycles were reported to the Police in 2023 compared to **412** cases reported in 2022 giving a **16.7%** increase of the reported cases in this crime category.

A total of **95** cases were taken to Court, **03** secured a conviction, **07** cases were dismissed while **75** are still pending in Court. **72** cases were not proceeded with while **314** cases are still under inquiry. A total of **791** Motorcycle were reported robbed, out of which, **395** were recovered, **132** were found abandoned, while **264** were not recovered.

a. Regional Performance

KMP registered the highest number of cases of Aggravated Robbery of Motorcycles in 2023 (**105** cases), followed by KMP South with **70** cases, KMP East with 45 cases, Kiira with **34** cases, Savannah with **28** cases, Greater Masaka with **27** cases and Busoga East with **27** cases as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 48: REGIONS LEADING IN AGGRAVATED ROBBERY OF MOTORCYCLES



b. District/Divisional Performance

Kasangati Division registered the highest number of cases of Aggravated Robbery of Motorcycles in 2023 (**34** cases), followed by Katwe with **32** cases, Nansana Police Division with **27** cases among others as shown in the table below;

TABLE 54: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN ROBBERY OF MOTORCYCLES

S/No	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Kasangati	34	27	5	6	6
2	Katwe	32	14	4	8	19
3	Nansana	27	7	3	7	3
4	Luwero	24	12	11	17	25
5	Wakiso	18	7	6	18	23



S/No	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
6	Nsangi	18	12	5	9	11
7	Buwenge	16	5	-	-	3
8	Kira Division	15	2	7	2	13
9	Mukono	14	3	5	3	10
10	Jinja	12	6	1	1	6
11	Kawempe	11	9	6	3	2
12	Nagalama	9	17	5	4	-
13	Lira City East	9	3	2	3	14
14	Old Kampala	8	14	9	16	11
15	Kyotera	8	11	6	-	3
16	Mayuge	8	2	4	6	7
17	Bugiri	8	-	1	1	1

1.3.11. CATTLE RUSTLING

A total of **48** cases of Cattle Rustling were registered by Police in 2023 compared to **56** cases registered in 2022. These cases of Cattle Rustling took place in the Districts of Kotido with **03** cases, Napak with **01** case, Nabilatuk with **02** cases, Karenga with **03** cases, Kabong with **03** cases, Amudat and Moroto with 02 cases each, Kitgum with **06** and Nakapiripirit with **14** case.

1.3.11.1.ANTI-STOCK THEFT UNIT (ASTU) OPERATIONS

In 2023, **9,558** cattle was stolen out of which **5,683** were recovered as shown in the table below;

TABLE 55: NOTABLE ACHIEVEMENTS BY ASTU

S/No.	ZONES / DISTRICTS	Katakwi	K'byong	Abim	Kaabong	Kotido	Karenga. N	Karenga .S	Moroto	Napak	Amudat	Nabilatuk	Nakaps'	Kween	Total
1	No. Incidences	121	30	44	65	43	17	11	32	35	27	19	31	37	512
2	No. Cattle Stolen	375	194	232	836	1490	523	940	395	355	195	1522	2109	392	9558
3	No. Cattle Recovered	192	104	160	336	619	431	628	167	189	115	1287	1303	152	5683
4	No. Cattle un-Recovered	183	90	72	500	871	92	312	228	166	80	235	806	240	3875
5	No. Goats/Sheep/Pigs Stolen	76	11	38	429	130	78	-	524	254	40	218	115	26	1939
6	No. Goats/Sheep Recovered	75	10	12	215	-	45	-	385	194	38	134	40	7	1155
7	No. of Goats/Sheep Un-Recovered	1	1	26	214	130	33	-	139	60	2	84	75	19	784
8	Warriors P.O.A	5	8	7	24	17	2	4	14	13	8	2	10	2	116
9	Security Personnel Killed	-	-	-	-	3	4	-	1	-	-	-	2	2	12
10	Security Personnel Injured	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	1	6
11	Civilian Killed	-	-	1	11	5	2	2	4	3	1	1	3	-	35
12	Civilian Injured	-	1	-	8	6	-	1	7	3	2	2	1	3	34
13	Civilian Abducted	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	4
14	Civilian Released	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3



S/No.	ZONES / DISTRICTS		Katakwi	K'byong	Abim	Kaabong	Kotido	Karenga. N	Karenga .S	Moroto	Napak	Amudat	Nabilatuk	Nakaps'	Kween	Total
15	Recoveries From Lango Sudanese, Karamojong, Pokot, Turkana-Kenya	Rifles	-	1		44	58	7	3	50	20	15	4	5	1	208
		AMMOS	-	-	-	115	188	12	6	792	201	525	12	11	89	1952
16	Rifles Stolen From Own Forces		-	-	-	1	1	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	6
17	Ammos Stolen From Own Forces		-	-	-	-	-	105	32	-	-	30	-	-	-	167
18	Own Rifle Recovered		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Suspects Arrested		-	-	-	232	170	-	1	412	191	167	111	180	1	1465
20	Suspects Taken to Court		-	-	-	44	74	-	-	16	29	29	22	22	1	237

1.3.12. NARCOTICS

In 2023, a total of **2,113** cases of Narcotics/Drugs were reported to the Police countrywide compared to **2,797** cases reported in 2022 giving a **24.5%** decrease in this crime category. Out of the total reported, **1,371** cases were taken to Court, **246** were not proceeded with while **496** cases are still under inquiry.

TABLE 56: BREAKDOWN OF CASES OF NARCOTICS/DRUGS

S/No.	Offences	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Heroin	8	12	13	1	20
2	Cocaine	11	6	2	-	3
3	Herbal Cannabis	403	862	438	462	852
4	Cannabis (plants destroyed) cases	109	100	-	-	-
5	Other Narcotics(general)	1,582	1,817	1,215	1,251	1,875
	Total	2,113	2,797	1,668	1,714	2,750

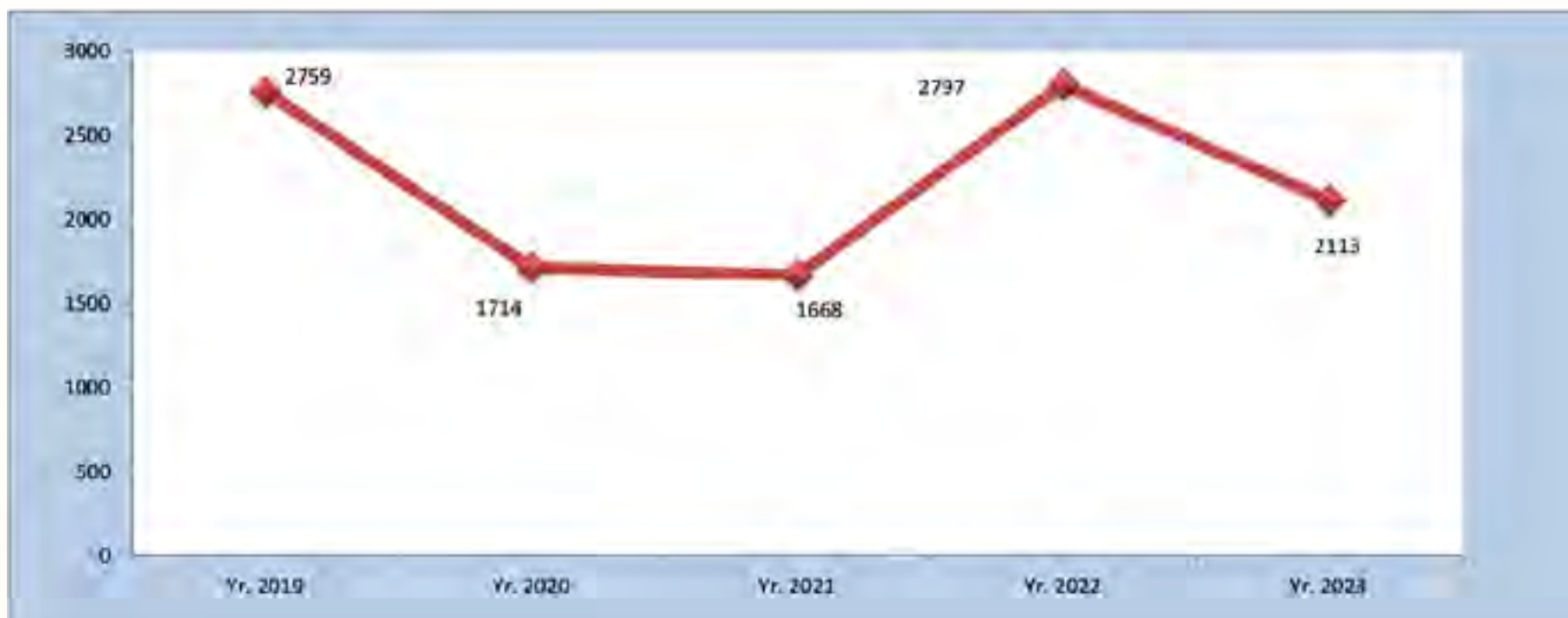
Out of the **1,371** cases taken to Court, **574** cases secured convictions, **56** cases were acquitted, **207** cases were dismissed while **534** cases are still pending in Court. A total of **3,719** suspects were arrested and charged before Courts of law of whom **3,575** were Male Adults, **80** were Female Adults while **64** were Male Juveniles.



COMPARISON OF CASES OF NARCOTICS REGISTERED BETWEEN 2019 AND 2023

There has been a general decrease in cases of Narcotics from **2,797** cases registered in 2022 to **2,113** cases registered in 2023 as shown in the figure below;

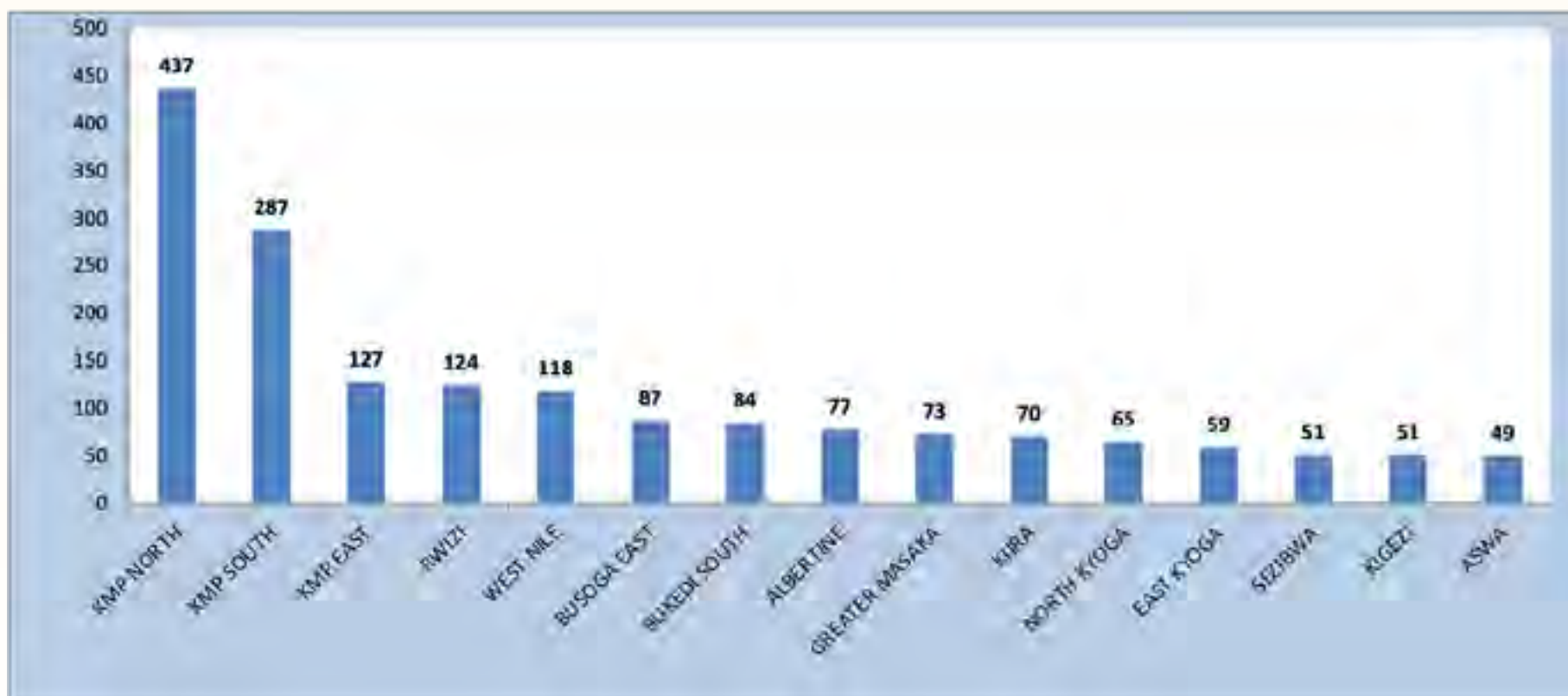
FIGURE 49: COMPARISON OF CASES OF NARCOTICS REGISTERED AT POLICE BETWEEN 2019 AND 2023



a. Regional Performance

KMP North registered the highest number of cases of Narcotics in 2022 (**437** cases), followed by KMP South with **287** cases, KMP East with **127** cases, Rwizi with **124** cases, West Nile with **118** cases, Busoga East with **87** cases and Bukedi South with **84** cases.

FIGURE 50: REGIONS LEADING IN NARCOTICS/DRUGS



b. District/Divisional Performance

Nansana Division registered the highest number of cases of Narcotics/Drugs in 2023 (**126** cases), followed by Katwe Division with **102** cases, Old Kampala Division with 96 cases, Kawempe Division with **87** cases, Busia with **65** cases, Busia with **55** cases and Wakiso with **46** cases as shown in the following table;



TABLE 57: DISTRICT/DIVISION LEADING IN NARCOTICS/DRUGS

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Nansana	126	87	-	18	40
2	Katwe	102	126	36	34	120
3	Old Kampala	96	150	33	21	41
4	Kawempe	87	163	52	31	39
5	Kira Division	61	22	20	6	58
6	Jinja	57	88	59	44	52
7	Busia	55	35	10	8	14
8	Wandegeya	53	62	45	19	38
9	Arual Rural	50	99	34	35	49
10	Kabalagala	48	59	24	34	51
11	Iganga	48	37	15	13	28
12	Wakiso	46	54	16	17	40
13	Kajjansi	44	31	19	32	49
14	Lira City West	39	16	15	5	9
15	Entebbe	35	9	7	6	13

The Districts/Divisions of Buvuma, Rukiga, Kiruhura, Kitagwenda, Kamwenge, Ntoroko, Fortpotal, East, Arua West, Madi Okolo, Adjumani, Gulu Rural, Gulu Central, Lira Rural, Lira City East, Alebtong, Abim, Kotido, Karenga, Soroti Central, Mbale Industrial Division, Manafwa, Butebo and Kaliro registered the least number of cases of Narcotics/Drugs in 2023.

c. Narcotic seizures at Entebbe International Airport in 2023

In 2023, a total of **20** (twenty) cases of assorted Narcotic Drugs were reported at Entebbe International Airport. Out of these, **16** cases were taken to Court, **02** cases are still under inquiry while **02** cases were not proceeded with. From the **17** cases taken to court, **14** cases secured convictions while **02** cases are still pending in court.

In the year 2023, a total of **51,875.07** grams of Narcotic Drugs were seized compared to **45,139.48** grams in 2022, an indication of increment in seizures.

TABLE 58: ASSORTED NARCOTICS DRUGS SEIZED AT ENTEBBE INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT IN 2023

S/NO.	DRUG TYPE	QUANTITY IN GRAMS
1	Cocaine	26,532.9
2	Heroin	9,150.08
3	Methamphetamine	2004.08
4	Canabis Sativa	14,000
TOTAL		51,875.07



FIGURE 51: CONCEALMENT OF DRUGS BY TRAFFICKERS



1.3.13. ELECTORAL/POLITICAL AND MEDIA OFFENCES

A total of **125** cases of Political/Electoral and Media Offences were reported to Police in 2023 compared to **140** cases reported in 2022 giving a **10.7%** decrease in the cases registered in this category. Out of the total reported in 2023, **45** cases were taken to Court, **33** were not proceeded with while **47** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the cases taken to Court, **06** cases secured convictions and **09** cases were dismissed while **30** cases are pending in Court.

TABLE 59: BREAKDOWN OF ELECTORAL/POLITICAL OFFENCES

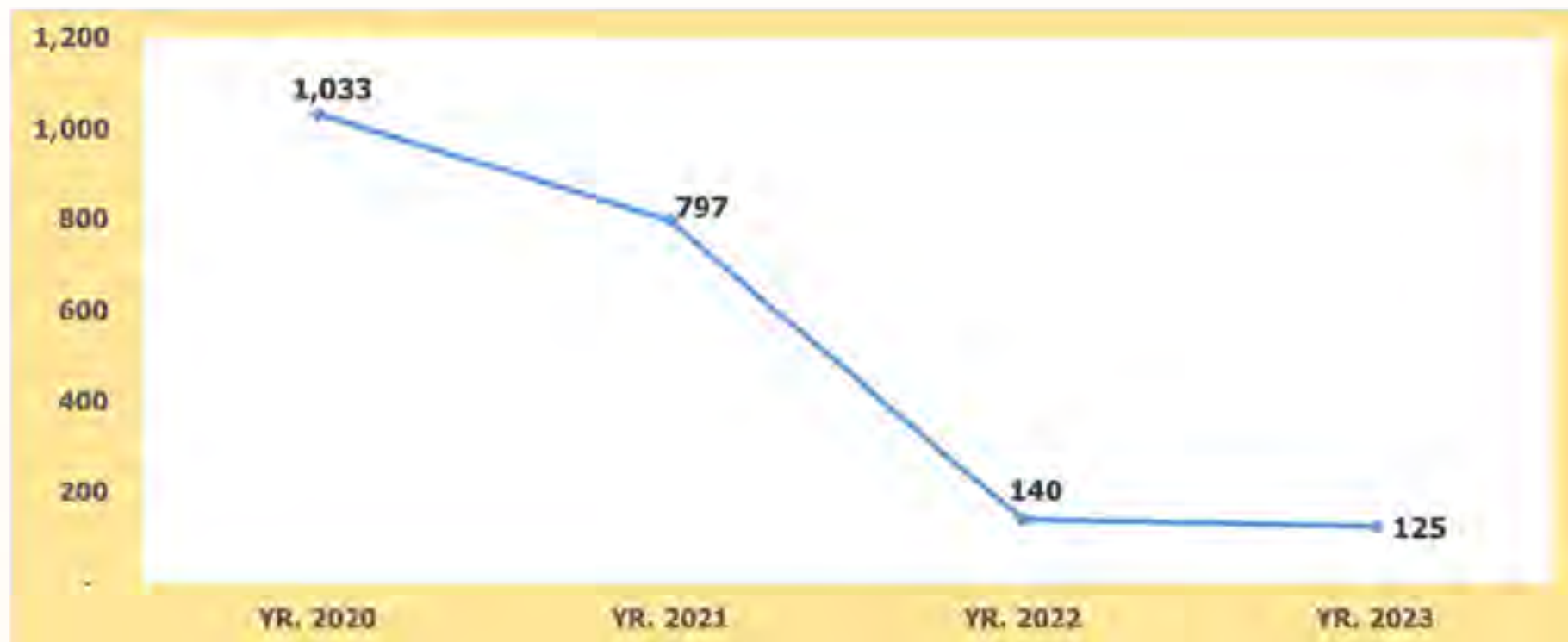
S/No.	Offences	No. of Cases Reported				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Incitement to Violence	110	127	225	339	152
2	Promoting Sectarianism	1	5	4	11	2
3	Election Offences	12	7	556	681	14
4	Treason	2	1	12	2	1
Total		125	140	797	1,033	169



COMPARISON OF ELECTORAL/POLITICAL AND MEDIA OFFENCES FROM 2020 TO 2023

There has been a general decrease Electoral/Political and Media Offences from **10,33** cases in 2020 to **125** cases in 2023 as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 52: COMPARISON OF CASES OF ELECTORAL/POLITICAL AND MEDIA OFFENCES FROM 2020 TO 2023



1.3.14. CYBERCRIMES

A total of **245** cases of Cybercrimes were reported to the Police countrywide in the period under review compared to **286** cases reported in 2022, giving a **14.3%** decrease in this crime category. By the end of the year, **61** cases were taken to Court, **51** cases were not proceeded with while **133** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **14** cases secured convictions, **01** case was acquitted, **02** cases were dismissed while **44** cases are pending in Court. Cybercrimes led to a loss of **Ugx. 1,543,292,161** in 2023, out of which **Ugx. 377,441,465** was recovered.

COMPARISON OF CYBERCRIMES FROM 2020 TO 2023

There has been a general increase in cases of Cybercrimes from **256** cases reported to the Police in 2020 to **286** cases reported in 2022 as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 53: COMPARISON OF CYBERCRIMES FROM 2020 TO 2023





1.3.15. LAND FRAUD CASES

In 2023, a total of **271** cases of Land-related crimes were reported to Land Protection Unit (LPU) compared to **561** cases reported in 2022, giving a **51.7%** decrease in the crimes reported in this category. By the end of 2023, a total of **24** cases were taken to Court and all are still pending while **247** cases are still under inquiry. **45** cases were sent to DPP/RSA for legal guidance.

COMPARISON OF CASES OF LAND FRAUD FROM 2020 TO 2023

There has been a general decrease in cases of Land Fraud cases from **561** cases reported in 2022 compared to **271** cases reported in 2023 as shown in the figure below;

FIGURE 54: COMPARISON OF CASES OF LAND FRAUD CASES FROM 2020 TO 2022



The most committed offences in this category are Fraudulent Procuration of Certificate of Title and Obtaining Registration by False Pretences, Criminal Trespass, Obtaining Money by False Pretences and Forgery as shown in the following table;

TABLE 60: BREAKDOWN OF LAND-RELATED CASES REPORTED AT LAND PROTECTION UNIT (LPU)

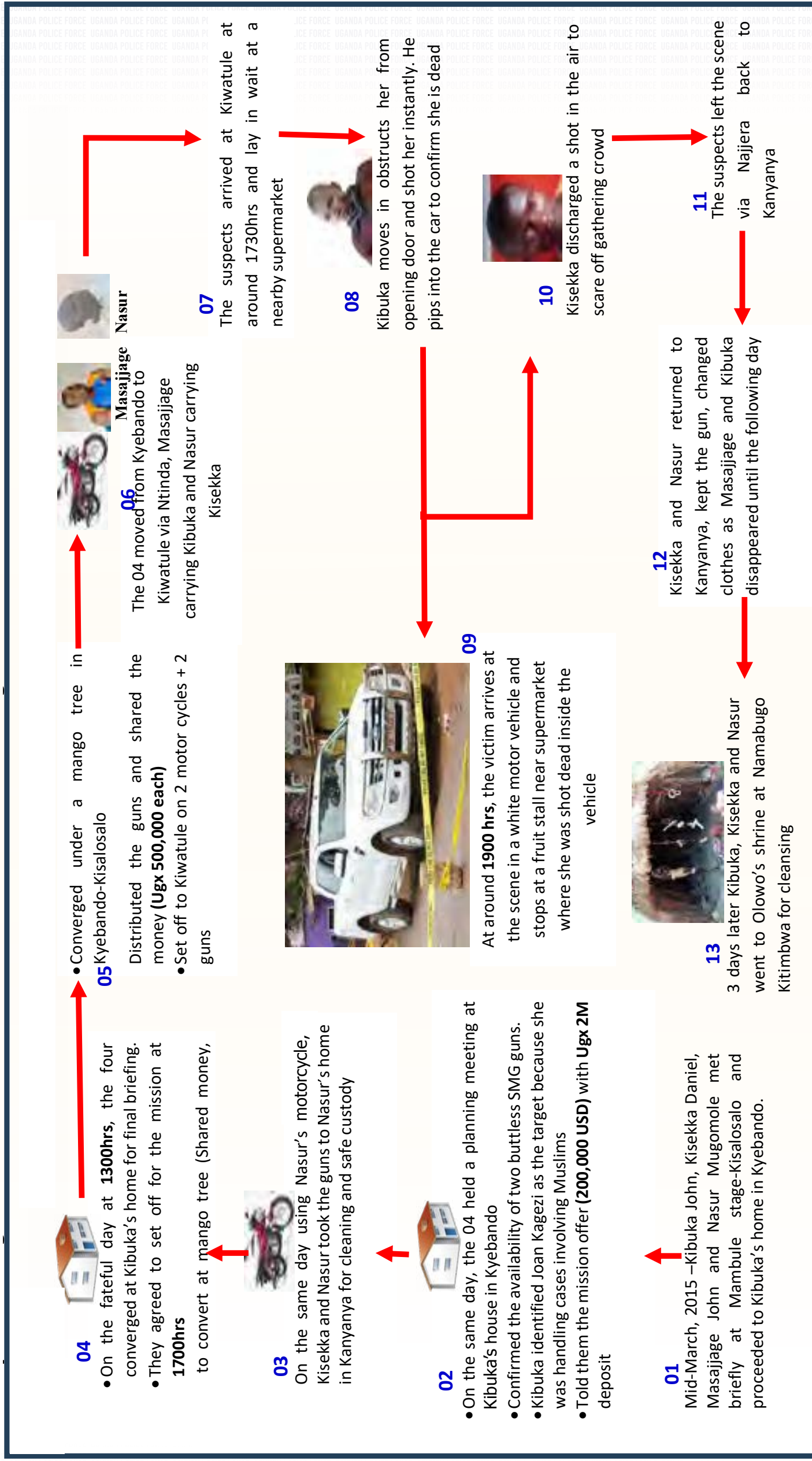
S/NO	CASE CATEGORY	CASES OPENED	REFERALS FROM OTHER STATIONS	TOTAL
1	Criminal Trespass	19	54	73
2	Malicious Damage	2	20	22
	Forgery	14	8	22
4	F/P/C/O/TITLE & O/R/B/F/P	40	3	43
5	O/M/B/F/P.	5	8	13
6	Fraud On Sale	19	2	21
7	Forcible Entry	3	2	5
8	Intermeddling	15	5	20
9	Concealment Of Title Deed	5	4	9
10	Theft	2	4	6
11	Threatening Violence	3	8	11
12	Stealing Cattle	-	2	2
13	Assault	-	9	9
14	Obstruction	-	1	1
15	Attempted murder	-	1	1
16	Aggravated robbery	-	1	1
17	Murder	-	1	1
18	Arson	-	11	11
GRAND TOTAL		127	144	271



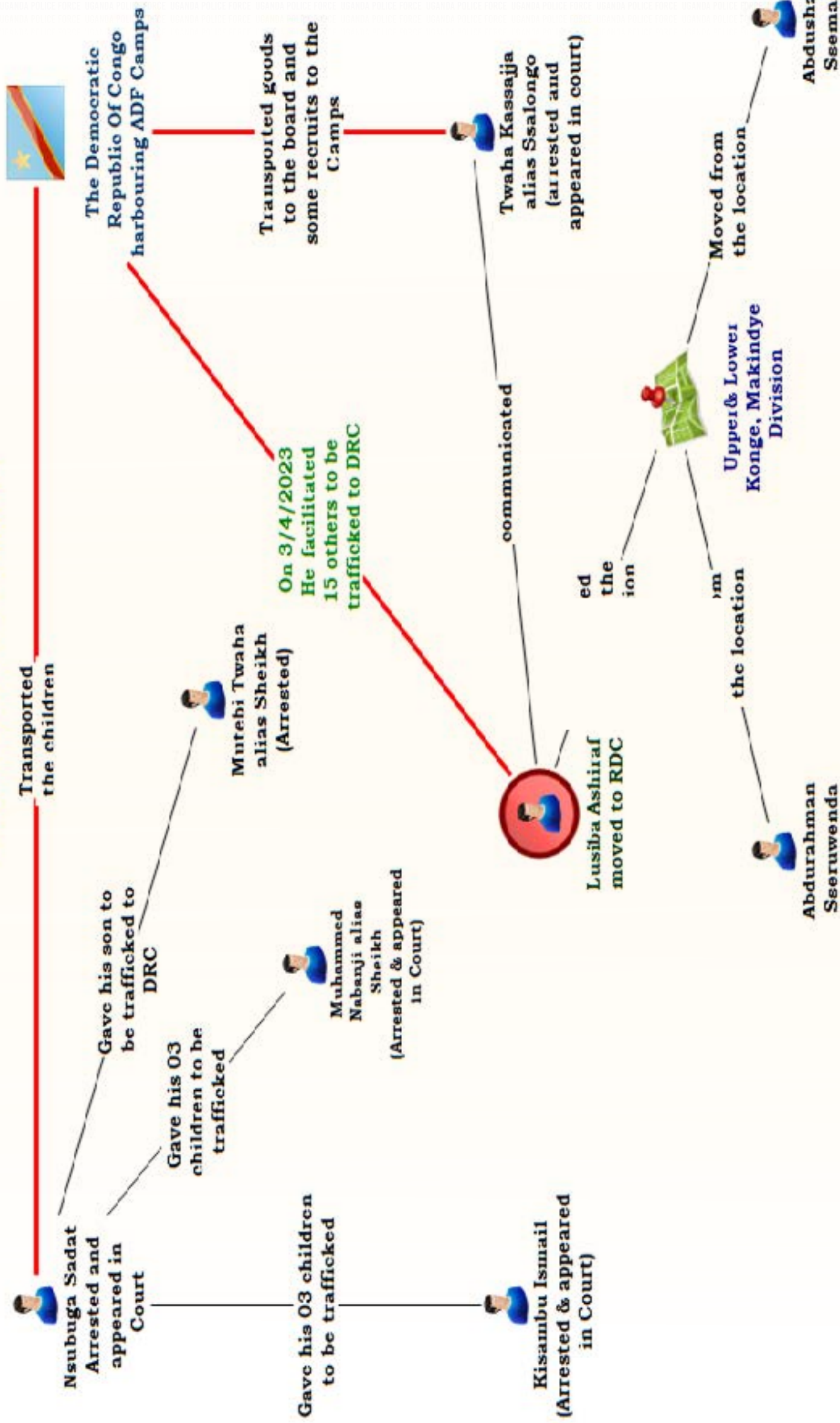
02

NOTABLE CRIMINAL SYNDICATES

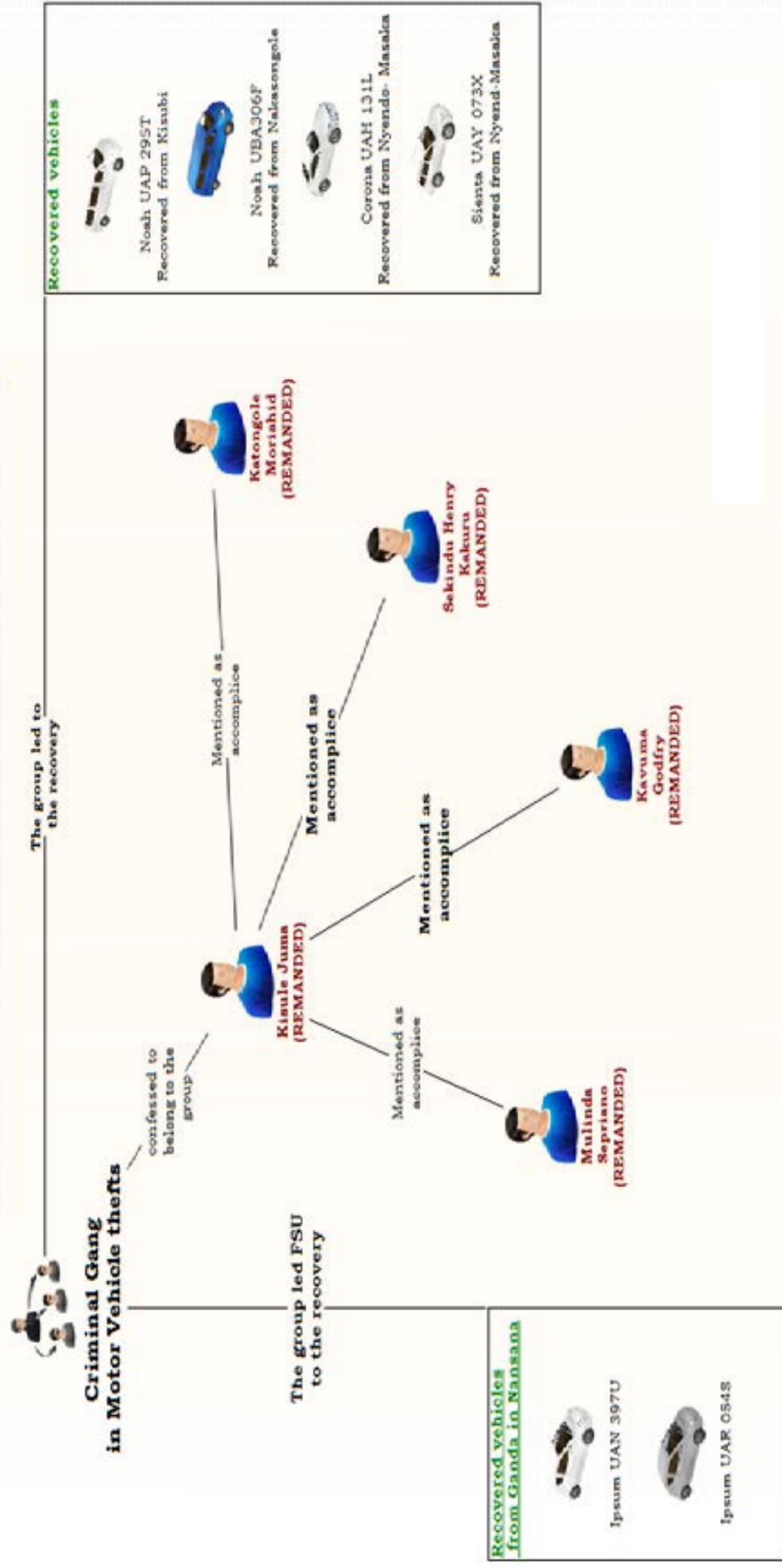
2.3.1. OPERATIONS AGAINST THE KILLERS OF THE LATE ASSISTANT DPP JOAN KAGEZI



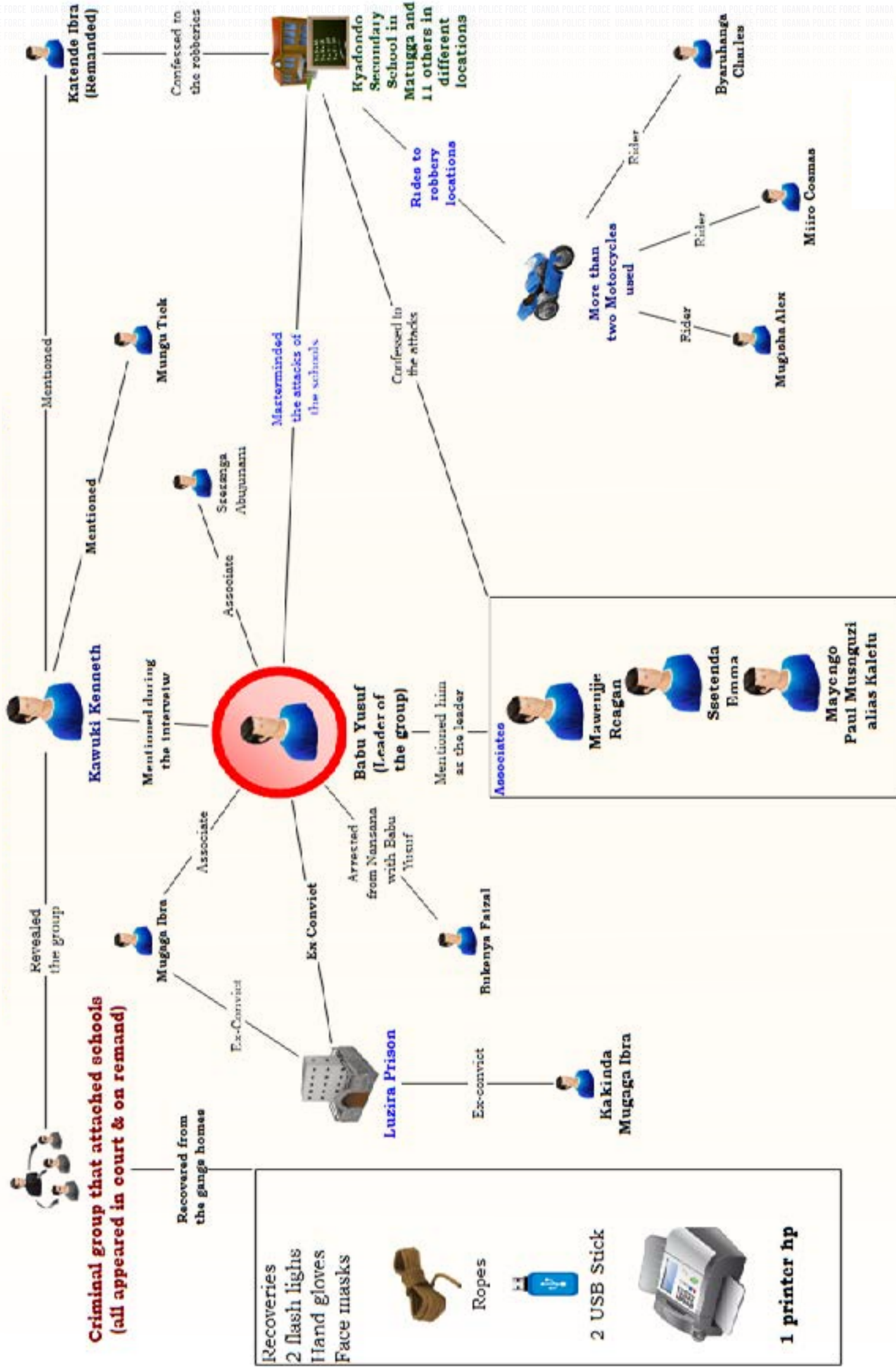
2.2. NETWORK OF THE ADF COLLABORATORS IN TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS



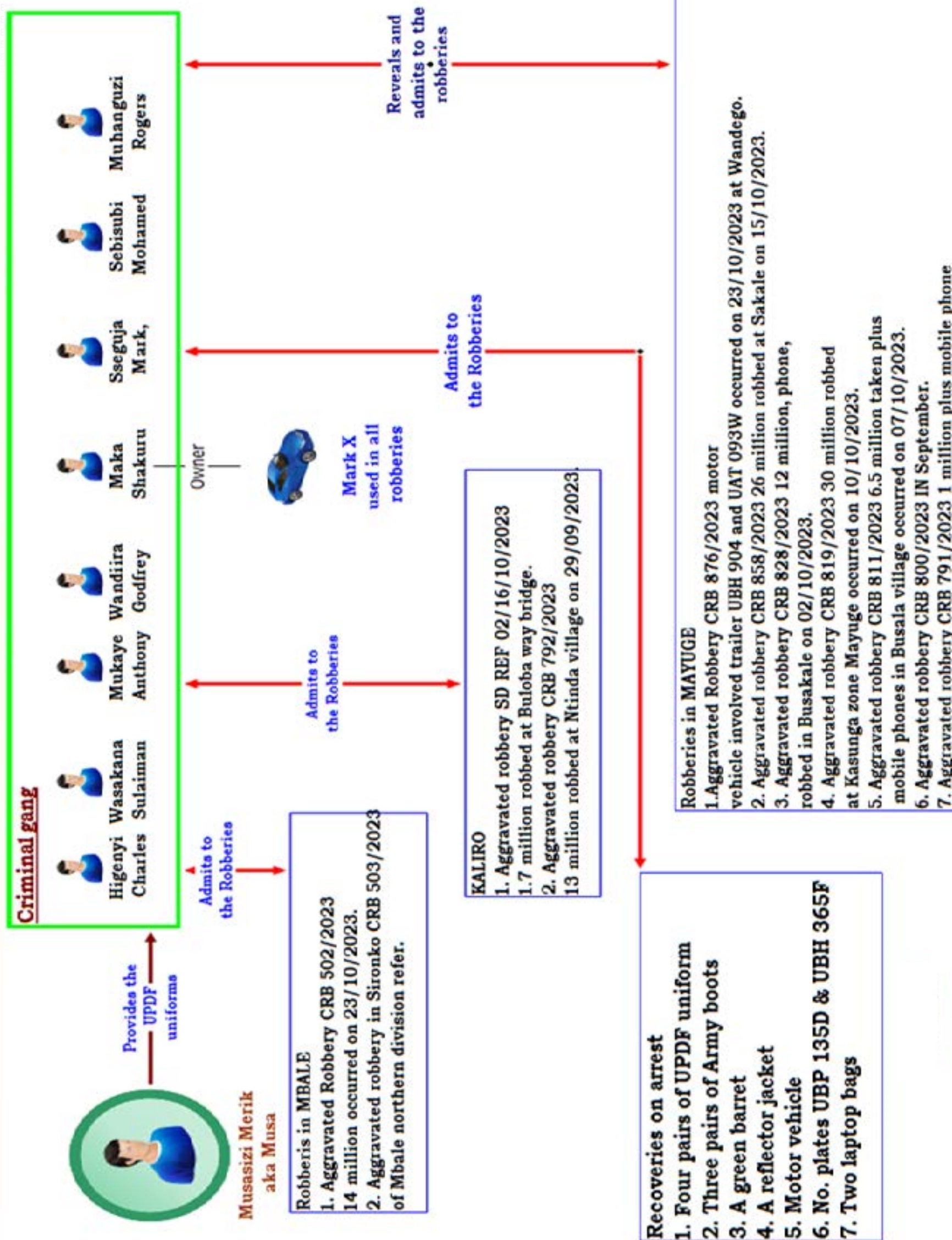
2.3. CASE ANALYSIS OF MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT OPERATIONS LEADING TO RECOVERIES



2.4. OPERATIONS ON THE 11 SCHOOLS ATTACKED IN THE COUNTRY



2.5. SYNDICATE OF AGGRAVATED ROBBERIES IN EASTERN UGANDA





03

TRAFFIC & ROAD SAFETY



3.1. NATURE OF ROAD TRAFFIC CRASHES FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY – DECEMBER 2023

The number of reported incidents of road crashes increased by **16%**, from **20,394** in 2022 to **23,608** in 2023. Out of the total crashes reported in 2023, **4,179** were fatal, **12,487** serious and **6,942** were minor crashes as shown in the table below;

TABLE 61: COMPARISON OF NATURE OF ROAD TRAFFIC CRASHES 2022-2023

S/No	Nature of Crashes	2022	2023	% Change
1	Fatal	3,901	4,179	7.1%
2	Serious	10,776	12,487	15.8%
3	Minor	5,717	6,942	21.4%
	Total	20,394	23,608	16.0%

3.1.1. VICTIMS/CASUALTIES OF ROAD CRASHES (JANUARY – DECEMBER 2023)

There were **24,728** casualties from road crashes in 2023 compared to **21,473** in 2022, giving a **15%** increase in the number of casualties.

TABLE 62: COMPARISON OF ROAD TRAFFIC CRASH CASUALTIES 2019-2023

Victim	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Killed	3,880	3,663	4,159	4,534	4,806
Seriously injured	9,635	8,370	12,589	15,227	16,736
Slightly injured	1,175	979	1,287	1,712	3,186
Total	14,690	13,012	18,035	21,473	24,728

FIGURE 55: TREND OF ANNUAL ROAD TRAFFIC CRASHES FROM 2019 TO 2023





DISTRIBUTION OF ROAD TRAFFIC CRASHES BY POLICE REGION

Most traffic road crashes were registered in Kampala Metropolitan Area, with KMP East having the highest with **3,751** crashes followed by KMP North with **3,216**, while KMP South had **2,894** and Rwizi **1,192** crashes, among others as illustrated below;

TABLE 63: DISTRIBUTION OF ROAD TRAFFIC CRASHES BY POLICE REGION

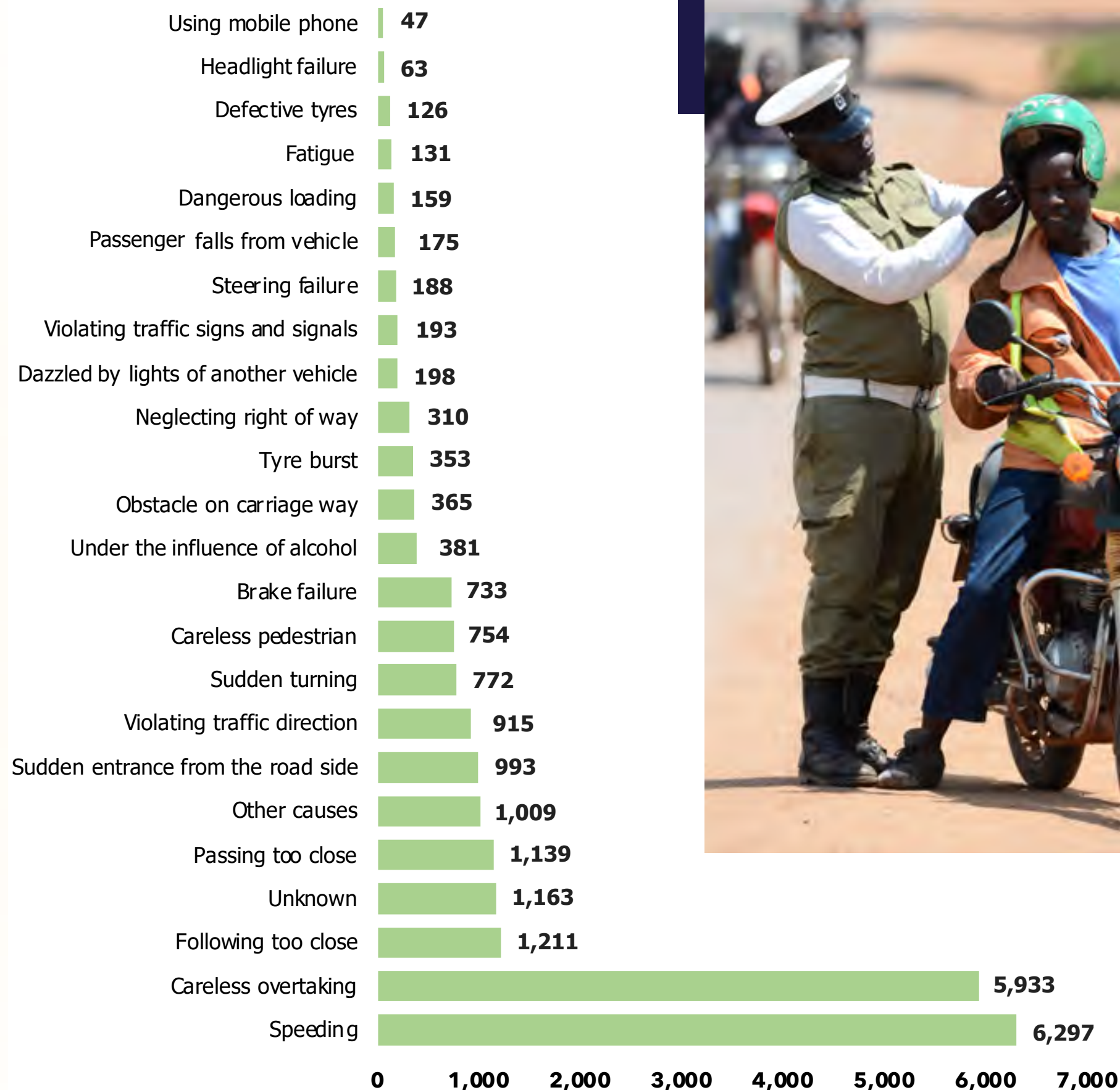
S/No.	Region	Fatal	Serious	Minor	Total
1	Kampala Metropolitan East	301	1712	1738	3,751
2	Kampala Metropolitan North	333	1708	1175	3,216
3	Kampala Metropolitan South	319	1519	1056	2,894
4	Rwizi	283	620	289	1,192
5	West Nile	143	675	132	950
6	Albertine	310	383	120	813
7	Greater Masaka	229	341	212	782
8	Elgon	106	503	161	770
9	Savannah	171	364	202	737
10	Wamala	247	356	96	699
11	Busoga East	173	335	166	674
12	Bukedi South	93	402	177	672
13	Sezibwa	107	352	213	672
14	North Kyoga	162	374	109	645
15	Aswa West	103	347	177	627
16	Rwenzori West	175	302	117	594
17	Katonga	154	269	147	570
18	East Kyoga	136	325	92	553
19	Kigezi	126	247	119	492
20	Kiira	64	235	91	390
21	Bukedi North	89	181	40	310
22	North West Nile	40	190	54	284
23	Greater Bushenyi	66	141	65	272
24	Busoga North	74	117	22	213
25	Sipi	39	132	40	211
26	Aswa East	61	110	34	205
27	Rwenzori East	45	115	43	203
28	Kidepo	11	81	39	131
29	Mt. Moroto	19	51	16	86
	Total	4,179	12,487	6,942	23,608



3.1.2. CAUSES OF CRASHES

In the year 2023, speeding and careless overtaking were the leading causes of road crashes, accounting for (50%) of total crashes registered.

FIGURE 56: MAIN CAUSES OF CRASHES





A total of **37,449** vehicles were involved in crashes out of which motorcycles were the most involved with **13,386** followed by motor cars with **10,398** and light omnibus with **2,663** as illustrated below;

TABLE 64: COMPARISON OF CLASS OF VEHICLES INVOLVED IN CRASHES JAN-DECEMBER 2023

S/No	Class of Vehicles	Fatal	Serious	Minor	Total
1	Motorcycles	2,498	9,668	1,220	13,386
2	Motor cars	808	4221	5369	10,398
3	Light Omnibus	325	1360	978	2,663
4	Light goods vehicles	370	923	750	2,043
5	Medium goods vehicles	361	681	762	1,804
6	Unknown	666	607	267	1,540
7	Trailers & Semi-Trailers	175	397	539	1,111
8	Dual-purpose vehicles	123	535	658	1,316
9	Heavy goods vehicles	206	377	529	1,112
10	Pedal cycles	135	381	38	554
11	Heavy Omnibus	69	150	152	371
12	Medium Omnibus	56	146	133	335
13	Fuel Truck	45	58	96	199
14	Tractors	49	124	27	200
15	Engineering plant	23	43	42	108
16	Tri-cycles	36	176	52	264
17	Pedestrian-controlled vehicles	17	16	12	45
	TOTAL	5,962	19,863	11,624	37,449

3.1.3. COMMON TRAFFIC & ROAD SAFETY OFFENCES AND NUMBER OF OFFENDERS HANDLED

A total of **528,025** traffic offenders were arrested for various offences compared to **456,993** offenders in 2022, giving a **15.5%** increase in the number of Traffic & Road Safety offenders.

Among the leading offences, driving a motor vehicle in a dangerous mechanical condition had the highest number of offenders with **99,068** followed by Obstruction on a road by loading or offloading with **95,676** offenders, Riding without a Valid Driver's Permit with **77,430** offenders, Careless Driving had **39,293** while Riding without a Crash Helmet had **37,160** offenders as illustrated below;

TABLE 65: TRAFFIC & ROAD SAFETY OFFENCES AND NUMBER OF OFFENDERS HANDLED (2022-2023)

S/No.	Offence	No. of Offenders	
		2022	2023
1	Driving a motor vehicle in a dangerous mechanical condition	92,029	99,068
2	Obstruction on a road by loading or off loading	20,063	95,676
3	Riding without a valid driver's permit	78,693	77,430
4	Careless driving	39,447	39,293
5	Riding without a crash helmet	41,224	37,160
6	Driving without a valid driving permit	39,532	35,632
7	Using or permitting use on road a m/v, trailer or engineering plant without any insurance law for that use	31,041	26,154



S/No.	Offence	No. of Offenders	
		2022	2023
8	Using a m/v for carriage of goods or passengers when not licensed to do so	23,808	25,048
9	Speeding	20,416	19,630
10	Using a hand-held mobile phone	11,325	18,436
11	Driving without warning signs or reflectors	16,161	12,162
12	Breach of operator's license	9,058	9,322
13	Interference with safe driving	6,954	8,113
14	Carrying more than one passenger on a motor vehicle	7,522	6,983
15	Dangerous loading	8,906	6,691
16	Using or permitting use on road a m/v whose registration plate is obscured	4,699	4,849
17	Passenger not wearing a safety belt	3,571	2,454
18	Permitting driving without a valid driving permit	1,161	2,003
19	Driving under the influence of alcohol	1,026	1,000
20	Permitting a person not enrolled as a student in a driving school to drive	124	752
21	Failing to give right of way to emergency m/v	117	81
22	Using a m/v for instructing learner driver without a valid certificate of fitness	78	59
23	Driving a public service vehicle without a valid badge	24	18
24	Failure to pay the prescribed penalty within 28 days	8	9
25	Failing to stop at a railway crossing	6	2
	Total	456,993	528,025

3.1.4. MONTHLY CRASHES AND FATALITIES (JANUARY – DECEMBER 2023)

Most crashes were recorded December with **2,131** crashes followed by July with **2,099** crashes, whereas January recorded the least number with **1,787** crashes. Fatalities were highest in the month of July with **457** and lowest in November with **311** as shown in the table below;

FIGURE 57: MONTHLY COMPARISON OF CRASHES AND FATALITIES





3.1.5. OWNERSHIP OF VEHICLES INVOLVED IN CRASHES

Majority of the vehicles involved in crashes were privately owned and these were **20,210** vehicles accounting for **87%** of all crashes followed by foreign registered vehicles with **846**, while vehicles from the Central Government were **255**. The ownership of **1,254** vehicles involved in traffic crashes was unknown.

TABLE 66: OWNERSHIP OF VEHICLES INVOLVED IN CRASHES (JANUARY - DECEMBER, 2023)

S/No.	Ownership of vehicles	No. of Vehicles	Percentage
1	Private	20,210	82
2	Unknown	1,254	5.5
3	Foreign-Registered	846	6
4	Central Government	255	1.8
5	NGO	147	1.2
6	Unregistered	143	1
7	Local Government	92	0.7
8	Police	91	0.6
9	Army	76	0.5
10	Diplomatic	38	0.3
11	Parastatals	37	0.3
12	Prison	11	0.1
	Total	23,200	100

TABLE 67: OWNERSHIP OF MOTORCYCLES INVOLVED IN CRASHES (JANUARY - DECEMBER, 2023)

S/No.	Ownership of vehicles	No. of Vehicles	Percentage
1	Private	12,057	88.6
2	Unknown	668	5.7
3	Foreign-Registered	263	2.04
4	Unregistered	169	1.6
5	Police	78	0.5
6	Central Government	50	0.4
7	Local Government	46	0.5
8	NGO	34	0.35
9	Army	7	0.1
10	Prison	7	0.1
11	Diplomatic	5	0.08
12	Parastatals	2	0.03
	Total	13,386	100



3.1.6. TIME OF CRASHES

A higher number of crashes occurred between 18:00hrs and 19:59hrs in 2023 and these were **3,681**. Relatedly, fatal crashes were also highest between 18:00hrs and 19:59hrs (**787 fatalities**).

FIGURE 58: CRASHES BY TIME OF DAY

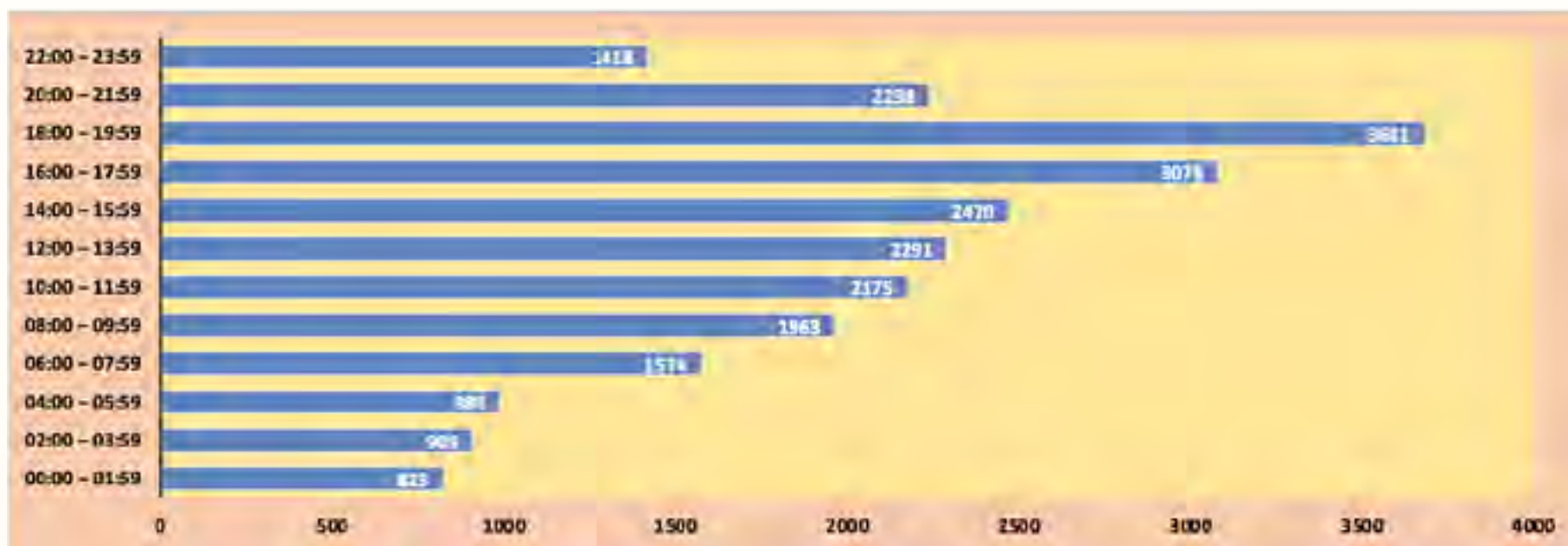
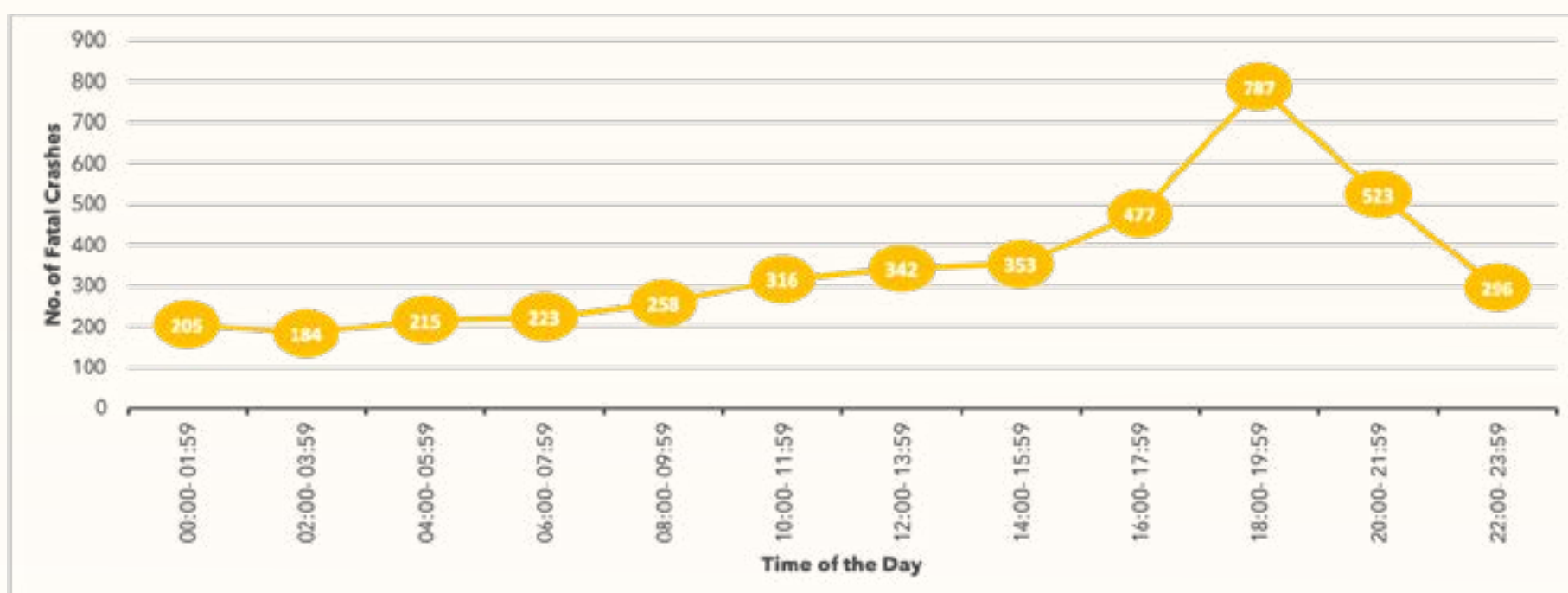


FIGURE 59: FATAL CRASHES BY TIME OF DAY



3.1.7. ACCIDENT VICTIMS BY ROAD USER CATEGORY

There was a **6%** increase in the total number of persons that died as a result of road crashes from **4,534** in 2022 to **4,806** in 2023. The increase was majorly in the following categories; Motorcyclists, Passengers on motorcycles, Drivers, Pedestrians, Passengers in heavy omnibuses and Drivers.

TABLE 68: COMPARISON OF FATALITIES BY ROAD USER GROUP FROM 2019-2023

S/No.	Road User Category	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
1	Pedestrians	1,485	1,258	1,384	1,579	1,675
2	Motorcyclist	1,064	1,146	1,390	1,404	1,520
3	Passenger on Motorcycle	422	409	528	552	614
4	Passengers in other vehicles	462	380	384	461	324
5	Driver	194	182	200	198	232



S/No.	Road User Category	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
6	Pedal cyclist	136	183	180	164	140
7	Others	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	120
8	Passenger in Light Omnibus	82	83	64	114	93
9	Passenger in Heavy Omnibus	27	12	16	38	54
10	Passengers in Tri-cycles	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	24
11	Passenger in Medium Omnibus	8	10	13	24	10
	Total	3,880	3,663	4,159	4,534	4,806

FIGURE 60: DEATH BY GENDER

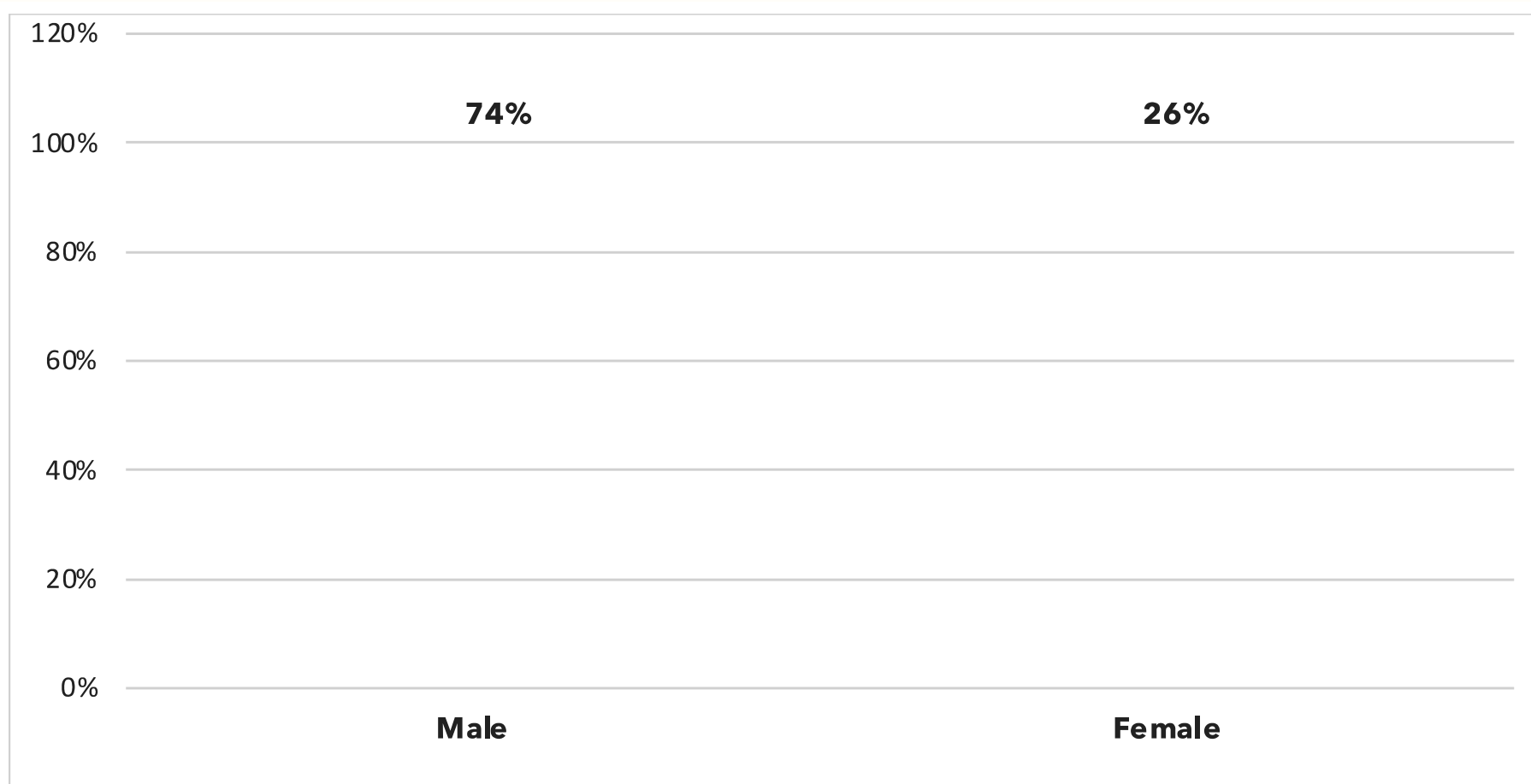
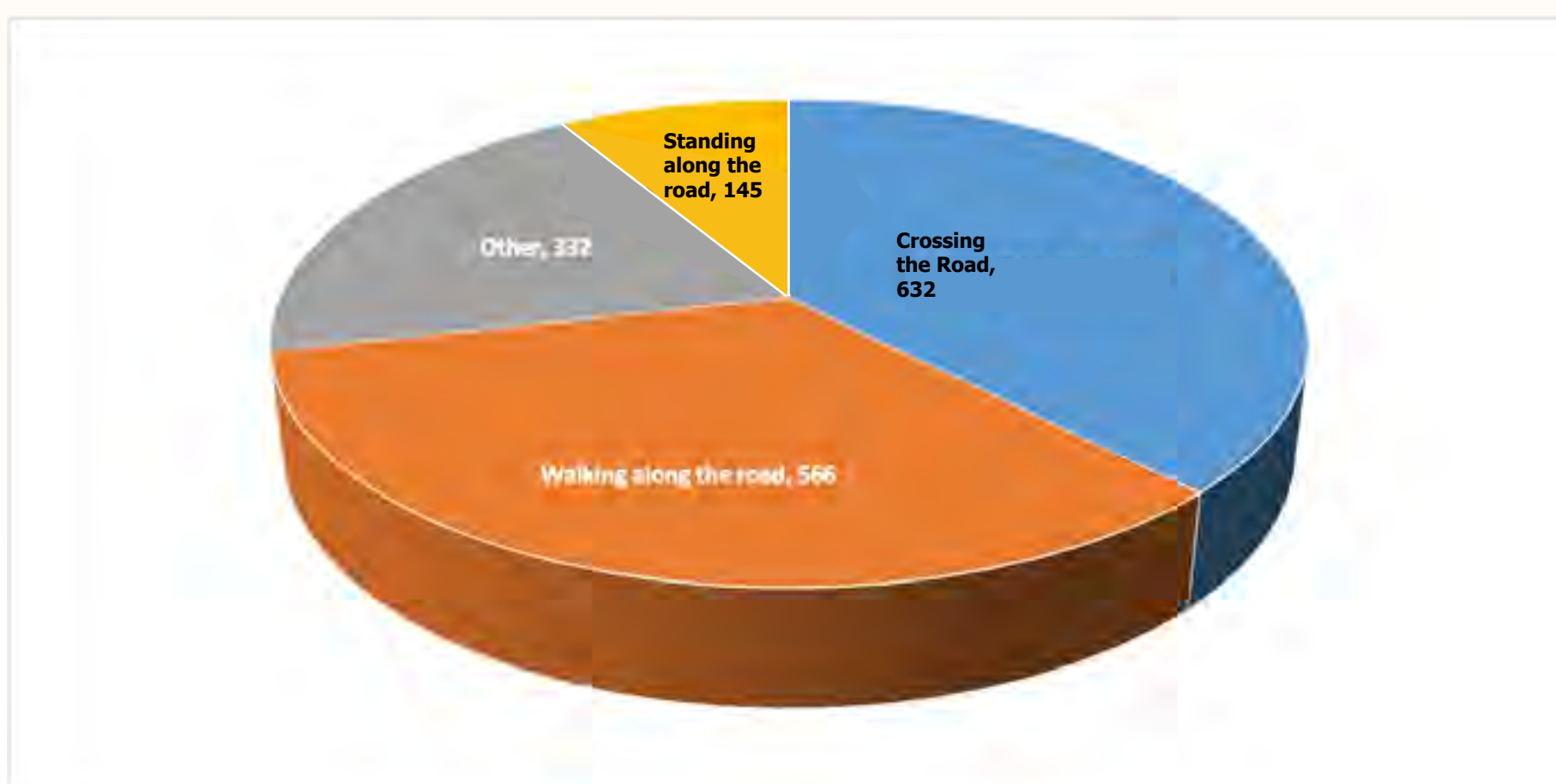


FIGURE 61: PEDESTRIAN FATALITIES BY ACTIVITY





COMPARISON OF PERSONS SERIOUSLY INJURED BY ROAD USER GROUP (JANUARY TO DECEMBER 2022 AND 2023)

The number of persons seriously injured in 2023 increased by **22.9%** from **11,079** in 2022 to **13,613** in 2023. The highest number of casualties were Passengers on motorcycles and motorcycle riders as illustrated in the table below;

TABLE 69: COMPARISON OF PERSONS SERIOUSLY INJURED BY ROAD USER GROUP

S/No.	Road User Category	2022	2023	Percentage change
1	Motorcyclist	5,096	5,567	9.2
2	Passenger on Motorcycle	2,957	3,213	8.7
3	Pedestrians	2,820	3,123	10.7
4	Passengers in other vehicles	1,786	1,678	-6.1
5	Driver	1,043	1,073	2.9
6	Passenger in Light Omnibus	768	762	-0.8
7	Pedal cyclist	495	494	-0.2
8	Others	N/A	370	N/A
9	Passenger in Heavy Omnibus	171	260	52
10	Passenger in Medium Omnibus	91	122	34.1
11	Passengers in Tri-cycles	N/A	74	N/A
	Total	15,227	16,736	9.9

TABLE 70: COMPARISON OF PERSONS WHO SUSTAINED MINOR INJURIES

S/No.	Road User Category	2022	2023	Percentage change
1	Motorcyclist	378	908	140.2
2	Passenger on Motorcycle	238	580	143.7
3	Pedestrians	232	483	108.2
4	Driver	206	379	83.9
5	Passengers in other vehicles	187	295	57.8
6	Passenger in Medium Omnibus	103	209	102
7	Passenger in Light Omnibus	136	112	-17.7
8	Passenger in Heavy Omnibus	108	83	-23.2
9	Others	N/A	76	N/A
10	Pedal cyclist	124	50	-59.7
11	Passengers in Tri-cycles	N/A	11	N/A
	Total	1712	3186	86.1



3.1.8. VALUE OF TICKETS ISSUED OUT TO OFFENDERS

A total of **448,423** were issued to traffic offenders amounting to Ugx. **35,184,740,000/-** out of which Ugx. **35,864,300,000/-** was paid.

3.1.8.1. RECOVERY OF UNPAID FINES FROM EPS DEFAULTERS

The operations against EPS defaulters were enhanced throughout the country and out of **Ugx. 41,451,520,000** worth of tickets issued to traffic offenders, **Ugx. 41,030,180,000/-** was collected.

TABLE 71: VALUE OF EPS TICKETS ISSUED OUT TO OFFENDERS AND RECOVERIES MADE IN 2023

S/No.	Month	Tickets issued out	Value of ticket issued out	Amount paid
1	January	53,454	3,965,700,000	2,708,730,000
2	February	47,925	3,561,840,000	2,852,900,000
3	March	43,214	3,387,640,000	4,065,930,000
4	April	38,344	3,104,400,000	1,957,750,000
5	May	42,164	3,460,860,000	2,189,680,000
6	June	36,586	3,005,980,000	4,819,450,000
7	July	40,742	3,306,540,000	5,012,640,000
8	Aug	48,963	3,710,480,000	5,012,790,000
9	Sept	46,651	3,687,760,000	3,532,750,000
10	October	50,380	3,993,540,000	3,711,680,000
11	November	53,684	4,225,260,000	3,776,870,000
12	December	25,921	2,041,560,000	1,388,640,000
	Total	528,027	41,451,520,000/-	41,030,180,000/-

3.1.9. STRATEGIES TO REDUCE ROAD CRASHES

- i. Capacity Building of Traffic personnel
- ii. Road safety awareness
- iii. Digitisation of the Road Crash Database System
- iv. Community engagements.



04

FIRE & RESCUE SERVICES



In 2023, there was a **9.06%** reduction in the number of fires reported from **1258** in 2022 to **1144** in 2023. Out of the cases reported, **940** were handled by the Directorate, **189** minor were handled before arrival and **15** were false calls. **540** fires making **47.2%** were reported between 0600hrs and 1200hrs and **604** fires making **52.8%** were reported between 0001hrs to 0600hrs in the morning in 2023.

Majority of fires were registered in residential buildings followed by makeshift structures with a total number of **233** and **226** respectively. The directorate also registered a **23.1%** reduction in school fires from **65** cases in 2022 to **50** cases in 2023.

The major cause of most fires was Poor Cooking Methods especially misuse of charcoal stoves, cookers, deep fryers e.t.c with **200** fires followed by Negligence and Misuse of Wax candles, with **192** cases. Majority of fire occurrences were in Kampala Metropolitan Region with **814** cases.

TABLE 72: FIRE CASES BY REGION

KMP	2022	2023	% AGE INCREASE/ DECREASE
CENTRAL	99	75	32.0
NAKAWA	97	84	15.4
RUBAGA	111	103	7.8
KAWEMPE	128	86	49.0
MAKINDYE	164	76	116
WAKISO	112	120	7.0
ENTEBBE	57	60	5.0
MUKONO	110	107	2.8
MPIGI	98	103	4.9
Total	976	814	
OTHER REGIONS			
WEST NILE	18	15	20.0
ASWA	15	12	25.0
NORTH KYOGA	14	10	40.0
EAST KYOGA	10	14	40.0
KIDEPO	8	10	44.0
ELGON	10	9	10.0
BUKEDI	18	16	11.1
KIRA	11	24	54.1
WAMALA	14	10	4.0
RWIZI	22	19	15.7
GREATER MASAKA	21	38	12.5
KIGEZI	20	18	11.1
GREATER BUSHENYI	11	17	35.2
RWENZORI EAST	10	24	23.1
RWENZORI WEST	13	16	23.07
SAVANNAH	18	15	20.0
ALBERTINE	19	11	72.7
KATONGA	11	09	22.2
SEZIBWA	10	13	23.1
BUSOGA EAST	11	15	8.3
BUSOGA NORTH	09	15	30.8
TOTAL	282	330	
GRAND TOTAL	1258	1144	9.06%



4.1. TOP 10 DEVASTATING FIRES RESPONDED TO IN 2023

1. Speke Resort Munyonyo, Makindye Ssabagabo Kampala;
2. Equatorial Mall Bombo Road, Kampala Central Division;
3. Equity Bank, Wandegaya Branch Kampala;
4. Dolphin Suites Hotel, Bugolobi, Nakawa Division;
5. Das Aviation School, Entebbe, Wakiso District;
6. Nakivubo Guest House, Owino View Village, Nakasero IV, Kampala Central Division;
7. Superior Complex Building, Ben Kiwanuka Street, Kampala Central Division ;
8. Upper Market Building, Nakasero Market, Kampala Central Division;
9. Seroma Mall, Nakasero, Kampala Central Division;
10. Original Shauri Yako Building, Kampala Central Division;
11. City House, Plot 12, Luwum Street, Kampala Central Division;

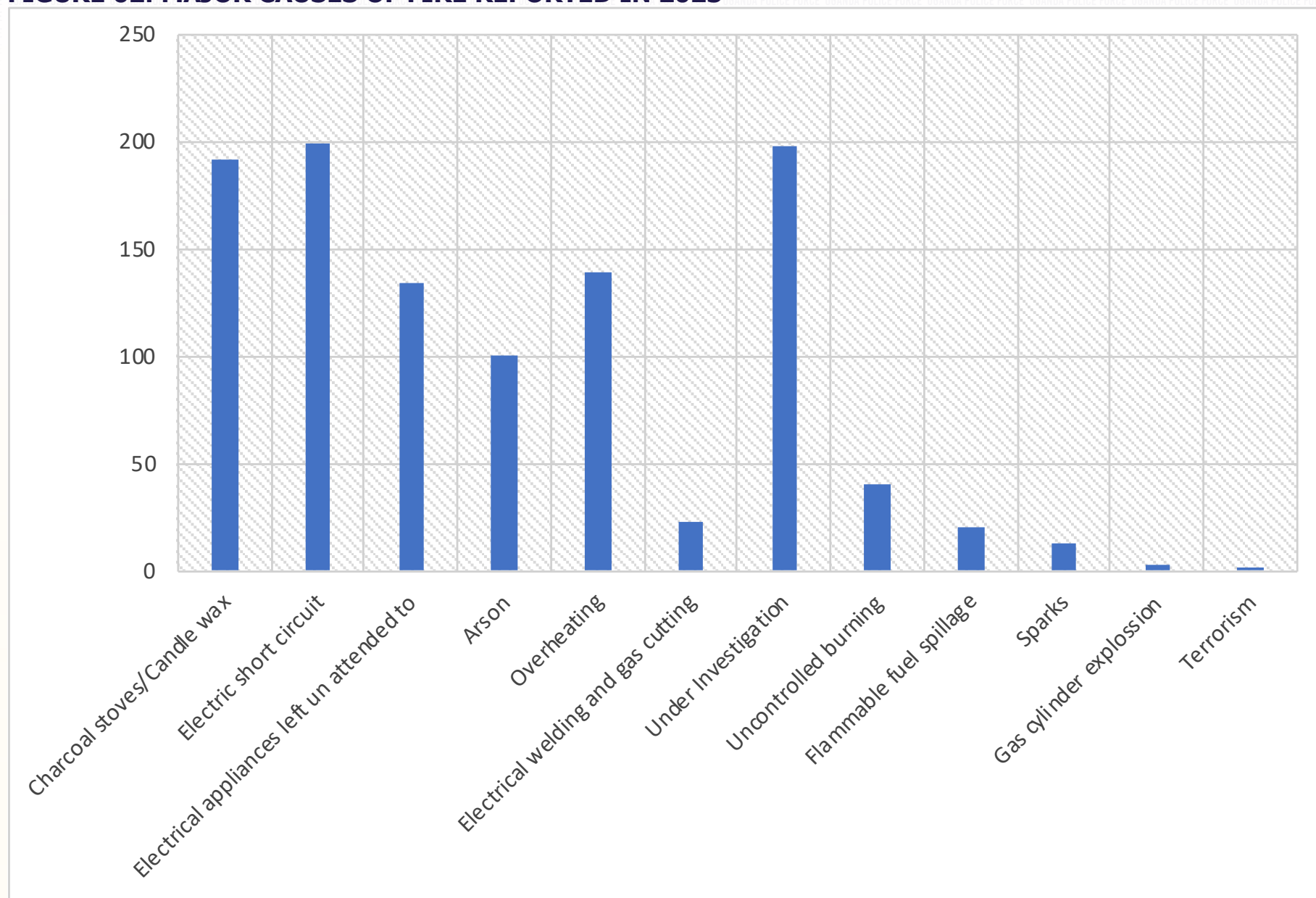
Residential buildings still top the list of fire prone facilities accounting to **20.4%** of fires registered. However, schools come first on the list of fire high risk facilities. A total of 34 deaths were registered in fires, out which **30** were in school fire and **55** lives saved. There has also been an increase of fuel tank fires from **04** in 2022 to **13** cases in 2023, the most recent case being on Northern by pass, Busega Town Council, Rubaga South, Kampala District.

TABLE 73: MAJOR CAUSES OF FIRES REPORTED IN 2023

S/No	Cause	No. of cases
1	Negligence /candle wax	192
2	Poor cooking habits (charcoal stoves, cookers, etc)	200
3	Causes not readily established / Under investigation	198
4	Arson	140
5	Electrical short circuit	134
6	Electrical appliances left unattended to	101
7	Overheating	23
8	Electrical welding & Gas cutting	40
9	Uncontrolled burning	20
10	Flammable fuel spillage	13
11	Sparks	40
12	Gas cylinder explosion	02
13	Terrorist Act (Kasese)	01
	TOTAL	1,104



FIGURE 62: MAJOR CAUSES OF FIRE REPORTED IN 2023



4.2. INJURIES/FATALITIES/SAVES IN FIRE

There was an increase in death from fires from **64** cases in 2022 to **100** cases in 2023. The numbers of women dying in fires dropped by **01** from **23** in 2022 to **22** in 2023. The directorate also managed to save **806** lives from fire.

TABLE 74: LIVES SAVED AND FATALITIES REGISTERED IN FIRE

	2022			2023		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Lives saved	150	121	271	606	200	806
Lives Lost	41	23	64	78	22	100

4.3. RESCUE EMERGENCIES

In 2023, the Directorate registered a sharp increase in emergency rescue calls from **394** in 2022 to **624** representing **38.5%** increase. Out of the **624** calls received in 2023, **500** calls were handled by the Directorate, while **100** calls were handled before arrival of the response teams and **24** were false calls.

The most frequent hazards, where emergency rescues were conducted were Pits (closed/open), Valley dams/ Fish ponds, Road Traffic accidents, Trenches, Ditches and channels, Septic tanks, Collapsed buildings, Floods, Lakes and Rivers among others as illustrated below;



TABLE 75: AREAS WHERE EMERGENCY RESCUES WERE EFFECTED

S/No	Hazard	No of Rescues
1	Pits (open/Closed)	200
2	Valley dams/fish ponds	140
3	Trenches, Ditches and Channels	72
4	Septic tanks	58
5	Collapsed structures/Soil/Quarry	42
6	Lakes and rivers	26
7	Road Traffic Accidents	20
8	Floods	19
9	Forced entry	09
10	Electric installation	06
11	Trees, House Tops	06
12	Electric shock	02
	Total	600

TABLE 76: LIVES LOST AND SAVED DURING RESCUE OPERATIONS IN 2023

	2022			2023		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Lives saved	150	146	296	226	118	344
Lives lost	100	42	142	140	58	198

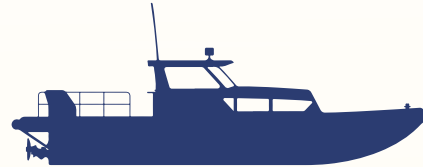




Part B



Forensic Services
05



Maritime Crimes
06



Canine Report
07

05

FORENSIC SERVICES

The use of advanced scientific techniques acquired since 2019 has significantly enhanced the demand for forensic services from **165,001** requests in 2022 to **211,396** requests in 2023 thus signifying a **28%** increment. From January to December 2023, **1,820** expert reports were issued, **181,384** Police Clearance Certificates and **39,041** crime scenes processed, an increase from **25,552** crime scenes in 2022. The case clearance rate now stands at **60.81%** up from **49.09%** in 2022.



FIGURE 63: FORENSIC REPORTS ISSUED

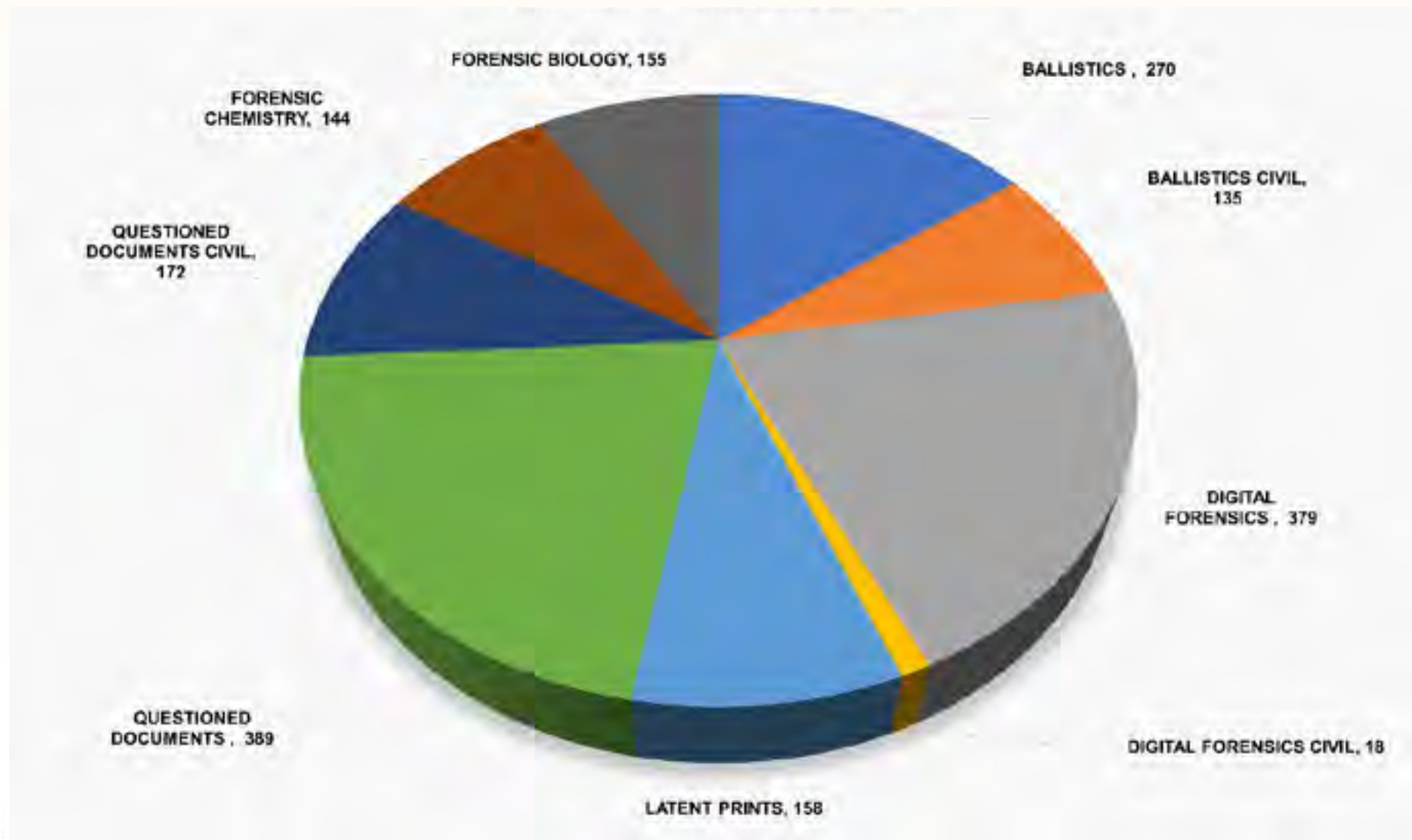




FIGURE 64: NUMBER OF LABORATORY-BASED FORENSIC SERVICE REQUESTS RECEIVED IN 2023

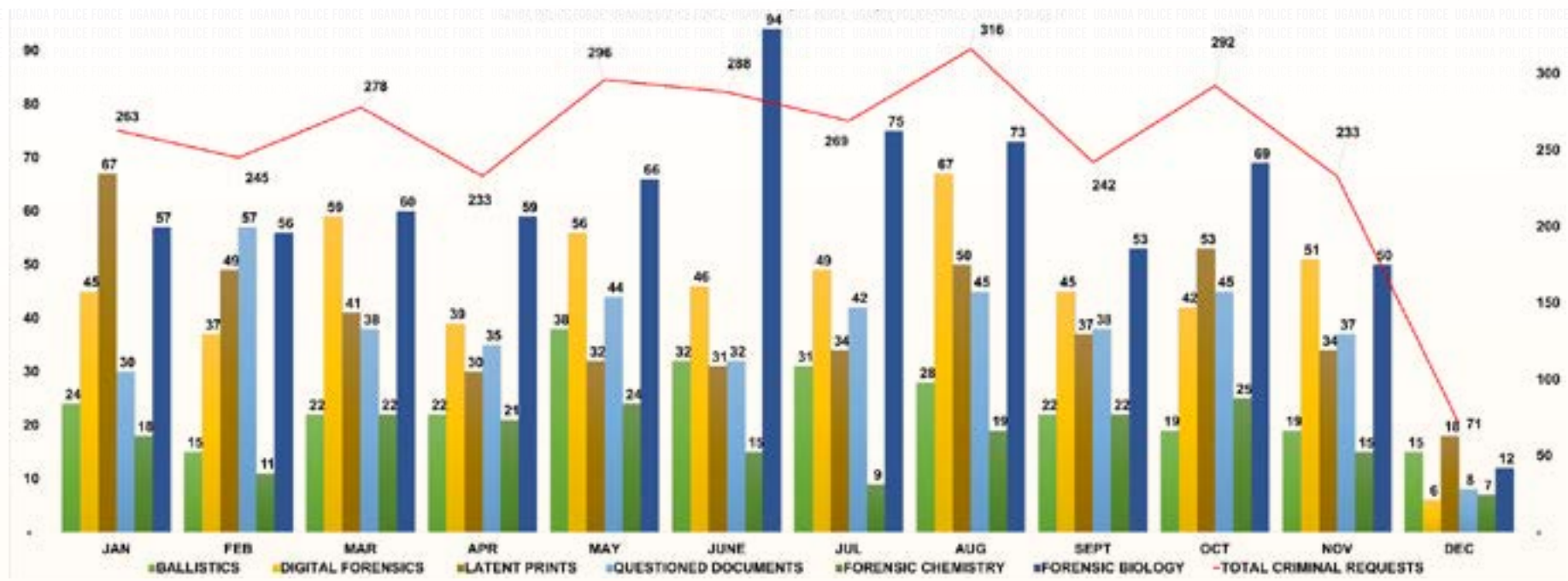


FIGURE 65: MONTHLY CRIME SCENES PROCESSED IN 2023



FIGURE 66: POLICE CLEARANCES PROCESSED IN 2023





FIGURE 67: CATEGORY OF CRIME SCENES PROCESSED

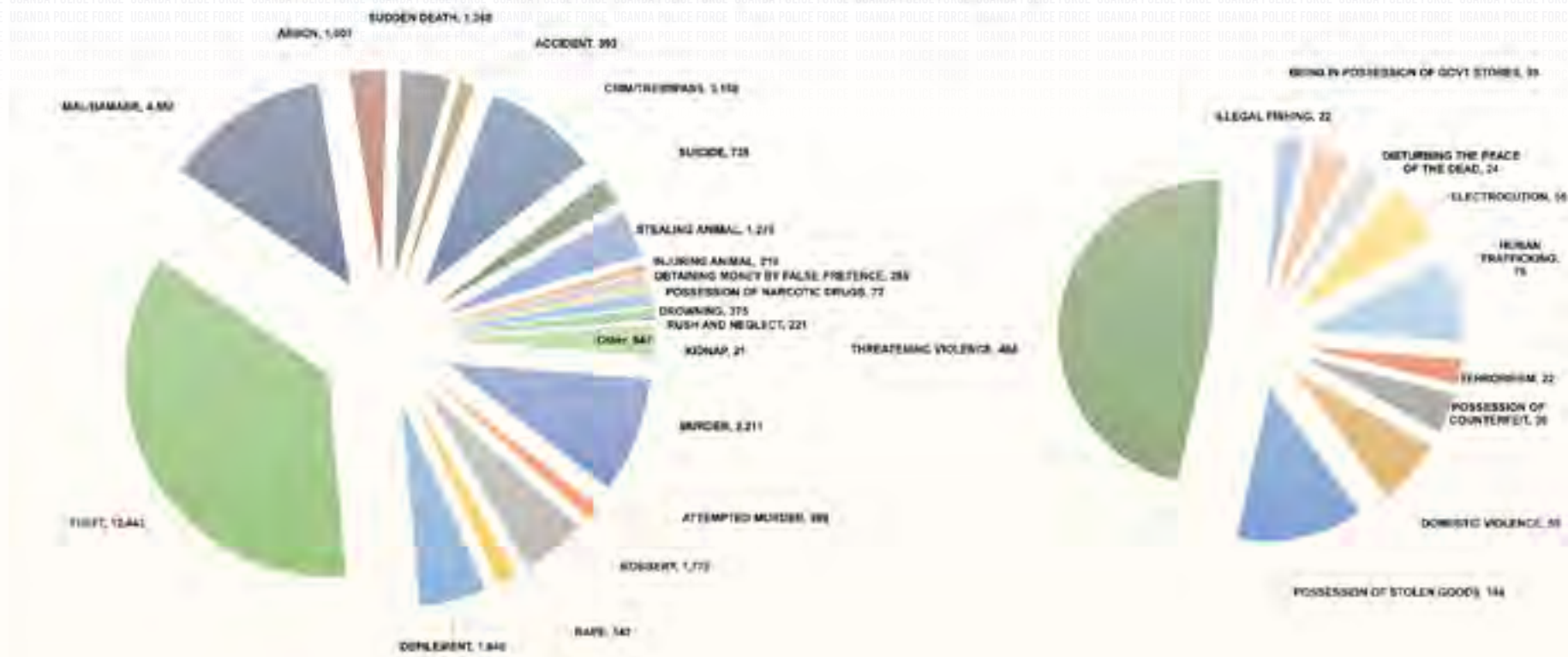
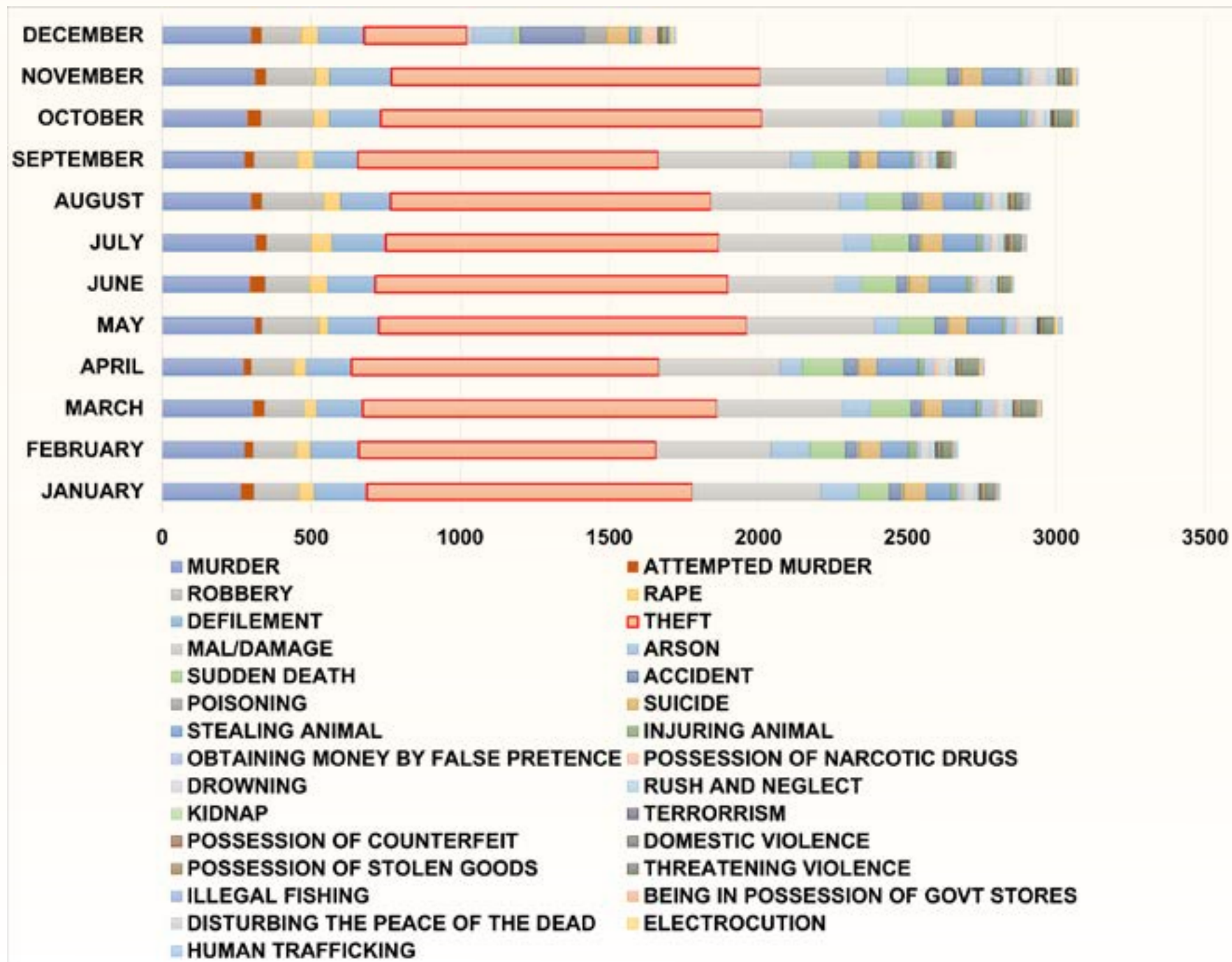


FIGURE 68: CATEGORY OF CRIME SCENES PROCESSED PER MONTH



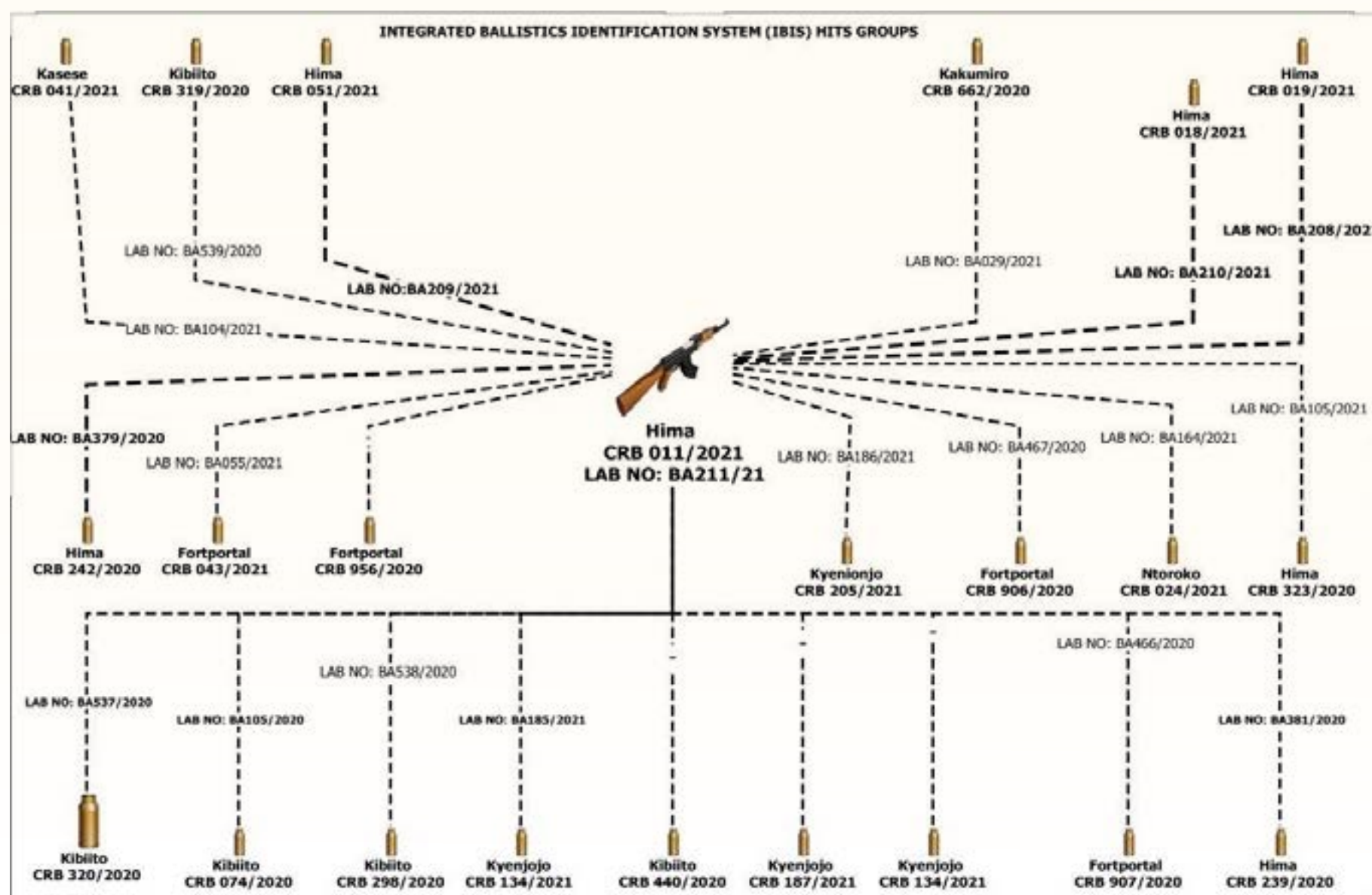


As part of the ePIS project, the Identification Bureau established under the Identification of Offenders Act (CAP 119) is poised to be digitised into an Electronic Identification Bureau (eIB). In addition, stakeholders in the criminal justice system are in final discussions to strengthen and improve data quality and standardisation to enhance coordination system(s) on crime and criminal justice statistics. This will further enhance the importance of forensic records in the wider administration of justice.

The Integrated Ballistic Information System (IBIS) has been able to link thirty (**30**) firearms to eighty-six (**86**) gun related incidents. Five (**05**) of these firearms were legally registered while a total of twenty- five (25) were illicitly acquired by criminals. In Old Kampala Division, an individual Glock pistol with brand mark UG IND LTY514 02324 registered to Kadala Nsubuga Mustafa was linked to five (**05**) robberies in the period under review. As of 18 December 2023, **92.2%** of all legally issued firearms to Police, Prisons, Private Security and Privately owned firearms had been “fingerprinted” in accordance with H.E. The President’s directive issued in 2018 to document all firearms on IBIS.

In the cases involving attacks on police stations and security personnel, IBIS was instrumental in availing the required forensic intelligence in pursuit of perpetrators many of whom are before courts of law and court martial. In the period under review, the Ballistics & Toolmarks team received a total of **276** requests for analysis and was able to process all cases with a lead-time of 14 working days. However, there was a **19.4%** increase in the number of requests received for firearm examination compared to 2022.

FIGURE 69: HOW A FIREARM WAS LINKED TO 22 DIFFERENT SHOOTING INCIDENTS IN THE RWENZORI REGION USING THE IBIS GUN FINGERPRINTING SYSTEM



06

MARITIME CRIMES

176 Offences
Handled

Drowning | **116** cases

Robbery | **24** cases

Thefts | **13** cases





6.1. MARITIME CRIMES

TABLE 77: INCIDENTS HANDLED BY THE POLICE MARINE (JANUARY - DECEMBER 2023)

Incidents	Jan	Feb	Mat	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Drowning	14	12	06	17	11	09	12	10	11	14	10	12	138
Robbery	06	03	05	04	02	02	01		01		05	01	30
Armed Robbery					01	02	02				01		06
Boat Capsizing			02	01	01			02	01				07
Wild Animals		01		02	01	01	02			01		01	09
Murder											01		01
Theft	02	05	01	01			01	01	02			01	14
Assault					01								01
Arson		02									01	01	04
Total	22	23	14	25	17	14	18	13	15	15	18	16	210

TABLE 78: DEAD BODIES RECOVERED AND PERSONS RESCUED IN WATER BODIES (JANUARY - DECEMBER 2023)

Gender	Jan	Feb	Mat	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Dead													
Male Adults	16	13	35	24	19	16	20	20	18	13	13	10	217
Male Juvenile						03			02	02	01	04	12
Female Adults								10			01		11
Female Juvenile										02		01	03
Total	16	13	35	24	19	19	20	30	20	17	15	15	243
Rescued													
Male Adults	09	04	40	20	24	58	15	30	29	05	12	19	265
Male Juvenile									01	01			02
Female Adults			10	05	06	21		13					55
Female Juvenile										01			01
Total	09	04	50	25	30	79	15	43	30	07	12	19	323



07 CANINE

7.1. CANINE UNIT

Uganda Police Canine Unit is a specialised Unit that works hand in hand with other Departments of Police to prevent, Detect and Investigate crime. The Unit also gives support functions to the anti-narcotics Department by providing narcotics Detection Dogs at Entebbe International Airport and other border points with Explosive Detection Dogs to the Directorate

of Counter Terrorism. Since 2010, the Unit undertook an ambitious expansion program to ensure that every Police Station around the Country has at least two (02) Sniffer Dogs. This expansion was achieved through Operationalisation of a breeding and Training program at Nagalama.



The percentage coverage of the Canine Unit in the Uganda Police Force countrywide is **46%**.



7.1.1. PERFORMANCE OF THE CANINE UNIT ON TRACKING, NARCOTICS DETECTION AND EXPLOSIVE DETECTION DOGS

TABLE 79: TRACKING ACTIVITIES

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
Number of Tracking Cases performed	1,615	1,649	1,638	1,754	1,907	1,909	1,827	1,587	1,612	1,825	1,701	1,873	20,897
Number of Persons Arrested	1,324	1,307	1,274	1,466	1,472	1,457	1,353	1,206	1,282	1,425	1,346	1,429	16,341
(i) Males	1,110	1,069	1,066	1,216	1,225	1,245	1,157	1,023	1,080	1,185	1,107	1,217	13,700
(ii) Females	136	130	128	150	173	132	132	110	131	164	168	138	1,692
(iii) Juveniles	78	108	80	100	74	80	64	73	71	56	90	75	949
(a) Males	61	70	66	90	65	73	64	70	57	55	70	74	815
(b) Females	17	38	14	10	09	07	-	03	14	06	13	03	134
Number of persons taken to Court	496	514	447	484	522	530	493	449	344	514	465	480	5,738
Number of exhibits recovered	619	481	538	621	624	523	416	441	537	551	548	655	6,554

TABLE 80: EXPLOSIVE AND NACORTIC DETECTION ACTIVITIES

		JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL
No. of on call response on abandoned items	Avipol	12	09	07	11	06	12	06	17	14	08	18	22	142
No. of responses on suspicious flights	Avipol	16	18	17	08	08	14	14	19	14	14	14	12	168
No. of on call responses on suspicious cargo	Avipol	209	231	215	184	215	187	254	252	285	292	250	260	2,834
No. of K-9 sweeps performed	Avipol	11	02	03	14	06	06	15	09	11	06	06	29	118
	K-9 Hqters	40	37	31	38	35	12	56	71	124	81	16	89	630



Part C



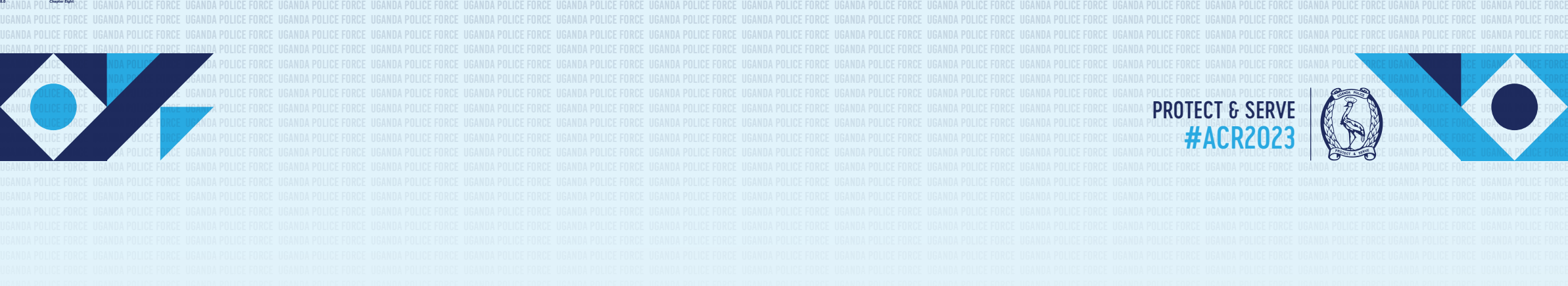
Community
Policing



Strategies for Enhanced
Crime Prevention &
Reduction



Appendices



08

8.1. COMMUNITY POLICING

During the year 2023, community mobilisation and sensitisation were conducted including through **2,417** radio talk-shows, **141** TV Talk-shows and **1,314** school outreaches. Community policing were conducted in all districts/divisions and as at the end of November 2023, community policing activities were extended to **8,894** villages countrywide.

Community Policing was conducted in prone regions in Greater Masaka, North Kyoga, Rwizi, Aswa East, Busoga East, West Nile and North West Nile in the Districts/Divisions of Kalungu, Masaka, Lira, Oyam, Kole, Ibanda, Kazo, Kitgum, Pader, Agago, Bugiri, and Bidi bidi, Rhino, Imvepi, Palorinya, Lobule and Panyadoli refugee settlements.

To strengthen the police-community relations and bridge the communication gaps between the police and refugees, **30** (5F) Language Assistants from Bidi Bidi, Rhino, Imvepi, Palorinya and Lobule refugee settlements were recruited and trained on language translation and interpretation.

In line with the government decision on the need to bring services nearer to the people, especially through the sub-county model of policing, **40** community liaison officers (CLOs) were recruited, trained and deployed at all sub-counties in Greater Masaka region to conduct community policing at the local levels. The same approach will be adopted and rolled out to all the remaining **27** regions. The induction and deployment of the new officers raises the number of CLOs in the country to **284** officers (including **48** females), which is still inadequate.

Concerted efforts were taken to enhance customer-friendly services to the citizens and in that regard, **98** (31F) police officers in the Savannah region were trained on complaint management, feedback and accountability mechanisms.

8.2. INFORMATION AND PUBLICATION

Endeavours were made to popularise policing programs and to profile and compile good institutional practices (best practices) including through the publication of Quarterly Police Habari Magazines, books and journals on police-community related programmes and activities.

The information published quarterly helped in Traffic Management to control carnage, Pacification of Karamoja through Joint security operations, fighting Trafficking in person and Bridging the Gap between UPF and the Public by giving the public information needed to respond and prevent crime in the community.

8.3. POLITICAL EDUCATION

Ideological Rectification campaigns for mindset change and ethical policing were conducted in West Nile, KMP, Kiira, Busoga East, Busoga North, Albertine, Elgon, Bukedi South, Sipi, Gulu west, Great Bushenyi and Rwenzori west in the Districts/ Divisions of Iganga, Tororo, Busia, Mbale, Bugiri, Kamuli, Kaliro, Buyende, Rubirizi, Mitoma, Bushenyi, shema, Fortportal, Ntoroko, Hoima, Masindi, Gulu west, Gulu North, Gulu CPS, Nwoya, Nebbi, Ayivu West, Ayivu East, Arua, Nagalama, Entebbe and Mukono.

As a way of rejuvenating the ideological Barazas, Political commissars nominated by the Unit commanders were also inducted at Kibuli Police Training school. A total of **39** Officers (9F) were inducted to help in enhancing patriotism, nationalism and ethical policing rooted in the UPF core values through Barazas at the Respective Police Districts and Divisions.

Police officers in various specialized units were guided and mentored on ideological clarity, conviction and police professional ethics in Entebbe, Nsambya, Fire Brigade, Naguru and Ntinda Barracks communities. Ideological Barazas were also rejuvenated in the specialized units of KMP specifically VIPPU CT and Marines. **556** Police personnel were in attendance during these Barrazas.

Barracks action teams were established and oriented to handle all issues involving spouses and families of police officers resident in the barracks. These Teams were established in Naguru, Kireka, Ntinda, Entebbe, Tororo, Busia, Bugiri, Iganga, Kamuli, Jinja, Hoima, Masindi and Mbale respectively. A total of **150** members of the team were established and oriented to enhance indigenous methods of conflict Management to promote cohesiveness in the Police personnel Residences.

Alongside the Teams were Psycho- social clinics conducted in Kwen, Kapchorwa, Busia, Mbale, Kamuli, Tororo and Naguru, Kireka and Ntinda Barracks targeting spouses of police personnel. **700** spouses of Police officers were sensitised in Positive Parenting and Mobilised to form income-generating groups to contribute to household income.

8.4.CHILD AND FAMILY PROTECTION

Gender-based violence and violence against children still remains a major problem in many parts of the country. The Department of Child and Family Protection in coordination with other partners raised awareness and followed up cases involving child and family protection in various parts of the country including in; Rwizi, Bukedi South, Bukedi North, Busoga East, Busoga North regions especially in the districts/divisions of Mbarara, Ntungamo, Bwizibwera, Tororo, Busia, Kibuku, Butebo, Kamuli, Buyende, Kaliro, Iganga, Bugiri and Namutumba.

8.4.1. EDUCATION AND WELFARE

In line with fast-tracking the Presidential Directive of establishing Regional Police Primary, Secondary and Vocational Schools for children of Police officers and enhancing their education and welfare, preparatory plans including site visiting, consultations, review meetings, coordination, benchmarking, profiling and compiling the bio-data of children of Police officers were made in Greater Masaka, Elgon and KMP on the possibility of enhancing the education and welfare of children of Police officers.

The schools inspected were Ntinda Police Children Schools, Masaka Police Children, Kito Pioneer, Kibuli and Usaamah Primary School to ascertain the numbers of Police officers' children being educated in police children schools. It was established that out of a population of **4,697** (four thousand six hundred and ninety seven) Pupils in five (**05**) schools visited, **3,061** (three thousand sixty one) are children of Police officers.

Site visitation was conducted at Wanale Secondary School, Grace Secondary School in Elgon and St Banabas Miganda. Plans to Renovate Kikandwa into a Police Secondary School is also underway for the Central Region.



09

CRIME PREVENTION & REDUCTION



9.1. STRATEGIES FOR CRIME PREVENTION AND REDUCTION

The UPF continues to contribute towards reducing crime in society through the following broad strategies.

a. Ensuring institutional functionality

UPF is in the process of reviewing its doctrine, posture, practices, procedures to ensure that its level of functionality meets public expectation. Key among these reforms is the reorganisation of deployment of resources based on the sub-county policing model that shall ensure existence of basic capacity to counter crime in each of the sub-counties.

b. Enhancing Community Policing

This does not only enhance the functionality of the Police force but also empowers the community to identify and report criminal activity in addition to supporting and monitoring the work of law enforcement agencies leading to a reduction in crime.

c. Strengthening investigations and crime intelligence

The strategies aimed at enhancing crime intelligence and investigations are targeting improving the turnaround time and the quality of inquiries:

i) Digitisation

Automation of processes will improve efficiency across the UPF. This is to start with the digitisation of the investigation process right from when a crime is reported to when a convict has completed service of a sentence. It shall ease reporting, detection, tracking, supervision, follow-up and analysis of crime which will improve both crime prevention and investigation besides saving institutional resources that can then be applied elsewhere.

ii) Recruitment of more detectives

The detective case load stands at **1** detective to **39** cases which is high compared to the UN recommended ratio of **1** detective to **12** cases which affects both the quality and speed of investigations. To mitigate this, more detectives are to be recruited into CID as the UPF strength grows.

iii) Gaps in the justice chain

Gaps in the justice chain adversely affect successful and timely conclusion of investigations and securing convictions. The UPF will continue to advocate for a system – wide improvement across the justice chain.

iv) Skilling

Training of detectives needs to be continuous so as to stay ahead of the criminals. In addition to the basic training, a CID training facility for specialised courses is to be set up.

v) Tooling

The force is devising means to make available all the basic forms and books key to the conduct of inquiries. It also intends to provide specialised equipment to support investigations.

vi) Gaps in funding and mobility

In order to address the case backlog, a deliberate effort to fund investigations is a priority. This will include mobility and financial enhancement to crime intelligence, investigations and counter terrorism.

iv. Better management of exhibits

The manner in which exhibits are presently managed adversely affects inquiries and the quality of evidence tendered in Court. In addition to development of manuals on exhibit management, the force is establishing exhibit yards at the regional level so as to ensure that the integrity of exhibits is not compromised.

v. Continued emphasis on Prosecution led investigations

Prosecution-guided investigations should result in more focused inquiries and hence efficiency and better evidence. Collaboration with the Office of the DPP, Auditor General, Attorney General, IGG, Judiciary, Prisons, and other key stakeholders in the justice sector shall be enhanced to improve performance.



f. Review and documentation of procedures

In order to address the various gaps in the system and to accommodate many of the innovations adopted, the UPF will undertake a review of all practices and procedures to ensure compliance/compatibility. Good practices are to be documented in procedure manuals.

g. Enhanced application of science in investigations

UPF is continually integrating the use of science in investigations to support traditional methods of relying on witnesses and confessions. The scientific tools include CCTV cameras, application of forensic science, canine, telephone tracking equipment etc. The plan is to have these widely available across the country fully manned by personnel who can exploit them maximumly.

h. Training and Capacity Building

UPF continues to undertake several trainings at both strategic, operational and tactical levels to enhance performance. However, gaps in training remains a challenge.

i. Improvement of welfare

The UPF intends to provide a decent working environment, decent accommodation, reasonable remuneration, basic medical care, education for children of personnel, psychosocial support, enhancement of family income among others all aimed at raising personnel morale.

j. Budget

The finances presently provided to the UPF are inadequate. The UPF therefore is going to continue to engage and lobby all stakeholders both within and outside government to increase allocation of resources to the force.



APPENDICES

APPENDIX I: CRIME BY CRIME ANALYSIS

CASE/CRIME INCIDENCES	REPORTED CASES				PERFORMANCE					PERSONS TAKEN TO COURT											
	Totals Cases	Cases under Inquiry	Not Detected / NPW	Cases taken to court	Cases submitted to DPP/RSA	Cases with convictions	Cases with Acquittals	Cases Dismissed	Cases pending in Court	ACCUSED CHARGED				ACCUSED CONVICTED				1	Acquitted	Discharged	Awaiting Trial
										Male		Female		Male		Female					
	Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14								
HOMICIDES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MURDER BY SHOOTING	300	170	73	57	112	2	1	3	51	95	-	1	-	4	-	-	-	1	10	81	
MURDER BY MOB ACTION	1,039	798	127	114	290	1	-	1	112	214	2	17	-	1	-	-	-	2	230		
MURDER BY POISONING	110	55	12	43	66	-	-	-	43	42	2	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	
MURDER AGGRAVATED DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	242	104	16	122	135	8	-	3	111	100	3	33	1	2	-	6	-	6	123		
MURDER BY ARSON	38	20	9	9	22	1	-	-	8	15	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	16	
MURDER BY STRANGULATION	414	256	27	131	191	1	-	1	129	165	-	25	-	2	-	-	-	2	186		
MURDER BY HACKING	266	176	12	78	109	1	-	-	77	122	3	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	134	
MURDER BY STABBING	257	124	18	115	144	3	-	-	112	132	2	12	-	4	-	1	-	-	-	141	
MURDER BY BLUNT OBJECT	356	217	32	107	191	3	-	-	104	125	1	15	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	138	
MURDER THROUGH ASSAULT	1,142	613	112	417	556	12	1	4	400	504	9	52	3	15	-	1	1	1	1	549	
RITUAL MURDERS	84	66	7	11	14	-	-	-	11	14	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	
SUB TOTAL (HOMICIDES)	4,248	2,599	445	1,204	1,830	32	2	12	1,158	1,528	23	186	4	33	-	8	1	2	21	1,676	
ECONOMIC CRIMES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
EMBEZZLEMENT	101	77	9	15	56	-	-	1	14	12	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	16		
CAUSING FINANCIAL LOSS	49	36	5	8	26	4	-	1	3	20	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	22		
ABUSE OF OFFICE	42	29	4	9	29	-	-	1	8	8	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	12		
COUNTERFEITING	262	117	56	89	139	23	1	19	46	96	1	1	-	25	-	-	-	3	20	50	
FORGERIES & UTTERING OF DOCUMENTS	868	538	148	182	696	45	-	16	121	213	1	36	-	38	2	7	-	1	20	182	
ISSUING FALSE CHEQUES	135	85	33	17	67	4	-	1	12	19	-	2	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	15	
BANK AND OTHER CORPORATE FRAUDS	43	37	3	3	14	1	-	-	2	6	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	8	
OBTAINING BY FALSE PRETENCES	10,709	5,343	2,315	3,051	5,806	1,022	40	347	1,642	2,905	9	370	1	1,016	2	89	-	46	357	1,775	
CYBER (COMPUTER) CRIMES	245	133	51	61	127	14	1	2	44	60	-	17	-	9	-	5	-	4	59		
LAND FRAUD	289	136	81	72	193	8	1	8	55	81	1	14	-	7	-	1	-	1	10	77	

SENTENCES IMPOSED BY COURTS																			
IMPRISONMENT											VICTIMS OF CRIME				VALUE PROPERTY(UGSHS.)				
Male				Female				Death	Fined	Probation Bound Over	CAUTION	COMM. WORK	Fines Awarded (UgShs.)	Male		Female		Lost	Recovered
Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.							Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.		
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	298	6	25	1	-	-		
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,016	13	27	3	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69	25	14	15	-	-		
3	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95	27	113	14	-	-		
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	16	9	4	89,000,000	-		
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	261	35	96	33	-	-		
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	207	12	57	12	4,000,001	-		
4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	203	12	37	7	-	-		
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	272	27	57	8	-	-		
15	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	874	65	155	35	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	10	9	6	-	-		
34	-	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,381	248	599	138	93,000,001	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	-	15	-	12,356,567,790	96,839,000		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	8	-	94,132,846,664	342,001,700		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	3	-	87,283,000	7,000,000		
13	-	1	-	-	6	-	1	4	1,800,000	205	-	59	-	922,395,800	765,081,000	-	-		
18	-	2	-	-	21	-	6	-	4,900,000	721	-	128	3	583,733,023	21,816,800	-	-		
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	115	-	20	-	7,126,921,535	952,733,000	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	86	4	39	1	87,722,114,259	35,410,200	-	-		
545	1	46	-	-	140	1	262	112	169,559,000	7,761	32	2,738	18	723,544,273,939	9,906,824,314	-	-		
5	-	2	-	-	4	-	1	2	200,000	175	-	83	-	1,543,292,161	377,441,465	-	-		
6	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	224	-	81	-	1,631,244,888	189,116,955	-	-		

SENTENCES IMPOSED BY COURTS																
IMPRISONMENT					Death	Fined	Probation Bound Over	CAUTION	COMM. WORK	Fines Awarded (UgShs.)	VICTIMS OF CRIME				VALUE PROPERTY (UGSHS.)	
Male		Female		Male							Female		Lost	Recovered		
Adult	Juvn.	Adult	Juvn.	Adult							Juvn.	Adult			Juvn.	
15					16	17	18	19	20	21	22				23	24
4	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	2	2,000,000	124	-	37	-	844,027,787	52,912,100	
593	1	52	-	-	174	1	279	120	178,459,000	9,581	36	3,211	22	930,494,700,846	12,747,176,534	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
27	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	27	2	1,368	169	-	-	
67	10	1	-	-	-	2	3	3	-	22	75	41	3,751	-	-	
661	82	4	5	-	27	-	75	42	26,100,000	60	169	81	8,945	-	-	
20	1	1	-	-	3	-	6	2	1,160,000	21	6	148	201	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	3	24	13	-	-	
5	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	-	78	57	20	6	-	-	
780	95	6	5	-	31	2	87	49	27,260,000	223	312	1,687	13,087	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
52	-	4	1	-	4	-	27	26	900,000	94	3,275	117	3,120	-	-	
14	-	10	-	-	1	-	8	8	5,000,000	50	1,301	46	1,087	-	-	
2	1	4	-	-	1	-	-	1	500,000	8	94	7	146	-	-	
16	-	11	-	-	1	-	6	-	500,000	13	260	15	542	-	-	
14	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	61	5	109	-	-	
2	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	21	739	26	1,493	-	-	
19	-	5	2	-	1	-	2	1	800,000	7	547	9	474	-	-	
-	-	4	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	13	1	26	-	-	
2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	4	39	27	-	-	
121	3	43	5	-	8	-	45	39	7,700,000	205	6,294	265	7,024	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
984	29	6	1	-	45	5	62	109	24,157,000	4,913	55	1,608	39	10,908,257,330	1,686,676,310	
529	17	3	-	-	18	2	43	74	10,675,000	2,317	31	932	23	5,946,489,817	760,574,800	
308	17	4	-	-	8	4	29	32	10,400,000	1,718	12	534	6	7,677,976,882	927,973,455	
29	1	1	-	-	4	-	5	4	13,300,000	337	-	73	2	2,721,142,004	276,393,130	
309	7	-	-	-	20	-	45	52	5,250,000	1,502	7	368	5	5,491,040,661	737,239,760	
2,159	71	14	1	-	95	11	184	271	63,782,000	10,787	105	3,515	75	32,744,906,694	4,388,857,455	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
32	-	1	-	-	3	-	5	2	3,500,000	919	1	95	1	33,306,543,200	9,349,988,710	
409	9	3	-	-	34	2	32	35	37,950,000	5,606	18	374	7	33,070,134,425	5,109,762,653	
129	2	2	-	-	11	1	9	23	3,850,000	1,141	1	110	4	3,861,617,540	815,604,550	
49	-	2	-	-	3	-	2	10	1,100,000	525	-	89	2	4,064,856,236	895,236,530	
156	7	4	-	-	7	2	16	32	1,650,000	653	9	109	-	601,308,000	159,812,300	
24	1	3	-	-	1	-	3	2	700,000	359	1	78	-	1,357,953,863	616,291,800	
781	16	49	6	-	55	4	119	181	21,650,000	4,598	72	2,603	38	506,670,231,762	1,532,327,820	
4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	-	20	-	88,878,000	17,030,000	
636	26	88	8	-	91	7	180	149	477,587,000	5,090	39	2,677	27	175,919,167,723	9,432,440,817	
1,418	21	15	-	-	106	3	135	128	47,980,000	6,777	38	1,557	13	14,527,246,000	6,253,532,100	
7	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	900,000	97	-	12	1	960,655,000	64,259,510	

SENTENCES IMPOSED BY COURTS															
IMPRISONMENT				Death	Fined	Probation Bound Over	CAUTION	COMM. WORK	Fines Awarded (UgShs.)	VICTIMS OF CRIME				VALUE PROPERTY (UGSHS.)	
Male		Female								Male		Female		Lost	Recovered
Adault	Juven.	Adult	Juven.							Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.		
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24						
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
63	2	1	-	-	3	-	3	24	1,500,000	414	-	38	-	826,212,000	558,455,000
8	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	97	-	54	2	303,351,000	19,575,000
5,030	133	168	9	-	305	25	613	1,260	160,048,600	23,197	139	7,637	126	112,269,287,197	23,839,801,608
8,746	218	337	23	-	621	44	1,118	1,846	758,415,600	49,506	318	15,453	221	887,827,441,946	58,664,118,398
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	460	1	20	-	2,377,871,560	296,847,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	7	1	1,307,060,000	743,160,000
8	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	451	4	94	-	6,896,586,700	419,749,000
49	1	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1,489	4	421	6	12,704,081,012	1,537,413,250
45	1	3	-	-	8	-	5	8	-	54	-	11	-	507,072,162	44,086,000
291	18	6	-	-	19	-	56	42	1,900,000	3,620	38	1,039	19	7,635,986,321	875,218,900
396	20	11	-	-	27	-	66	53	1,900,000	6,116	47	1,592	26	31,428,657,755	3,916,474,150
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
625	9	69	3	-	70	5	107	132	21,600,000	4,065	105	1,939	59	58,958,000	4,860,000
913	9	108	5	-	118	4	226	316	47,549,000	14,508	387	8,574	271	51,266,000	250,000
1,538	18	177	8	-	188	9	333	448	69,149,000	18,573	492	10,513	330	110,224,000	5,110,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
863	11	26	2	-	33	13	189	233	5,450,000	6,667	60	3,780	36	300,000	-
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	427	44	464	161	-	-
22	-	4	-	-	2	-	3	2	2,250,000	255	68	359	186	-	-
7	-	1	-	-	-	-	9	5	-	137	13	57	29	-	-
161	-	27	1	-	8	-	20	13	2,300,000	1,331	12	497	5	832,908,000	430,000
551	7	21	-	-	45	2	109	124	28,380,000	5,791	42	2,060	16	1,854,854,523	152,838,500
15	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	116	-	26	-	6,683,000	1,000,000
373	3	3	-	-	1	-	39	9	100,000	974	4	55	-	-	-
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	1	-	-	-
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	-	14	-	-	-
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	8	-	9,000,000	9,000,000
471	6	16	1	-	29	-	95	210	8,100,000	6,413	33	1,959	12	21,296,000	500,000
238	1	11	1	-	16	1	118	87	5,160,000	3,243	505	10,792	644	2,604,000	300,000
21	-	2	-	-	1	-	4	2	150,000	125	15	100	8	-	-
3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	88	-	19	2	-	-
74	-	12	1	-	-	-	6	11	200,000	679	26	162	16	5,180,000	-



CASE/CRIME INCIDENTS	REPORTED CASES				PERFORMANCE					PERSONS TAKEN TO COURT								1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
	Totals Cases	Cases under Inquiry	Not Detected / NPW	Cases taken to court	Cases submitted to DPP/RSA	Cases with convictions	Cases with Acquittals	Cases Dismissed	Cases pending in Court	ACCUSED CHARGED		ACCUSED CONVICTED		1		Acquitted	Discharged								Awaiting Trial		
										Male		Female		Male												Female	
										Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.	Adult	Juven.											Adult	Juven.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14														
OTHER PENAL CODE OFFENCES (NOT CATEGORIZED)	12,834	5,408	2,929	4,497	7,029	1,414	52	581	2,450	7,304	224	596	13	2,624	99	259	3	83	806	4,263							
SUB TOTAL(OTHER CRIMES-GEN)	60,581	26,675	16,082	17,824	28,697	5,476	214	2,271	9,863	20,837	371	1,762	29	6,727	151	508	7	280	2,507	12,819							
TERRORISM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
TERRORISM	25	17	-	8	15	1	-	-	7	21	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33							
DEATH BY CBRN (CHEMICAL,NUCLEAR WPNS)	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
SUB TOTAL(TERRORISM)	26	18	-	8	15	1	-	-	7	21	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33							
POLITICAL/MEDIA OFFENCES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
INCITEMENT TO VIOLENCE	110	44	21	45	74	6	-	9	30	87	2	10	-	5	-	2	-	10	19	63							
PROMOTING SECTARIASM	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
ELECTION OFFENCES	12	1	11	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
TREASON	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
SUB TOTAL(POLITICAL/MEDIA)	125	47	33	45	85	6	-	9	30	87	2	10	-	5	-	2	-	10	19	63							
CORRUPTION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
PREVENTION OF CORRUPTION ACT	32	23	7	2	16	-	-	-	2	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7							
SUB TOTAL (CORRUPTION)	32	23	7	2	16	-	-	-	2	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7							
NARCOTICS/DRUGS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
HEROIN	8	2	-	6	6	4	-	-	2	3	-	3	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	2							
COCAINE	11	6	-	5	5	5	-	-	-	3	-	6	-	1	-	4	-	-	-	4							
HERBAL CANNABIS	403	85	36	282	365	90	43	49	100	636	26	21	-	143	4	5	-	135	111	285							
CANNABIS(PLANTS DESTROYED) CASES	109	57	9	43	58	26	-	3	14	83	-	-	-	56	-	-	-	-	3	24							
OTHER NARCOTICS(GENERAL)	1,582	346	201	1,035	1,199	449	13	155	418	2,850	38	50	-	1,434	11	34	-	72	290	1,097							
SUB TOTAL(NARCOTICS)	2,113	496	246	1,371	1,633	574	56	207	534	3,575	64	80	-	1,637	15	44	-	207	404	1,412							
OTHER LAWS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
IMMIGRATION ACT	380	57	33	290	309	197	-	21	72	425	24	25	5	325	14	18	1	-	23	98							
NEMA	304	114	40	150	199	69	-	4	77	246	1	12	18	135	1	8	-	-	4	129							
FISH AND CROCODILES ACT	1,493	282	141	1,070	1,169	635	2	72	361	2,606	14	14	-	1,723	8	14	-	2	123	764							
FIREARMS ACT	129	39	18	72	90	17	-	16	39	142	2	3	-	25	-	1	-	4	14	103							
ENGULI ACT	20	2	2	16	20	10	-	1	5	31	-	2	-	9	-	1	-	1	4	18							
UWA STATUTE	963	181	96	686	761	427	-	27	232	1,018	48	33	-	652	36	20	-	2	36	353							
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT	15	2	-	13	16	6	-	2	5	23	-	2	2	12	-	1	-	-	2	12							
ALL OTHER ACTS	1,069	501	329	239	422	99	-	18	122	325	19	44	1	154	8	25	-	1	19	182							
SUB TOTAL (OTHER LAWS)	4,373	1,178	659	2,536	2,986	1,460	2	161	913	4,816	108	135	26	3,035	67	88	1	10	225	1,659							
GRAND TOTAL	228,074	94,535	48,632	84,907	123,590	27,125	843	10,096	46,843	94,622	2,657	6,509	300	31,118	837	1,871	93	1,225	10,973	57,971							

SENTENCES IMPOSED BY COURTS															
IMPRISONMENT				Death	Fined	Probation Bound Over	CAUTION	COMM. WORK	Fines Awarded (UgShs.)	VICTIMS OF CRIME				VALUE PROPERTY (UGSHS.)	
Male		Female								Male		Female		Lost	Recovered
Adult	Jjuven.	Adult	Jjuven.							Adult	Jjuven.	Adult	Jjuven.		
				16	17	18	19	20	21	22				23	24
1,535	33	91	-	-	166	2	336	822	48,750,000	9,446	257	2,740	289	2,260,770,476	303,429,250
4,341	62	215	6	-	301	18	931	1,519	100,840,000	35,812	1,079	23,093	1,404	4,993,595,999	467,497,750
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	-	1	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	-	98	-	9	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
1	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	-	114	-	9	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	5	-	667,025,000	405,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	5	-	667,025,000	405,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	8	-	1	-	-	-
-	-	1	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	7	-	1	-	-	-
55	-	2	1	-	5	-	14	75	600,000	305	-	7	-	-	-
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	21	-	36	-	1	-	-	-
654	-	11	-	-	164	-	83	567	104,330,000	1,344	14	36	1	-	-
729	-	14	1	-	177	-	112	663	104,930,000	1,700	14	46	1	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
128	5	5	-	-	42	-	172	6	10,250,000	331	2	20	3	-	-
60	-	1	-	-	68	-	12	3	51,400,000	260	-	26	-	2,700,000	2,700,000
591	-	1	-	-	700	-	260	193	575,940,000	1,370	-	4	-	-	-
18	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	5	100,000	104	1	8	1	-	-
6	-	1	-	-	2	-	1	-	200,150	18	-	2	-	-	-
320	6	8	-	-	262	2	47	63	97,350,000	891	3	38	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	5	-	1	7	-	15	-	2	-	-	-
41	-	9	-	-	65	-	19	53	142,240,000	899	59	190	41	4,586,230,315	10,000,000
1,164	11	25	-	-	1,145	3	513	330	877,480,150	3,888	65	290	45	4,588,930,315	12,700,000
20,602	499	901	50	-	2,768	88	3,670	5,341	2,189,915,750	139,939	9,010	60,279	22,373	1,892,948,482,556	80,202,339,287



APPENDIX II: CRIME BY REGION/DISTRICT

REGIONS /DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL./MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
C.I.D Headquarters	706	-	268	2	2	6	58	-	13	223	9	3	8	26	88
C.I.D	706	-	268	2	2	6	58	-	13	223	9	3	8	26	88
Jinja Road	2,520	23	371	114	22	164	997	140	203	435	1	-	-	21	29
Kira Division	2,293	38	195	94	59	179	856	237	97	462	-	-	1	61	14
Kira Road	1,982	18	233	118	30	113	861	124	147	315	-	2	-	10	11
Mukono	3,114	60	318	239	42	226	1,152	106	283	565	-	-	-	19	104
Nagalama	1,652	36	84	164	23	142	430	66	258	425	-	1	1	16	6
KMP EAST	11,561	175	1,201	729	176	824	4,296	673	988	2,202	1	3	2	127	164
CPS Kampala	2,650	4	798	19	7	36	967	60	143	376	-	9	1	33	197
Katwe	4,291	72	492	266	216	227	1,358	263	300	956	-	3	2	102	34
Kabalagala	2,444	30	268	137	53	104	854	160	247	496	-	2	-	48	45
Kajjansi	1,530	10	156	77	25	127	499	67	126	386	-	-	-	44	13
Entebbe	2,065	23	198	107	40	144	666	64	143	619	-	3	-	35	23
Nsangi	1,611	29	177	77	15	114	572	100	78	424	-	2	-	16	7
Natete	757	8	97	35	9	41	288	51	36	179	1	1	-	9	2
KMP SOUTH	15,348	176	2,186	718	365	793	5,204	765	1,073	3,436	1	20	3	287	321
Old Kampala	3,200	34	293	144	162	116	1,213	179	314	623	1	5	1	96	19
Wakiso	2,395	40	268	129	55	154	766	166	129	628	-	-	-	46	14
Wandegeya	1,667	12	202	54	105	97	588	115	132	298	-	6	1	53	4
Kawempe	2,684	30	223	164	142	159	983	228	170	485	-	10	-	87	3
Nansana	2,361	26	202	139	170	147	779	152	152	452	2	2	-	126	12
Kakiri	924	19	54	90	34	64	255	18	156	228	-	-	-	6	-
Kasangati	2,689	55	208	118	93	171	870	198	272	679	-	-	-	23	2
KMP NORTH	15,920	216	1,450	838	761	908	5,454	1,056	1,325	3,393	3	23	2	437	54
Luwero	4,111	90	299	245	384	218	1,131	119	285	1,311	-	1	-	17	11
Nakaseke	1,379	42	58	107	62	85	426	32	176	371	-	-	-	6	14
Nakasongola	1,716	30	60	88	177	59	423	36	201	468	-	-	-	5	169
SAVANNAH	7,206	162	417	440	623	362	1,980	187	662	2,150	-	1	-	28	194
Buikwe	1,775	31	100	143	67	93	486	56	194	510	-	-	-	22	73
Kayunga	1,362	43	65	102	23	102	530	34	69	384	1	2	-	3	4
Njeru	1,457	20	55	81	79	95	452	45	111	469	-	1	-	25	24



REGIONS /DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL./MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
Buvuma	430	5	15	52	25	21	78	7	43	137	-	1	-	1	45
SEZIBWA	5,024	99	235	378	194	311	1,546	142	417	1,500	1	4	-	51	146
Butambala	531	7	32	68	5	50	155	15	50	146	-	-	-	3	-
Gomba	827	13	65	64	13	64	320	16	40	224	1	-	1	2	4
Mpigi	2,076	42	135	191	71	113	574	42	102	685	-	1	-	16	104
KATONGA	3,434	62	232	323	89	227	1,049	73	192	1,055	1	1	1	21	108
Kiboga	816	22	47	62	14	58	260	27	97	225	-	-	-	2	2
Mubende	1,872	64	104	143	32	151	687	54	146	477	-	-	1	4	9
Kassanda	1,262	44	35	111	21	112	449	46	117	320	1	-	-	5	1
Mityana	1,676	59	109	138	35	92	524	61	169	461	-	-	1	8	19
Kyankwanzi	1,014	38	57	93	41	79	327	28	111	210	-	-	-	9	21
WAMALA	6,640	227	352	547	143	492	2,247	216	640	1,693	1	-	2	28	52
Rakai	935	25	26	74	34	82	324	24	81	253	-	1	-	6	5
Lyantonde	708	7	24	52	44	54	217	16	92	191	-	-	-	3	8
Masaka City	652	8	70	33	18	54	193	25	56	181	-	-	-	8	7
Masaka Rural	659	8	53	45	3	49	293	22	4	170	-	-	1	5	7
Masaka kabonero-kimanya	596	3	17	25	22	28	185	14	94	192	1	-	-	8	7
Masaka-Nyendo Division	697	20	30	68	27	65	232	24	43	183	-	-	-	4	1
Kyotera	1,526	22	74	128	20	129	515	54	141	409	-	-	-	2	32
Sembabule	1,819	38	54	95	82	86	675	33	152	571	-	2	-	17	14
Bukomansimbi	1,041	9	39	62	45	59	334	21	129	335	-	-	1	7	-
Kalungu	943	18	32	103	42	47	280	13	161	242	-	-	-	2	3
Lwengo	1,260	26	43	92	26	91	472	26	149	326	-	2	-	7	-
Kalangala	879	12	10	46	7	39	126	8	54	98	-	-	-	4	475
GREATER MASAKA	11,717	196	472	823	370	783	3,846	280	1,156	3,151	1	5	2	73	559
Kisoro	926	36	48	31	15	50	215	63	112	302	0	0	0	19	35
Kabale	1,489	27	54	49	93	63	289	80	376	435	-	-	-	13	10
Rukiga	523	14	21	20	11	20	118	10	68	234	-	-	-	1	6
Rubanda	599	29	14	19	18	41	118	20	120	216	-	-	-	-	4



REGIONS /DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL./MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
Kanungu	1,398	35	43	101	2	82	401	25	318	359	-	-	-	4	28
Rukungiri	1,794	44	41	82	12	111	559	42	317	544	-	-	-	14	28
KIGEZI	6,729	185	221	302	151	367	1,700	240	1,311	2,090	-	-	-	51	111
Mbarara Central	2,050	23	166	54	65	101	656	133	275	457	1	3	-	22	94
Mbarara City North	427	12	15	16	2	45	170	22	41	99	-	-	-	2	3
Mbarara Rural	908	30	19	38	3	35	424	30	101	226	-	-	-	2	-
Mbarara City South	782	36	29	38	20	40	289	53	58	205	-	-	-	8	6
Ibanda	2,304	48	82	85	62	153	827	69	301	648	-	-	-	24	5
Ntungamo	2,759	85	68	106	16	221	967	80	443	713	-	1	-	19	40
Kazo	817	20	28	40	3	71	392	10	76	168	-	-	-	4	5
Rwampara	3,526	15	205	53	70	161	1,512	98	523	799	-	-	-	31	59
Kiruhura	1,057	23	22	62	6	58	457	29	119	265	-	-	-	1	15
Isingiro	2,357	60	45	138	54	229	868	55	265	613	-	-	-	11	19
RWIZI	16,987	352	679	630	301	1,114	6,562	579	2,202	4,193	1	4	-	124	246
Bushenyi	1,351	24	39	55	-	117	587	36	155	319	-	-	-	9	10
Mitooma	1,238	27	11	58	104	64	295	25	241	390	-	-	-	9	14
Rubirizi	854	10	16	38	43	57	250	7	68	266	-	-	-	12	87
Buhweju	526	21	21	20	7	40	164	10	73	164	-	-	-	3	3
Sheema	1,190	33	28	46	16	93	423	28	143	364	-	-	-	5	11
GREATER BUSHENYI	5,159	115	115	217	170	371	1,719	106	680	1,503	-	-	-	38	125
Masindi	1,894	49	79	121	98	101	518	55	165	489	-	-	-	6	213
Kiryandongo	2,195	31	78	192	71	152	704	84	199	563	-	-	1	27	93
Kibaale	892	27	33	49	22	41	179	16	130	365	-	-	-	7	23
Kakumiro	1,298	53	60	66	99	125	344	31	162	348	-	1	1	7	1
Kagadi	1,515	48	51	90	116	148	454	47	154	392	-	-	-	7	8
Kikuube	1,923	47	69	108	173	130	386	44	273	628	-	1	-	13	51
Hoima Rural	828	34	16	48	9	74	262	26	116	172	-	4	-	2	65
hoima Central	926	13	69	71	128	84	289	20	109	135	-	-	-	6	2
Hoima East	257	7	9	11	22	20	68	10	39	67	-	1	-	-	3
Hoima West	176	4	3	18	5	18	48	8	29	43	-	-	-	-	-
Buliisa	644	11	27	44	15	50	233	24	67	127	1	1	-	2	42
ALBERTINE	12,548	324	494	818	758	943	3,485	365	1,443	3,329	1	8	2	77	501
Kabarole	631	19	10	45	11	27	188	14	112	165	-	2	-	3	35
Kyegegwa	1,546	43	49	104	57	124	404	29	286	407	-	-	-	4	39
Bunyagabu	630	11	15	46	4	50	232	21	88	155	-	1	-	3	4



REGIONS /DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL./MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
Kitagwenda	536	26	5	44	2	71	177	9	76	110	1	-	-	1	14
Kamwenge	1,754	32	39	105	155	131	404	26	143	708	-	-	-	1	10
Bundibugyo	1,021	28	37	33	2	71	489	19	94	235	-	3	-	-	10
Kyenjojo	1,698	68	64	92	84	148	466	35	205	517	-	1	-	2	16
Ntoroko	365	9	8	29	-	33	121	14	38	57	-	-	-	1	55
Fortpotal Central	541	11	32	32	13	45	229	20	30	117	-	1	-	2	9
Fortpotal North	449	8	13	41	15	24	139	13	50	141	-	-	-	3	2
Fortpotal East	413	11	10	20	45	29	115	8	26	143	-	-	-	1	5
RWENZORI WEST	9,584	266	282	591	388	753	2,964	208	1,148	2,755	1	8	-	21	199
Hima	738	18	21	66	14	73	285	12	51	186	-	-	-	-	12
Katwe Kabatoro	527	3	14	32	10	42	167	2	69	102	1	-	-	3	82
Kasese	1,166	17	53	61	20	101	394	34	45	259	-	1	-	17	164
Bwera	1,198	15	27	59	18	141	541	14	103	252	2	-	-	14	12
RWENZORI EAST	3,629	53	115	218	62	357	1,387	62	268	799	3	1	-	34	270
Arual Rural	1,358	6	75	74	8	95	478	102	192	265	-	1	1	50	11
Ayivu East	280	7	10	13	19	24	56	9	45	89	-	1	-	5	2
Arua Vurra	771	13	54	34	3	35	242	59	101	166	-	-	-	26	38
Arua West	263	15	11	24	5	23	75	18	34	54	-	-	-	1	3
Maracha	328	12	2	30	4	12	104	13	48	87	-	-	-	11	5
Zombo	1,075	17	56	107	78	37	214	16	182	359	-	1	-	2	6
Nebbi	982	37	41	58	13	49	236	19	138	384	-	2	-	2	3
Pakwach	807	13	16	46	57	62	161	6	86	343	-	1	-	3	13
Terego	729	15	13	97	41	39	155	24	70	264	-	1	-	5	5
Madi Okolo	279	7	11	33	-	22	80	12	30	82	-	-	-	1	1
Koboko	736	16	33	71	8	54	254	28	52	205	-	-	-	12	3
WEST NILE	7,608	158	322	587	236	452	2,055	306	978	2,298	-	7	1	118	90
Yumbe	2,661	23	60	130	192	151	718	67	542	670	-	2	-	32	74
Moyo	373	11	10	38	10	20	112	5	48	112	-	-	-	7	-
Obongi	292	6	14	63	3	17	81	6	31	68	-	-	-	-	3
Adjumani	735	38	27	123	2	60	227	17	62	166	-	1	-	1	11
NORTH WEST NILE	4,061	78	111	354	207	248	1,138	95	683	1,016	-	3	-	40	88
Lamwo	593	16	4	93	92	22	57	12	85	190	-	-	1	7	14
Agago	836	37	14	62	13	49	195	24	160	258	-	-	-	6	18
Nwoya	1,007	25	19	98	37	92	187	29	134	311	-	-	1	5	69
Amuru	773	21	23	76	16	75	176	29	83	246	-	-	-	3	25



REGIONS /DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL./MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
Oromo	1,209	27	23	109	161	57	149	30	121	528	-	-	-	-	4
Kitgum	1,007	34	35	84	25	85	224	42	138	323	-	-	-	10	7
Pader	900	18	14	103	45	40	152	19	175	230	-	-	-	16	88
Gulu Rural	653	12	27	42	46	48	155	23	75	213	-	1	-	1	10
Gulu East	683	7	17	50	82	40	97	21	139	230	0	0	0	0	0
Gulu West	516	10	21	37	8	63	147	23	40	161	-	-	-	-	6
Gulu Central	799	11	37	55	23	58	231	30	104	216	-	1	-	1	32
ASWA	8,976	218	234	809	548	629	1,770	282	1,254	2,906	-	2	2	49	273
Lira Rural	1,500	8	40	88	133	42	243	44	444	454	-	1	-	1	2
Lira City East	3,571	18	164	168	431	168	901	167	691	842	-	1	-	1	19
Lira City West	1,631	35	63	118	113	183	442	84	172	368	-	-	-	39	14
Apac	1,955	23	46	132	169	108	431	56	508	459	-	-	-	-	23
Oyam	1,767	37	49	172	30	165	480	53	253	512	-	6	-	7	3
Kwania	969	8	11	35	119	38	107	27	183	430	-	-	-	2	9
Amolatar	1,207	11	44	47	176	27	169	14	280	390	-	-	-	5	44
Kole	964	26	24	67	28	71	271	24	181	268	-	-	-	4	-
Alebtong	1,588	20	31	104	55	84	285	44	570	391	-	2	-	1	1
Otuke	1,230	15	30	54	92	37	172	30	474	322	-	-	-	2	2
Dokolo	1,613	21	39	102	122	74	357	51	315	518	-	-	-	3	11
NORTH KYOGA	17,995	222	541	1,087	1,468	997	3,858	594	4,071	4,954	-	10	-	65	128
Abim	568	22	16	33	23	29	90	5	157	169	-	-	2	1	21
Kotido	629	27	26	32	72	32	127	41	98	160	-	-	-	1	13
Karenga	200	15	3	17	-	7	32	7	22	71	-	2	-	1	23
Kaabong	435	37	8	25	24	11	71	20	115	114	-	-	1	-	9
KIDEPO	1,832	101	53	107	119	79	320	73	392	514	-	2	3	3	66
Nakapiripirit	790	36	24	27	91	24	130	22	156	245	-	2	-	2	31
Amudat	733	8	43	54	23	37	172	15	174	191	-	-	-	2	14
Napak	944	25	43	40	36	39	176	17	287	275	-	-	-	-	6
Nabilatuk	637	15	24	24	29	23	152	13	186	140	-	1	1	-	29
Moroto	980	19	21	32	78	30	167	8	326	294	-	-	2	2	1
MT MOROTO	4,084	103	155	177	257	153	797	75	1,129	1,145	-	3	3	6	81



REGIONS /DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL./MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
Soroti Katine	755	16	20	91	79	19	106	17	186	216	-	-	-	4	1
Soroti Central	418	0	61	11	35	9	150	13	16	105	0	0	0	1	17
Soroti East	455	18	24	49	7	19	127	22	69	120	-	-	-	-	-
Soroti West	232	7	11	27	2	24	76	8	18	55	-	-	-	2	2
Kapelebyong	1,059	12	38	93	44	19	233	20	372	220	-	2	-	4	2
Kabermaido	444	13	7	45	28	28	77	6	105	129	-	-	-	4	2
Katakwi	646	11	13	73	24	29	115	13	166	198	-	-	-	4	-
Ngora	1,366	11	65	113	75	98	258	13	338	389	-	-	-	6	-
Serere	711	21	13	91	5	65	183	20	91	199	-	4	-	7	12
Amuria	801	17	2	75	107	19	93	10	135	331	-	-	-	9	3
Kalaki	575	10	12	59	9	16	137	9	172	142	-	-	-	9	-
Bukedea	862	10	25	97	73	44	253	11	116	232	-	-	-	-	1
Kumi	1,208	14	23	86	114	110	295	22	166	367	-	-	-	9	2
EAST KYOGA	9,532	160	314	910	602	499	2,103	184	1,950	2,703	-	6	-	59	42
Kapchorwa	2,644	17	220	155	184	192	705	90	222	850	-	-	-	2	7
Kween	2,191	6	106	83	266	61	412	41	444	733	-	-	-	2	37
Bukwo	2,597	21	206	123	162	105	547	22	528	862	-	-	-	3	18
SIPI	7,432	44	532	361	612	358	1,664	153	1,194	2,445	-	-	-	7	62
Mbale Rural - Busoba	716	21	32	114	22	51	176	30	78	183	-	-	-	7	2
Mbale Nothern Division	1,361	9	35	87	166	76	303	57	167	441	-	-	-	12	8
Mbale Industrial Division	411	10	14	28	7	41	134	28	30	117	-	-	-	1	1
Mbale Central	1,198	10	103	61	105	78	404	52	122	248	-	1	-	8	6
Namisindwa	912	19	52	141	7	68	237	13	109	260	-	-	-	4	2
Manafwa	815	9	28	60	33	61	197	20	85	321	-	-	-	1	-
Bududa	799	12	38	150	60	44	223	14	90	159	-	-	-	2	7
Sironko	1,264	25	55	150	44	94	294	28	130	435	-	-	-	9	-
Bulambuli	1,141	14	48	124	109	67	244	12	132	381	-	2	-	3	5
ELGON	8,617	129	405	915	553	580	2,212	254	943	2,545	-	3	-	47	31
Butaleja	587	9	15	79	53	59	127	12	66	152	-	-	-	6	9
Tororo	2,324	33	85	219	74	244	603	75	302	664	-	-	-	23	2
Busia	1,850	27	100	90	176	108	473	51	261	499	-	1	-	55	9



REGIONS/DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL./MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
BUKEDI SOUTH	4,761	69	200	388	303	411	1,203	138	629	1,315	-	1	-	84	20
Budaka	870	18	36	94	64	48	185	22	125	272	-	1	-	4	1
Butebo	603	7	38	55	64	32	102	6	124	173	-	-	-	1	1
Kibuku	909	18	23	88	23	82	257	13	161	239	-	-	-	-	5
Pallisa	734	17	33	60	36	78	191	12	126	177	-	-	1	3	-
BUKEDI NORTH	3,116	60	130	297	187	240	735	53	536	861	-	1	1	8	7
Kamuli	1,973	32	209	154	33	162	564	66	254	365	-	4	-	22	108
Kaliro	1,238	31	64	108	141	76	234	21	238	318	-	-	-	1	6
Buyende	2,402	15	142	180	53	108	534	33	604	655	-	1	-	11	66
Luuka	595	17	38	45	14	72	132	18	90	153	-	-	-	13	3
BUSOGA NORTH	6,208	95	453	487	241	418	1,464	138	1,186	1,491	-	5	-	47	183
Iganga	1,553	24	130	116	19	167	545	61	143	300	-	-	-	48	-
Bugiri	1,339	28	68	146	69	124	337	39	166	355	-	-	-	2	5
Mayuge	2,009	36	138	133	200	168	536	79	185	472	1	-	-	10	51
Namutumba	909	16	45	81	64	58	231	14	140	242	-	-	-	15	3
Bugweri	864	11	43	42	109	55	201	14	121	263	-	-	-	4	1
Namayingo	725	14	21	58	65	55	175	13	91	186	-	1	-	8	38
BUSOGA EAST	7,399	129	445	576	526	627	2,025	220	846	1,818	1	1	-	87	98
Jinja	2,587	61	206	123	260	168	682	170	148	648	1	-	-	57	63
Buwenge	639	8	39	44	12	38	150	36	108	198	-	-	-	6	-
Kakira	1,035	5	33	50	57	35	228	45	319	253	-	-	-	7	3
KIIRA	4,241	74	278	217	329	241	1,060	251	575	1,079	1	-	-	70	66
GRAND TOTAL	228,074	4,248	12,892	14,846	10,741	14,543	65,901	7,768	29,884	60,582	26	125	32	2,113	4,373



IMPORTANT TELEPHONE AND EMERGENCY CONTACTS

EMERGENCY

OFFICE	MTN	AIRTEL	UTCL
FIRE CONTROL ROOM	783738496	741893910	
		709010820	
NATIONAL EMERGENCY CALL CENTER	776999141	707600774	718946018
		779999999 (WHATSAPP)	
JOINT OPERATIONS CENTER	776993204	707876668	
		761006886	
		741559741	
999 CPS	776993234	700519317	718642443
			414254561
			414254562
			414698010
SIMBA - NAGURU	776999136	707600773	
TRAFFIC HEADQUARTERS	393242500	700519368	414671672

TOLL FREE

OFFICE	NUMBER
FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICES	800121222
EMERGENCY INFORMATION ROOM - CPS	800122291
PARLIAMENT OF UGANDA - COMMAND CENTRE	800133155
TRAFFIC HEADQUARTERS	800199099
CHILD FAMILY PROTECTION UNIT	800199195
PSU BUKOTO	800199199
	800199299
PARLIAMENT OF UGANDA - RADIO ROOM	800199388
NATIONAL EMERGENCY CALL CENTER	800199399
OPERATIONS - GREATER MASAKA	800199599
OPERATIONS - POLICE HEADQUARTERS	800199699
JOC CENTRAL CELL	800199990
KIDNAP RESPONSE TEAM	800199991

OFFICE	NUMBER
KIDNAP RESPONSE TEAM	800199992
JOC HEADQUARTERS	800300100
OPERATIONS - BUNDIBUGYO	800300101
KMP 999	800300102
OPERATIONS - SIPI	800300103
OPERATIONS - KIGEZI	800300104
OPERATIONS - RWENZORI EAST	800300106
OPERATIONS - KMP SOUTH	800300107
VIPPU	800300108
CHIEF POLITICAL COMMISSARIAT	800300109
FIRE BUSIA	800300110
CID - PRO	800300111
OPERATIONS - ASTU	800300112

OFFICE	NUMBER
MARINES	800300113
OPERATIONS - SEZIBWA	800300114
DIGP CALL CENTER	800300115
FFU HEADQUARTERS	800300116
TOURISM POLICE	800300117
OPERATIONS - WAMALA	800300118
PSU HEADQUARTERS	800300119
OPERATIONS - ELEGU BORDER	800300120
OPERATIONS - WAMALA REGION	800300700
CANINE HEADQUARTERS	800300900
OPERATIONS - 999	800300999
OPERATIONS - POLICE HEADQUARTERS	800199699

FIELD COMMANDERS

1. KMP EAST REGION		
RPC	707712028	
JINJA ROAD		
DPC	740440568	
KIRA		
DPC	740440599	
KIRA ROAD		
DPC	740440636	
NAGALAMA		
DPC	707770287	
MUKONO		
DPC	740440671	
2. KMP NORTH REGION		
RPC	741566288	
KAKIRI		
DPC	707600975	
KASANGATI		
DPC	741566237	
KAWEMPE		
DPC	741566290	
NANSANA		
DPC	757720328	
OLD KAMPALA		
DPC	707101551	
WANDEGEYA		
DPC	741566280	
WAKISO		
DPC	740437800	

3. KMP SOUTH REGION		
RPC	701745291	
KATWE		
DPC	741566129	
KAJANSI		
DPC	741566128	
ENTEBBE		
DPC	741566205	
KABALAGALA		
DPC	757718830	
NSANGI		
DPC	700816637	
CPS		
DPC	740440693	
4. ALBERTINE		
RPC	701537226	
BULIISA		
DPC	701537285	
HOIMA EAST DIVISION- KINUBBI		
DPC	741559854	
HOIMA CENTRAL		
DPC	707772681	
HOIMA RURAL		
DPC	740439419	
HOIMA WEST-KABINGO		
DPC	740439513	
KAGADI		
DPC	701537271	

KAKUMIRO		
DPC	701537379	
KIBAALE		
DPC	701537329	
KIKUUBE		
DPC	707712107	
KIRYANDONGO		
DPC	701537284	
MASINDI		
DPC	707772735	
5. WEST ASWA REGION		
RPC	707600862	
AMURU		
DPC	707600868	
GULU CITY		
DPC	707600863	
GULU EAST DIVISION		
DPC	741999782	
GULU DISTRICT		
DPC	741999790	
GULU WEST DIVISION		
DPC	741999664	
NWOYA		
DPC	707600854	
OMORO		
DPC	701536973	



FIELD COMMANDERS

6.EAST ASWA REGION		
RPC	743343421	786232265
AGAGO		
DPC	707600860	
KITGUM		
DPC	707600867	
LAMWO		
DPC	707600853	
PADER		
DPC	707600864	
7.BUSOGA EAST REGION		
RPC	757719124	
IGANGA		
DPC	753172536	
NAMAYINGO		
DPC	707309897	
NAMUTUMBA		
DPC	753172510	
BUGIRI		
DPC	753172498	
MAYUGE		
DPC	753172616	
BUGWERI		
DPC	753172761	
8.BUKEDI NORTH REGION		
RPC	707600500	776478772
BUDAKA		
DPC	757719496	
KIBUKU		
DPC	752014768	
PALLISA		
DPC	709010824	
BUTEBO		
DPC	752009342	
9.BUSOGA NORTH REGION		
RPC		783764969
KAMULI		
DPC	741999723	
KALIRO		
DPC	741999754	
BUYENDE		
DPC	741999706	781406336
LUUKA		
DPC	741999731	
DCI	741999732	
10.BUKEDI SOUTH REGION		
RPC	740438148	
BUSIA		
DPC	752010046	
BUTALEJA		
DPC	709010856	
TORORO		
DPC	701537241	
11.EAST KYOGA REGION		
RPC	707770221	781404166
AMURIA		
DPC	740438398	781404056
KUMI		
DPC	740438428	
SERERE		
DPC	707770225	781403978
BUKEDEA		
DPC	740438460	784948625
KABERAMAIDO		
DPC	740438506	
NGORA		
DPC	701537279	
KALAKI		
DPC	709010971	

KAPELEBYONG		
DPC	740438518	781404025
SOROTI CBD		
DPC	752009449	
SOROTI DISTRICT KATINE		
DPC	741243428	393240957
SOROTI EAST		
DPC	741999620	
SOROTI WEST		
DPC	741999614	
KATAKWI		
DPC	741243418	
12.ELGON REGION		
RPC	741887834	
MBALE CPS		
DPC	740438582	
MBALE DISTRICT-BUSOBA		
DPC	740438614	
NORTHERN DIV-NAKALOKE		
DPC	740438677	
INDUSTRIAL DIV		
DPC	740438738	
MANAFAWA DISTRICT		
DPC	707268090	
NAMISINDWA DISTRICT		
DPC	707712064	
SIRONKO DISTRICT		
DPC	740438845	
BULAMBULI DISTRICT		
DPC	740438872	
BUDUDA DISTRICT		
DPC	754887398	
13.GREATER BUSHENYI		
RPC	740438902	781406471
BUSHENYI		
DPC	753172755	
RUBIRIZI		
DPC	700816839	781406470
MITOOMA		
DPC	740438955	781406422
SHEEMA		
DPC	741559751	
BUHWEJU		
DPC	707600950	781406503
14.GREATER MASAKA REGION		
RPC	700519312	
MASAKA CPS		
DPC	707601013	
NYENDO-MUKUNGWE DISTRICT		
DPC	741445532	
KIMAANYA KABONERA DIVISION		
DPC	741559744	
MASAKA RURAL		
DPC	700816688	
KALUNGU DISTRICT		
DPC	754887313	
KALANGALA DISTRICT		
DPC	754887244	
SSEMBABULE DISTRICT		
DPC	707101554	
BUKOMANSIMBI		
DPC	754887497	
RAKAI DISTRICT		
DPC	707712169	
KYOTERA		
DPC	750308121	
LWENGO DISTRICT		

DPC	700519297	
LYANTONDE DISTRICT		
DPC	707101490	
15.KATONGA REGION		
RPC	702012980	782186453
MPIGI		
DPC	700373112	
BUTAMBALA		
DPC	702693868	
GOMBA		
DPC	705731592	
16.KIDEPO REGION		
RPC	706524447	781405084
ABIM		
DPC	707601048	781405168
KARENGA		
DPC	707601043	776478677
KOTIDO		
DPC	701537273	781405138
KAABONG		
DPC	700816736	781405141
17.KIGEZI		
RPC		782552601
KISORO		
DPC	706640038	781406037
RUKUNGIRI		
DPC		781405913
KANUNGU		
DPC		781405957
RUKIGA		
DPC	707712003	781406185
KABALE		
DPC		782231944
RUBANDA		
DPC		781406089
18.KIIRA		
RPC	707772740	
KIIRA EAST-KAKIRA		
DPC	707876569	
KIIRA CENTRAL-JINJA		
DPC	707876568	
KIIRA NORTH-BUWENGE		
DPC	707876570	
19.MT.MOROTO REGION		
RPC	757710990	
MOROTO		
DPC	757711181	
NAKAPIRIPIRIT		
DPC	700816784	
AMUDAT		
DPC	750308212	781405656
NAPAK		
DPC	757711547	776478836
NABILATUK		
DPC	701537102	
20.NORTH KYOGA REGION		
RPC	707712119	
ALEBTONG		
DPC	703001163	
AMOLATAR		
DPC	707712081	
APAC		
DPC	707712177	
DOKOLO		
DPC	707601064	
KOLE		
DPC	707712182	
KWANIA		



FIELD COMMANDERS

DPC	707600484	781404882
LIRA CENTRAL		
DPC	702712175	
LIRA EAST		
DPC	740439351	
LIRA RURAL		
DPC	740439182	
LIRA WEST		
DPC	741871190	
OTUKE		
DPC	707712072	
OYAM		
DPC	707712057	
21. NORTH WEST NILE REGION		
RPC	757430400	772656255
MOYO		
DPC	752293120	782293120
OBONGI		
DPC	751616740	776771683
ADJUMANI		
DPC	702819764	782818764
YUMBE		
DPC	704227063	776227063
22. RWENZORI EAST REGION		
RPC	0750300856	
RCLO	740439603	
C/FPU	0753172712	
KASESE		
DPC	0750308132	
HIMA DIV		
DPC	0741999807	
BWERA DIV		
DPC	0757719703	
KATWE KABATORO		
DPC	750308193	
23. RWENZORI WEST		
RPC	707772919	
KYEGEWA		
DPC	707712052	
BUNYANGABU		
DPC	757720400	
BUNDIBUGYO		
DPC	741566047	776478455
NTOROKO		
DPC		776771431
KITAGWENDA		
DPC	707101542	
KAMWENGE		
DPC	700816642	776478450
KYENJOJO		
DPC	707716072	
KABAROLE		
DPC		776479061
FORTPORTAL CENTRAL		
DPC	740439854	
FORTPORTAL EAST		
DPC	740440255	
FORTPORTAL NORTH		
DPC	740440327	
24. RWIZI REGION		
RPC	707772839	
MBARARA CENTRAL		
DPC	707876696	
MBARARA RURAL		
DPC	740439696	
MBARARA NORTH		
DPC	740439761	
MBARARA SOUTH		
DPC	740439803	

NTUNGAMO		
DPC	707600901	
IBANDA		
DPC	704440740	
KIRUHURA		
DPC	707772862	
ISINGIRO		
DPC	704440753	
RWAMPARA		
DPC	707772907	
KAZO		
DPC	741445626	
25. SAVANNAH		
RPC		781405535
LUWERO		
DPC	707600467	
NAKASEKE		
DPC	700816827	
NAKASONGOLA		
DPC	741566133	
26. SEZIBWA REGION		
RPC	707601061	
BUIKWE		
DPC	741566272	
BUVUMA		
DPC	707600941	
KAYUNGA		
DPC	741559705	
NJERU		
DPC	741559713	
27. SIPI REGION		
RPC SIPI	700519274	781405715
KAPCHORWA		
DPC	750145554	781405762
KWEEN		
DPC	706640177	
BUKWO		
DPC	706640179	781405781
28. WAMALA REGION		
RPC	757719965	
MITYANA		
DPC	706034158	
MUBENDE		
DPC	706034097	
KIBOGA		
DPC	706034050	
KYANKWANZI		
DPC	700519354	
KASSANDA		
DPC	753997744	
29. WEST NILE		
RPC	707600715	
ARUA		
DPC	754705962	
KOBOKO		
DPC	757710861	
ZOMBO		
DPC	757719484	776478168
MARACHA		
DPC	750143980	776478933
NEBBI		
DPC	741566277	
PAKWACH		
DPC	707707900	781406413
MADI-OKOLO		
DPC		779478876
TEREGO		
DPC		771636279

ARUA CENTRAL		
DPC	740440449	
AYIVU EAST		
DPC	740440379	
AYIVU WEST		
DPC	740440437	



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